
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 2nd August, 1909.

No. 843—1227.—The services of Mr. G. F. Hector, M.A., B.Sc., Supernumerary Botanist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for employment in the local Agricultural Department, with effect from the 14th July 1909.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd August, 1909.

No. 88.—Mr. F. Clayton, Executive Engineer, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer in the Central Provinces, with effect from the 26th July 1909.

No. 89.—Major A. C. de L. Joly de Lotbiniere, R.E., C.I.E., Executive Engineer, 1st grade, supernumerary, Minor Administrations List, held the rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, temporary rank, supernumerary, from the 13th June to the 29th October 1908, both days inclusive.

The 6th August, 1909.

No. 90.—Mr. T. S. Sankara Ayyar is appointed to the Superior Accounts Branch as an Assistant Examiner of Accounts, 3rd grade, on probation, and is posted to the office of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Burma.

No. 91.—Mr. P. C. Mole, Government Examiner of Railway Accounts, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. C. E. Ross, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th August, 1909.

No. 1511-I.B.—It is notified for general information that the following addition has been made by command of His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, to rule 6 of the Regulations respecting Foreign Orders published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1200-E.B., dated the 19th August, 1898:

"Persons in whose favour such Warrants are issued will be required to pay to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department a stamp duty of 10s."

No. 2602-Est.-A.—Lieutenant A. T. Wilson, Indian Army, is posted temporarily as His Majesty's Consul at Mohammerah, with effect from the 25th July, 1909, and until further orders.

The 5th August, 1909.

No. 1780-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. James Luke as Honorary Consul for Cuba at Calcutta.

No. 2616-Est.-A.—Mr. H. A. Close, officiating Inspector General of Police, North-West Frontier Province, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 20th June, 1909.

The 6th August, 1909.

No. 2634-Est.-A.—*Corrigendum.*—From the list of officers exercising political functions under the control of Local Governments who are entitled to wear civil uniform, published under Notification No. 1596-Est.-A., dated the 14th May, 1909, omit entry "No. 2, Assistant Political Agent, Manipur", under the heading "Eastern Bengal and Assam", together with the corresponding entry in the column "uniform to be worn".

S. H. BUTLER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Judicial.

Exemptions, etc.

Simla, the 30th July, 1909.

No. 3893-Exc.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), the Governor General in Council is pleased to reduce the fee chargeable under the said Act on applications for the settlement of fair rents under section 85 of the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908 (Bengal Act VI of 1908), to the sum of eight annas for each tenant making or joining or joined in the application, a group of joint-owners of a tenancy being treated for the purposes of this notification as a single tenant.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 5th August, 1909.

No. 3972-F. O. & A.—The privilege leave for ten days granted to Mr. J. W. Ebdon in the Notification in this Department No. 1989-F. O. & A., dated the 20th April 1909, has been extended by one day.

In line 3 of the Notification No. 3192-F. O. & A., dated the 23rd June 1909, published on page 513 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 26th June 1909, granting leave to Mr. B. W. Kissan, Assistant Accountant General, Burma, for the words "14th of April 1909" read "16th of April 1909."

No. 3979-F. O. & A.—In line 2 of the Notification No. 3420-F. O. & A., dated the 6th July 1909, published on page 547 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 10th July 1909, appointing Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in Class I of the Enrolled List, for the words "21st of June 1909" read "20th of June 1909."

The 6th August, 1909.

No. 3988-F. O. & A.—Mr. N. H. Hey, Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate in Class II of the Enrolled List of the Finance Department and is posted as Assistant Comptroller, Central Provinces, with effect from the 24th of July 1909.

No. 3992-F. O. & A.—The privilege leave for two months granted to Mr. A. M. Brigstocke, I.C.S., Officiating Accountant General, Madras, in the Notification in this Department No. 3198-F. O. & A., dated the 23rd June 1909, is extended by one day.

W. S. MEYER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.
POST OFFICE.*Simla, the 5th August, 1909.*

No. 5743—165.—Mr. H. A. Sams, I.C.S., Postmaster General, 2nd grade, in charge of the Bengal Circle, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the afternoon of the 29th July 1909.

Mr. W. T. vanSomeren, C.I.E., Deputy Postmaster General, 1st grade, and Inspector General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster General, 2nd grade, and to hold charge of the Bengal Circle, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. A. Sams, or until further orders.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th August 1909.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 733.—The services of Captain R. Scott, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force), are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General, Baluchistan, for employment as an officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 734.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Army in the rank of Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant Thomas Leeson Ball, The Suffolk Regiment, Supply and Transport Officer, 5th class,—21st February 1909.

(Army Department Notification No. 508 of 1909 is cancelled.)

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 735.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. Rooke, is granted privilege leave for two months and four days, with furlough out of India in continuation for nine months and twenty-seven days; with effect from the 18th July 1909.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 736.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated 13th July 1909, pages 5383 and 5384.

WAR OFFICE ;

Whitehall, 13th July 1909.

MEMORANDA.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) John L. Keir, C.B., a Brigade Commander in India, to be Major-General, *vice* F. Ventris. Dated 7th July 1909.

Brevet-Colonel Arthur R. Dick, Indian Army, Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, to be Colonel. Dated 31st March 1909.

The undermentioned Native Officer, Indian Army, is granted the honorary rank of Captain, on retirement :—

Subadar-Major Kirpa Ram Thapa, *Sardar Bahadur*, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 1st April 1909.

"*London Gazette*," dated 16th July 1909, pages 5461, 5470 and 5471.

CHANCERY OF THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER,

St. James's Palace, July 16, 1909.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointments to the Royal Victorian Order, to take effect from the dates noted :—

To be Member of the Fourth Class :

9th July 1909. Major Pomeroy Holland-Pryor, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse), in charge of His Majesty's Indian Orderly Officers (1909).

INDIA OFFICE,

July 16, 1909.

The King has approved of the following promotions among Officers of the Indian Army, Indian Civil Veterinary Department, Indian Army Departments, and Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and admissions to the Indian Army :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 23rd May 1909.

William Nelson Lushington, Supply and Transport Corps.

Vincent Francis William Tregear, 98th Infantry.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Leopold Henry Vivian Forster, Supply and Transport Corps, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 11th November 1908, but to rank from 15th May 1906.

Lieutenant Eric George Hart, Supply and Transport Corps, from the Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated 26th February 1909, but to rank from 1st September 1906.

Lieutenant Ernest Howie Saunders, D.S.O., Supply and Transport Corps, from the Royal Irish Rifles. Dated 24th November 1908, but to rank from 8th September 1906.

Lieutenant Horace William Francis Twiss, Supply and Transport Corps, from the Devonshire Regiment. Dated 10th February 1909, but to rank from 11th February 1908.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 17th May 1908.

Ambrose Boxwell, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Dated 19th May 1909.

John Matson, Assistant Director of Farms.

George Stuart Douglas, 18th Infantry.

Hay Stewart Mitchell, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Howard Murray, 5th Light Infantry.

Patrick Hope McCleverty, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Dudley Ridisford Hewitt, Army Remount Department.

Frank Walter Morton-Marshall, 130th Prince of Wales's Own Baluchis.

Alban John Reynolds, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

Gilbert Lewis, 38th Prince of Wales's Own Central India Horse.

Dated 23rd May 1909.

John Moran, 11th Rajputs.

Francis Henry Humphrys, Political Employ.

Cyprian Edward Borton, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

John Sterndale-Bennett, 107th Pioneers.

Arthur Pemberton Harrison, 116th Mahrattas.

Henry Hubert Dawson, 75th Carnatic Infantry.

Eugene Percy Forrest Shine, 116th Mahrattas.

Henry Law Harkness, Supply and Transport Corps.

Robert John Wingfield Heale, Political Employ.

George Lumley Whatford, 66th Punjabis.

Leo Francis Bodkin, 112th Infantry.

Dated 26th May 1909.

Clement Lee Cobban, 43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Morrell Andrew Girdlestone, 41st Dogras.

John Aloysius Brett, 116th Mahrattas.

James Farquhar Todd, 39th Prince of Wales's Own Central India Horse.

John Duncan McIntyre Flood, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Dated 16th April 1909.

Mervyn Edmund Parnell, 36th Jacob's Horse.

Gerald Edward-Collins, 33rd Queen's Own Light Cavalry.

Dated 16th May 1909.

Charles Frederick Gardner, 35th Sikhs.

INDIAN CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Dated 5th June 1909.

Frank Joslen, F.R.C.V.S.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Dated 22nd April 1908.

To be Commissary.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain James Muir Smith.

To be Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Philip Phillips.

The King has approved of the transfer to the Unemployed Supernumerary List of the following Officer of the Indian Army :—

Colonel John Monteith, C.B. Dated 24th June 1909.

The King has also approved of the retirement of the following Officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY:

Lieutenant-Colonel John George Downing. Dated 15th June 1909.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Alfred Wyllie. Dated 7th April 1909.
 Lieutenant-Colonel Kenneth Mackenzie Foss. Dated 10th June 1909.
 Major John Kendall. Dated 9th May 1909.
 Major, Herbert St. John Fraser. Dated 18th June 1909.
 Major Arthur Jeffreys Ralph. Dated 1st July 1909.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry George Luther Wortabet. Dated 22nd June 1909.
 Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Silcock, M.D. Dated 25th March 1909.
 Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Gervase Hendley. Dated 25th June 1909.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Arthur D'Cruz. Dated 17th April 1909.
 Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Joseph Hiscox Williamson. Dated 1st May 1909.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Commissary and Honorary Captain Otho D. Heathcote. Dated 17th June 1908.
 Commissary and Honorary Captain George Collins. Dated 18th March 1909.
 Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Henry Douglas Kettle. Dated 5th July 1909.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 737.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

12th June 1909.

Henry King, Commandant, 33rd Punjabis.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

20th May 1908.

Cecil Julius Hamilton Lyster, Supply and Transport Corps.

28th July 1909.

Cecil Herbert Tyrrell, 25th Punjabis.

4th August 1909.

Harold Ashe Murray, 30th Punjabis.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

25th April 1901.

Thomas Leeson Ball, Supply and Transport Corps.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 738.—Consequent on the retirement of Major A. J. Ralph, the following promotions are made, with effect from the 1st July 1909 :—

Major R. L. Morris, provisional Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Cantonment Magistrate.

Major J. H. Peck, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be Cantonment Magistrate, provisionally.

Lieutenant K. E. Anderson, provisional Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be substantive Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

Major E. T. Carwithen, Officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, to be Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, provisionally.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

HOSPITAL ASSISTANT BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 739.—The undermentioned 3rd class Hospital Assistants, having completed five years' service in that class, and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd class Hospital Assistants, with effect from the dates noted against their names :—

No. 1062, Shaikh Muhammad Husain (E),—10th July 1908.

No. 1108, Abdul Hakim Khan (E),—19th April 1909.

No. 1114, Badri-parshád (E),—19th April 1909.

No. 1124, Maula-bakhsh (E),—1st May 1909.

No. 1126, Parmanand Sharma (E),—7th July 1909.

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 740.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Lieutenant is conferred, on retirement, on Ressaidar Kamalud-din, *Sardar Bahadur*, Governor-General's Bodyguard. Dated 7th February 1909.

59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

No. 741.—Jemadar Parbat Chand, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 499 of 1907, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 20th March 1907.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

7th Mule Corps.

No. 742.—In Army Department Notification No. 693 of 1909, for "Kote-Dafadar Alla Dittar," read "Kote-Dafadar Alla Ditta."

No. 743.—The following promotions are made :—

14th Murray's Fat Lancers.

Ressaidar Ramji Lal to be Risaldar, *vice* Phul Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st May 1909.

Jemadar Bhola Singh (I) to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Phul Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Nihal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th July 1909.

Kote-Dafadar Sarwar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Chandgi Ram, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th July 1909.

2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Hanumantu to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhagavati, dismissed from the service with effect from the 7th July 1909.

130th Prince of Wales's Own Baluchis.

No. 744.—In Army Department Notification No. 556 of 1909, promoting Jemadar Abdul Amir to Subadar, for "1st March 1909," read "1st May 1909."

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 745.—In Army Department Notification No. 495 of 1909, for "1st May 1909" read "11th September 1909."

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse.

(Southern Regiment.)

No. 746.—Major George Rigg Fox, V.D., (Supernumerary List), resigns his commission, and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel with permission to wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 30th December 1908.

Major Charles Milne, I.M.S., to be Medical Officer to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th June 1909.

Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

(Artillery Companies.)

No. 747.—Lieutenant Charles Thomas Graham to be Captain, *vice* G. H. Evans, promoted. Dated 17th January 1909.

Second-Lieutenant Thomas Rennie to be Lieutenant, *vice* C. T. Graham, promoted. Dated 17th January 1909.

Edgar John Pullar to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* T. Rennie, promoted. Dated 17th January 1909.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 748.—Geoffrey Welsh Kellner to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1909.

William Douglas Bruce Watt to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1909.

James Melville to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1909.

William Wilson Tyndall to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1909.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 749.—John Howard Egan to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* C. M. Lucas, resigned. Dated 15th June 1909.

Simla Volunteer Rifles.

No. 750.—The appointment of Second-Lieutenant T. G. B. Waugh should bear date "6th May 1909," and not "4th May 1909," as stated in Army Department notification No. 702 of 1909.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 751.—Thomas Francis O'Donnell to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 13th July 1909.

Edward Francis Warne to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 22nd April 1909.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 752.—William Swithin Roberts to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 21st June 1909.

2nd Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 753.—The Christian name of Second-Lieutenant Richardson is "Alan" and not "Allan" as stated in Army Department notification No. 503 of 1909.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 754.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers :—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

Captain (Honorary Major) Philip Gordon Murray.

Captain (Honorary Major) Kenneth Smale Laurie.

CANTONMENTS.

TAXATION.

No. 755.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue in exercise of the powers conferred by section 26, clause (29), of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), is published as required by section 27, sub-section (1), of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor-General in Council on or after the seventh day of September 1909.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

Draft Notification.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rule for the service of notices in the Cantonment of Santa Cruz.

Rule.

(1) The service of every notice, and the presentation of every bill under the Santa Cruz Cantonment Taxation Rules, 190 , on any person or to any person to whom it is by name addressed, shall be effected by a Cantonment Officer or servant or other person authorized by the Cantonment Authority in this behalf,

(a) by giving or tendering this notice or bill to the person to whom it is addressed; or

(b) if such person is not found, by leaving the notice or bill at his last known place of abode, if within the Cantonment limits, or by giving or tendering the notice or bill to some adult male member or servant of his family; or

(c) if such person does not reside within the Cantonment limits, and his address elsewhere is known to the Cantonment Authority, then by forwarding the notice or bill to such person by registered post, under cover bearing the said address; or

(d) if none of the means aforesaid be available, then by causing the bill or notice to be affixed on some conspicuous part of the building, if any, to which the bill or notice relates.

(2) When any notice under the said rules is required or permitted by or under the said rules to be served upon an owner or occupier of any building it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier therein, and the service thereof shall be effected either—

(a) by giving or tendering the notice to the owner or occupier, or if there be more owners or occupiers than one, to any one of them; or

(b) if no such owner or occupier be found, then by giving or tendering the notice to some male adult member or servant of the family of any such owner or occupier as aforesaid; or

(c) if none of the means aforesaid be available, then by causing the notice to be fixed on some conspicuous part of the building to which the same relates.

(3) Every notice which the said rules require or empower the Cantonment Authority to give or to serve either as a public notice, or generally, or by provisions which do not expressly require notice to be given to individuals therein specified, shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given or served if a copy thereof is put up in such conspicuous part of the Cantonment office during such period, or is published in such local papers or in such other manner, as the Cantonment Authority in bye-laws in this behalf prescribes.

Defective form not to invalidate notice.

(4) No notice or bill shall be invalid for defect of form.

No. 756.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XIII of 1889), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Cantonment of Rawal Pindi, the provisions of section 55 of the Punjab Municipal Act (XX of 1891) in the adapted form set forth below :—

The Cantonment Committee may, by written communication, call upon any inhabitant of the Cantonment to furnish such information as may be necessary in order to ascertain whether such inhabitant is liable to pay any tax.

If any inhabitant so called upon to furnish information omits to furnish it or furnishes information which is untrue, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 6th August 1909.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 30th June and 3rd August 1909 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
1st Battalion, The Royal Irish Rifles.	2nd-Lieutenant Chaloner Cary Olive.	31st July 1909...	Maymyo ...	...	...

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 6th August 1909.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 39.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 16th June 1909 :—

To be Assistant Engineer.
William John Diamond.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th August, 1909.

No. 228.—With reference to Notification No. 162, dated the 21st May 1909, Captain E. N. Manley, R.E., is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 2, until further orders.

The 6th August, 1909.

No. 229.—Mr. D. Cardew, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, officiated as a District Locomotive Superintendent in Class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways from the 21st May to the 20th July 1909, inclusive.

No. 230.—Mr. G. S. Barnard, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway during the absence of Mr. U. C. Sandys on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 231.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 230, dated the 6th August 1909, Mr. N. A. Todd, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.



17.00.09

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 33.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1909.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 9th August, 1909.

No. 10.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 6th day of October, 1870, the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), were declared applicable to the districts comprised in the North-West Frontier Province as constituted by the Proclamation issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 5780-P., dated the 25th October, 1901, and the Proclamation issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 2104-F., dated the 6th August, 1902;

And whereas the Chief Commissioner of the said, North-West Frontier Province has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

(643)

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th day of August, 1909;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*, which is also the local Gazette for the said North-West Frontier Province.

REGULATION NO. II OF 1909.

Further to amend the North-West Frontier Province Law and Justice Regulation, 1901.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the North-West Frontier Province Law VII of 1901. and Justice Regulation, 1901; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Regulation may be called the North-West Frontier Province Law and Justice (Amendment) Regulation, 1909.

Short title.

2. Sections 60 to 69 of the North-West Frontier Province Law and Justice Regulation, 1901. Repeal of sections 60 to 69, Regulation VII, 1901, are hereby repealed.

J. M. MACPHERSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 4th August, 1909.

No. 2890.—The Governor General in Council directs that the following shall be substituted for Part I of the Schedule to the rules regarding the use of uniform by officers in civil employ, published with the Home Department notification no. 1970, dated the 15th April 1909:—

SCHEDULE.

OFFICES AND APPOINTMENTS THE HOLDERS OF WHICH ARE ENTITLED TO WEAR UNIFORM.

PART I.

Officers holding appointments in or under the Government of India.

Office and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
1. Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General.	The uniform prescribed for officers of the second class in the publication entitled "Dress worn at Court", Edition 1908 (extract annexed).
2. The President, Members, Secretary and Chief Engineer of the Railway Board. Secretaries, Joint Secretaries, Deputy Secretaries and Under Secretaries to the Government of India in the following Departments:— Home. Revenue and Agriculture. Finance. Public Works. Legislative. Commerce and Industry. Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy when not an officer of the Army.	
	First class, as shown in the "Description of Civil Uniform" appended.

Office and appointments.	Uniform to be worn.
<p>3. Heads of Departments subordinate to the Government of India, <i>vis.</i>—</p> <p>Comptroller and Auditor-General.</p> <p>Director-General of the Post Office of India.</p> <p>Director-General of Telegraphs.</p> <p>Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.</p> <p>Inspector-General of Excise and Salt in India.</p> <p>Inspector-General of Forests.</p> <p>Director, Geological Survey of India.</p> <p>Director-General of Education in India.</p> <p>Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.</p> <p>Director-General of Archæology.</p> <p>Inspector-General of Agriculture in India.</p> <p>Director-General of Observatories.</p> <p>Controller of Printing, Stationery and Stamps.</p> <p>Consulting Architect to the Government of India.</p>	<p>First class, as shown in the "Description of Civil Uniform" appended.</p>

The 13th August, 1909.

No. 3013.—The following telegram from the Secretary of State, dated the 5th August 1909, relating to the prohibition of the importation of all animals from India into Natal is published for general information :

Telegram dated London, 5th August 1909.

From—Secretary of State,

To—Viceroy.

Colonial Office report that importation of all animals into Natal from India has been absolutely prohibited in consequence of *sarra* in India.

MEDICAL.

The 6th August, 1909.

No. 935.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Drury, M.B., I.M.S., officiating Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician to the College Hospital, is appointed to officiate as Principal of that College and First Physician to the College Hospital, while continuing to officiate as Professor of Medicine in the College during the deputation of Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. A. Harris, M.D., F.R.C.P., I.M.S., as Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, or until further orders.

No. 936.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. T. Calvert, M.B., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Darjeeling, is appointed to officiate as Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Calcutta, during the deputation of Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. A. Harris, M.D., F.R.C.P., I.M.S., as Inspector General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, or until further orders, and as Second Physician to the College Hospital, during the deputation of Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Drury, M.B., I.M.S., as Principal of that College and First Physician to the College Hospital, or until further orders.

SANITARY.

The 10th August, 1909.

No. 1344.—The services of Major W. W. Clemesha, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

The 10th August, 1909.

No. 1340.—The services of Captain G. W. Maconachie, M.B., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

No. 1342.—The services of Captain W. H. Boalch, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment on plague duty.

JUDICIAL.

The 11th August, 1909.

No. 1130.—The services of Mr. H. L. Bell, Barrister-at-Law, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 6th September 1909.

No. 1132.—Under the provisions of section 5 of the Lower Burma Courts Act, 1900 (VI of 1900), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Robinson, Barrister-at-Law, at present acting as a Judge of the Chief Court, Lower Burma, to be a temporary Additional Judge of that Court, with effect from the 12th September 1909.

POLICE.

The 12th August, 1909.

No. 755.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for employment in the Assam military police :

Captain C. A. B. Hamilton, 2/3rd Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant G. F. Broughton, 2/2nd Gurkha Rifles,

Lieutenant S. W. Beeman, 2/6th Gurkha Rifles,

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 11th August, 1909.

No. 324.—The Home Department notification no. 297 (Ecclesiastical), dated the 23rd July 1909, is hereby cancelled.

H. A. STUART,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 12th August, 1909.

No. 919—101-2.—Major C. W. H. Symonds, I.A., Officiating Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India, is granted furlough on medical certificate for four months under Article 311 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 14th July 1909.

R. W. CARLYLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 11th August, 1909.

No. 92.—The following promotions are ordered in the Superior Accounts Branch :

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. J. H. W. Kruger ...	Assistant Examiner, 1st grade.	Deputy Examiner, Class II...	Temporary ...	1909. 4th May.
Mr. T. C. Fisher ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Examiner, Class IV, 2nd grade.	Permanent ...	13th May.
Mr. H. W. Schmidt ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Permanent ...	13th May.
Mr. W. F. Milne ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade, temporary.	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> ...	13th May.
Mr. N. C. McLeod ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	13th May.
Mr. L. S. Deane ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Permanent ...	13th May.
Mr. B. N. Mitra ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I, temporary.	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> ...	13th May.
Mr. M. R. Ingram ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	13th May.
Mr. W. A. T. Carnduff...	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Examiner, Class III ...	Temporary ...	4th June.
Mr. A. W. Smart ...	Deputy Examiner, Class I ...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	4th June.
Mr. H. P. Judge ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	4th June.
Mr. H. H. D. Butterfield	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Examiner, Class IV, 3rd grade.	Temporary ...	14th July.
Mr. W. R. Stevenson ...	Deputy Examiner, Class II...	Deputy Examiner, Class I...	Temporary ...	14th July.
Mr. C. Muirhead ...	Examiner, Class III ...	Examiner, Class II ...	Temporary ...	16th July.
Mr. J. E. Lacey ...	Examiner, Class IV, 1st grade.	Examiner, Class III ...	Temporary ...	16th July.

L. M. JACOB,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th August, 1909.

No. 1568-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 26 (b), Order V of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that summonses issued by Courts in British India under that Code may be served by any Civil Court of the Baroda State.

No. 1816-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1567-G., dated the 8th July, 1909, the provisional recognition of the appointment of M. Djelal Bey as Consul General for Turkey at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 2675-Est.-B.—The services of Lieutenant F. Curtis, 19th Lancers, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North-West Frontier Province for employment with the Frontier Militia, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 12th August, 1909.

No. 2733-Est.-A.—Captain C. T. Daukes, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is granted privilege leave for two months and one day combined with furlough for eleven

months and twenty-nine days, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 5th August, 1909.

No. 2736-Est.-A.—Captain J. B. D. Hunter, Indian Medical Service, on plague duty in Seistan, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of the current duties of the office of His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul, Seistan, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 5th August, 1909, and until further orders.

No. 2739-Est.-A.—Lieutenant F. M. Bailey, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for one year and nine months, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 28th July, 1909.

(Notification No. 2038-Est.-A., dated the 21st June, 1909, is hereby cancelled.)

The 13th August, 1909.

No. 2752-Est.-A.—The following substantive changes are ordered in the list of the General Cadre of the Political Department :

Consequent on the reversion to military employ of Lieutenant-Colonel C. Herbert, C.S.I., a Political Agent of the 1st class, and with effect from the 16th May 1909 :

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Archer, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 2nd class, to be a Political Agent of the 1st class.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. H. Godfrey, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 3rd class, to be a Political Agent of the 2nd class.

Major A. D'A. G. Bannerman, C.I.E., a Political Agent of the 4th class, to be a Political Agent of the 3rd class.

Major F. B. Prideaux, a Political Assistant of the 1st class, to be a Political Agent of the 4th class.

Major F. McConaghey, a Political Assistant of the 2nd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st class.

Captain R. J. W. Heale, a Political Assistant of the 3rd class, to be a Political Assistant of the 2nd class.

These appointments are made without prejudice to superior acting appointments, if any, held by the above-mentioned officers.

No. 1602-I.B.—Whereas His Highness the Nawab of Rampur has ceded to the British Government full and exclusive power and jurisdiction of every kind over the lands lying within the Rampur State which are occupied by the Lalkua-Kashipur extension of the Rohilkhand and Kumaon Railway (including the lands occupied by stations, by out-buildings, and for other railway purposes), and over all persons and things whatsoever within the said lands :

In exercise of such power and jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to provide as follows for the administration of justice within the aforesaid lands, namely:—

- (1) All laws for the time being in force in the Moradabad District of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh shall be in force in the said lands.
- (2) The Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh and all officers subordinate to him for the time being exercising executive authority (other than in connection with the administration of the police), within the Moradabad District, shall exercise the like authority within the said lands.
- (3) All Courts having for the time being jurisdiction within the Moradabad District shall have the like jurisdiction within the said lands.
- (4) The administration of the police within the said lands shall be vested in the Superintendent, Government Railway Police, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Section "C", Lucknow, who shall exercise within these lands the same police powers as he may for the time being exercise within railway lands in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, subject to the supervision of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Railway Branch, and the control of the Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, and in subordination to the other authorities to whom he may be for the time being subordinate when exercising those powers within the aforesaid railway lands in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

S. H. BUTLER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Simla, the 5th August 1909.

No. 3973-A.—In pursuance of Rule 22 of the Rules made by the Government of India under section 14 of the Indian Securities Act, XIII of 1886, and published in the *Gazette of India* of the 7th January 1888, page 6, the following list is hereby advertised of Securities lost or destroyed, in respect of which an order has been made for payment of interest pending the issue of a duplicate Security, or for the issue of such duplicate Security. All persons, other than the respective claimants named below, who have any claim upon these Securities should communicate immediately with the Comptroller General, the Treasury, Calcutta.

The list is divided into two parts,—Part A being the list of Securities now advertised for the first time, and Part B the list of Securities previously advertised.

N.B.—Under section 13 of the said Act, Government will be discharged from all liability in respect of these original Securities after the lapse of six years from (a) the several dates stated against them in the last column of the list, or (b) the last payment of interest on them, whichever date is the later.

A

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
Bom.11527 3½% 1865	R 500	Bai Ruttonbai J. Chenai	Nov. 1, 1902	Ruttonbai Jehangirji Chinoy.	955 D, dated 16-1-09	
078147 " 1842-43	500	Bromhomoyee Dasi	Feb. 1, 1905	Bromhomoyee Dasi	975 D, dated 22-1-09	
Bo27392 " 1854-55	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	June 30, 1904	Sakhubai	1123 D, dated 11-3-09	
Bo27399 " "	1,000					
Bo27400 " "	1,000					
Bo27401 " "	1,000					
Bo27402 " "	1,000					
338987 4% 1875	500	Ditto	May 1, 1893	Chutkojee	1155 D, dated 18-3-09	
338988 " "	500					
Boo8539 " "	500					
Boo8545 " "	500					
Boo8546 " "	500	Denomoyee Dabee	Feb. 1, 1906	Denomoyee Dabee	23 D, dated 6-4-09	
077732 3½% 1842-43	2,000					
025435 3% 1896-97	5,000	Shiv Sinhji	Dec. 31, 1899	Manek Lal Ghella-bhoy.	82 D, dated 24-4-09	
025436 " "	5,000					
045822 3½% 1865	8,500	The Receiver, High Court, Bengal.	May 1, 1904	Lal Behary Dutt	135 D, dated 12-5-09	
040150 " "	8,500					
045753 " "	5,000					
045755 " "	1,400					
045758 " "	2,000	Jnanendra Nath Mukherji	May 1, 1903	Kadumbini Ganguli	138 D, dated 12-5-09	
142527 " "	500					
036840 " 1854-55	500	Shama Pado Sreemany	June 30, 1903	Rasik Lall Ghose, Administrator to the estate of Romesh Chander Ghose.	196 D, dated 2-6-09	
012450 " 1842-43	500	Bhuban Mohini Dasi,	Aug. 1, 1897			
005490 " 1865	1,000	Administratrix of Romesh Chunder Ghose.	May 1, 1897			
005491 " "	500	George Alfred Barnett and Alexander Muirhead.	May 1, 1902	Bai Jarbai	132 D, dated 12-5-09	
†Bo20908 " "	1,000					

B

009710 4% 1835-36	500	Rajnarain Chatterjee	Mar. 31, 1875	Rajnarain Chatterjee	150, dated 13-6-78	Jan. 28, 1888.
025521 " "	2,000	Ram Zai Begum	April 1, 1890	Shaik Tufil Ahmed and Bismilla Begum, certificate holders to the estate of Ram Zai Begum.	449 D, dated 21-7-03	Feb. 13, 1904.
051414 " 1842-43	1,000	Burjorjee Framjee & Co.	Feb. 1, 1887	Administrator General, Bengal, administrator, estate of Raj Chunder Ghose.	13, dated 19-3-87	Jan. 28, 1888.
163788 " "	500	The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	Aug. 1, 1886	Rajeswar Paul	1986 D, dated 16-11-97	Feb. 5, 1898.
166525 " "	500	Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1887	Messrs. C. C. Dass & Co.	561 D, dated 19-8-02	Feb. 28, 1903.
038805 " "	2,000	Pundit Kanhya Lall of Etah.	Feb. 1, 1895	Pundit Kanhya Lall of Etah.	482 D, dated 10-8-98	Feb. 25, 1899.

† Half note—Duplicate has been issued.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
	R					
Bom. 5961 4% 1842-43	1,000	Sitabai	Feb. 1, 1897	Mussammat Rukhma-bai.	$\frac{650}{D}$, dated 9-9-01 . .	Feb. 8, 1902.
041796 " "	700	M. R. Saldanha . .	Aug. 1, 1899	M. R. Saldanha . .	$\frac{1050}{D}$, dated 13-1-03 . .	Aug. 15, 1903.
156814 " "	100	Raj Karisto Addy	Feb. 1, 1890	Butta Kristo Addy and Bolye Chand Addy, Administrators to the estate of Raj Kristo Addy.	$\frac{342}{D}$, dated 22-7-07 . .	Feb. 22, 1908.
156815 " "	100					
156816 " "	100					
156214 " "	100					
103626 " "	100	The Bank of Bengal .				
053524 " "	1,000	Ditto	Aug. 1, 1879	Yeshwant Moraba Waradkar.	$\frac{910}{D}$, dated 11-2-08 . .	Aug. 15, 1908.
B002927 3½%	500	Rao Bahadur Krishnaji Narayan Kher.	Feb. 1, 1897	Rao Bahadur Krishnaji Narayan Kher.	$\frac{1170}{D}$, dated 14-1-04 . .	Aug. 20, 1904.
B002928 " "	500					
B002929 " "	500					
B002930 " "	500					
B002931 " "	1,000	C. P. D'Cunha, B. X. Furtado and J. X. Fernandes.	Aug. 1, 1895	L. M. Furtado, Bombay	$\frac{126}{D}$, dated 4-5-04 . .	Ditto.
B4601 " "	500					
B4602 " "	100					
B4603 " "	100					
B4605 " "	200	B. X. Furtado, C. P. D'Cunha and J. X. Fernandes.	Aug. 1, 1894			
B4606 " "	500					
B4607 " "	500					
B260 " "	100					
B261 " "	100	The Bank of Bombay .	Aug. 1, 1895			
031678 " "	1,000	Govindrao N. Kelkar .	Feb. 1, 1901	Govind Narayan Kelkar.	$\frac{321}{D}$, dated 9-6-04 . .	Ditto.
041306 " "	100					
041307 " "	100					
041308 " "	100					
041309 " "	100	Govind Narayan Kelkar				
041310 " "	100					
041311 " "	100					
041312 " "	500					
041314 " "	500	Govind Narayan Kelkar				
041315 " "	500					
041316 " "	500					
041317 " "	500					
041318 " "	500	Faiz Mahomed Shah, Trustee for the Dargah, Sylamshah.	Feb. 1, 1897	Basharat Shah, certificate-holder, estate Faiz Mahomed Shah	$\frac{264}{D}$, dated 31-5-04 . .	Ditto.
045037 " "	500					
Non-transferable Note.						
041305 " "	1,000	Rukhmabai Kelkar .	Feb. 1, 1901	Rukhmabai Kelkar .	$\frac{321}{D}$, dated 9-6-04 . .	Ditto.
041320 " "	1,000					
041322 " "	1,000					
041313 " "	500					
041319 " "	500	Lakhmibai				
041287 " "	500					
041321 " "	1,000					
015359 " "	600	Kamal Kamini Dasi, certificate-holder to the estate of Baroda Kant Mazumdar.	July 31, 1899	Kamal Kamini Dasi, certificate-holder, to the estate of Baroda Kant Mazumdar.	$\frac{1007}{D}$, dated 6-12-04 . .	Feb. 18, 1905.
015360 " "	600					
015361 " "	600					
015362 " "	500					
015363 " "	500					
015364 " "	500					
015365 " "	500					
015366 " "	500					
015367 " "	500					
015368 " "	500					
015369 " "	500					
015370 " "	500					
015371 " "	500					
015372 " "	500					
015373 " "	500					
003796 " "	500					
031438 " "	500					
017645 " "	2,500	Nibaran Chunder Ghose	Aug. 1, 1899	Nibaran Chunder Ghose.	$\frac{756}{D}$, dated 15-9-04 . .	Ditto.
066127 " "	500	M. Robinson . . .	Feb. 1, 1902	M. Robinson . . .	$\frac{1149}{D}$, dated 20-1-05 . .	Aug. 26, 1905.
057854 " "	5,000	Lalabhai Dalpatbhai, Vaidal Lalubhai, and Jamnabhai Bhagoobhai.	Aug. 1, 1901	Lalabhai Dalpatbhai and Jamnabhai Bhagoobhai.	$\frac{756}{D}$, dated 8-11-05 . .	Feb. 24, 1906.
057855 " "	25,000	Bank of Bengal . .	Ditto . .	Kumar Banwari Mukunda Deb.	$\frac{794}{D}$, dated 16-11-05 . .	Ditto.
080638 " "	1,000					
B011399 " "	500	Bank of Bombay . .	Feb. 1, 1902	G. M. D'Sylva . .	$\frac{924}{D}$, dated 2-12-05 . .	Ditto.
062419 " "	1,000	The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.	Aug. 1, 1902	Jhoomack Lall . .	$\frac{104}{D}$, dated 5-5-05 . .	Aug. 11, 1906.
B017152 " "	100	P. Merwanjee . . .	Feb. 1, 1903	P. M. Dastoor . .	$\frac{232}{D}$, dated 21-5-05 . .	Ditto.
B009920 " "	100	Hermusjee Rustomjee Kanga.	Aug. 1, 1902	Dorabjee Edaljee Antia.	$\frac{726}{D}$, dated 13-9-06 . .	Feb. 16, 1907.
003798 " "	500	Jadu Pati Banerjee .	Feb. 1, 1904	Jadu Pati Banerjee .	$\frac{804}{D}$, dated 11-10-06 . .	Ditto.
B001993 " "	1,000	The Commercial and Land Mortgage Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 1, 1903	Pragji Kapoorchad	$\frac{841}{D}$, dated 23-10-06 . .	Ditto.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
085194 3½% 1842-43	R 100	The Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1902	Officer Commanding Divisional Supply, III Lahore Division, on behalf of Hafiz Abdul Karim.	927, dated 17-11-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
085195 " "	100					
085196 " "	100					
085197 " "	100					
085198 " "	100					
085199 " "	100					
085200 " "	100					
085201 " "	100					
085202 " "	100					
040106 " "	1,000	Kasim Ali, Administrator of Mahmud Ali (minor).	Aug. 1, 1902	Sheikh Kasim Ali, Administrator of Mahmud Ali and Omaid Ali (minors).	1275, dated 21-2-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
040109 " "	1,000					
040107 " "	1,000	Kasim Ali, Administrator of Omaid Ali (minor).	Aug. 1, 1894	Nolin Kumari Debi	241, dated 15-6-07	Ditto.
040108 " "	1,000					
020553 " "	1,000	Woopendra Nath Mookerjee.	Aug. 1, 1894			
054385 " "	500	Hari Das Sreemany	Aug. 1, 1902	Abinash Chandra Roy, and Amitra Lal Roy for self and as Guardian of Makham Lal Roy and Naini Lal Roy, minors.	241, dated 15-6-07	Feb. 22, 1908.
054385 " "	500	Hari Das Sreemany	Aug. 1, 1902	Ranchhodas Jiwan-das.	747, dated 14-12-07	Ditto.
039035 4% 1854-55	1,000	Hurry Pado Banerjee and Shama Pado Banerjee.	June 30, 1837	Hurry Pado Bando-padhya and Shama Pado Bando-padhya.	706, dated 24-9-92	Feb. 11, 1893.
055895 " "	1,700	S. Appu Row	June 30, 1889	S. Appu Row	1169, dated 13-3-94	Ditto.
055896 " "	1,300					
051998 " "	500	Kedar Nath	June 30, 1876	Ramdullary Bibi	520, dated 22-7-04	Feb. 18, 1905.
033952 " "	500					
033953 " "	500	Kaikhoshro K. Punthakey	Dec. 31, 1888	Framjee Nusserwan-gee Bottlewala.	552, dated 30-7-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
033954 " "	500					
041856 " "	500	The Bank of Bombay	Dec. 31, 1883	Nana Shiawaji, Administrator of Shiawapa Narsoo.	214, dated 3-6-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
032913 " "	500					
028261 3½% "	1,000	Shama Pado Sreemany.	June 30, 1899	Kissen Doyal Dutt	185, dated 20-5-03	Aug. 15, 1903.
028262 " "	1,000					
010397 " "	500	G. K. Sinclair	Dec. 31, 1897	G. K. Sinclair	920, dated 12-11-03	Feb. 13, 1904.
024149 " "	800	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1900	Romoni Mohan Basu	744, dated 24-9-03	Ditto.
002171 " "	1,000	Braja	Dec. 31, 1898	Benode Behary Shome, Administrator, estate, Braja Behary Shome.	1341, dated 26-2-04	Aug. 20, 1904.
049140 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1901	Panchanan Bhatta-charjee.	1399, dated 10-3-04	Ditto.
040755 " "	5,000	The Allahabad Bank, Ltd.	June 30, 1900	Nawab Takaiya Begum.	1471, dated 30-3-04	Ditto.
B2637 " "	100	B. X. Furtado, C. P. D'Cunha and J. X. Fernandes.	June 30, 1895	L. M. Furtado, Bombay.	126, dated 4-5-04	Ditto.
B000645 " "	500	J. L. Menzes	June 30, 1896	Romnaldodo Rozario Pereira.	217, dated 21-5-04	Ditto.
005883 " "	2,000	Dhonomoney Dabi, Administratrix of Shama Churn Bhatta-charjee.	June 30, 1901	Dhonomoney Dabi, Administratrix of Shama Churn Bhatta-charjee.	342, dated 11-6-04	Ditto.
005884 " "	1,000					
045082 " "	1,000	Shamapado Sreemany	Dec. 31, 1900	Nitto Money Dassi	406, dated 29-6-04	Ditto.
025033 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1898	Surgeon Lieut.-Col. D.N. Parakh, Administrator to the Estate of J. D. Parakh.	703, dated 31-8-04	Feb. 13, 1905.
B003867 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay				
B012018 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	Dec. 31, 1900	Jeevunjee, Merwanjee Cooper.	1387, dated 25-3-05	Aug. 26, 1905.
048744 " "	500	Shamapado Sreemany	Dec. 31, 1898	Sreemutty Kumud Kamini Kar.	324, dated 13-7-05	Feb. 24, 1906.
Non-transferable Try. Note.						
017825 " "	900	Krishnabai, Manager for the temple of Sree Dattatraya at Chanda.	June 30, 1896	Yadeo Samsheo Gosai, Pujari of the Temple of Dattatraya, Chanda, C.P.	553, dated 4-9-05	Ditto.
032269 " "	500	Bank of Bombay	June 30, 1901	Dr. Nagindas Pranji-vandass Mehta.	758, dated 8-11-05	Ditto.
047417 " "	500	Shama Pada Sreemany.	June 30, 1902	Jhoomack Lall	164, dated 5-5-06	Aug. 11, 1906.
047418 " "	500					
054952 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1903	Bagola Sundari Debi	230, dated 21-5-06	Ditto.
054953 " "	1,000					
014954 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1903	Bagola Sundari Debi	230, dated 21-5-06	Ditto.
054955 " "	1,000					
054956 " "	1,000	Bank of Bombay	Dec. 31, 1902	Bank of Bombay, Bombay.	380, dated 27-6-06	Ditto.
054957 " "	1,000					
006153 " "	1,000	Bank of Bombay	Dec. 31, 1902	Bank of Bombay, Bombay.	380, dated 27-6-06	Ditto.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
Boo2198 3½% 1854-55	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	June 30, 1899	Meherjee Dhunjee-bboy Kharas.	601 D, dated 12-11-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
Boo7173 " "	1,000					
Boo7392 " "	1,000					
Boo7462 " "	500					
053563 " "	100	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1899	Officer Commanding Divisional Supply, III Lahore Division, on behalf of Jamsetjee's sons.	627 D, dated 17-11-06	Ditto.
037622 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	June 30, 1902	The Hony. Secy., Gujrat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.	930 D, dated 17-11-06	Ditto.
037623 " "	1,000					
061703 " "	500	Sarat Chunder Mitter	June 30, 1903	Moty Lall Mitter	93 D, dated 1-5-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
041365 " "	100	Benoy Krista Hazra	June 30, 1903	D. Guru Bheema Row.	598 D, dated 28-10-07	Feb. 22, 1908.
038692 " "	1,000	Ellisetti Seshiah Setty	June 30, 1903			Ditto.
Boo2837 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	Dec. 31, 1896	Alibai Erachshah Karanjavala.	717 D, dated 4-12-07	
Boo2751 " "	500					
033347 " "	500	Shama Pado Sreemany	June 30, 1904	Soorajini Dasi, Administratrix to the estate of Doorga Churn Kassoby.	1051 D, dated 21-3-08	Aug. 15, 1908.
033348 " "	500					
070005 " "	500					
054706 " "	500	Shama Pado Sreemany	June 30, 1899	Sham Lal Sen, Guardian of Kumudini Dasi (minor).	195 D, dated 21-5-08	Ditto.
053385 " "	2,000	Shama Pado Sreemany	June 30, 1903	Kamini Kumar Das	102 D, dated 21-5-08	Ditto.
043881 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1902			
026262 " "	1,000					
079223 " "	1,000	Akhyo Kumar Das	June 30, 1903	Aukhyo Kumar Das	353 D, dated 4-7-08	Feb. 13, 1909.
054768 " "	1,000					
040601 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal				
080181 " "	5,000					
006995 " "	500	Tabitha Forrester	June 30, 1896	Tabitha Forrester	367 D, dated 13-7-08	Ditto.
Bo21751 " "	500	Jehangir Muncherji Patell	June 30, 1904	Shavakshaw Pestonji Acha-wala	447 D, dated 30-7-08	Ditto.
103146 4% 1865	500	Luchmee Chand Radha Kissen.	Nov. 1, 1877	Administrator General, Bengal, Administrator, estate of Raj Chunder Ghose.	13, dated 19-3-87	Jan. 28, 1888.
105488 " "	500	Deb Nath Sreemany	Nov. 1, 1878	Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Jejeebhoy and Peroshaw Merwanjee Jejeebhoy.	481 D, dated 27-7-91	Feb. 20, 1892.
275114 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1885			
204758 " "	500	The Bank of Bombay	May 1, 1892	Vinayak Chintamon Joglekar.	673 D, dated 7-7-96	March 6, 1897.
233713 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	May 1, 1894	Madhave Narayan Joglekar.	244 D, dated 11-6-98	Aug. 13, 1898.
234661 " "	1,000	Bama Sundari Gupta	May 1, 1893	Bama Sundari Gupta	422 D, dated 27-7-98	Feb. 25, 1899.
239872 " "	1,500	Ram Gopal	Ditto	Lalla Umrao Singh	579 D, dated 29-8-98	Ditto.
236070 " "	1,500	Thom. D'Souza & Co.	Nov. 1, 1893	Kissory Mohun Mookerjee.	993 D, dated 29-1-99	Aug. 26, 1899.
211000 " "	500	Rajendra Ganguly	May 1, 1891	Sreemutty Ganoda Dabee, surviving certificate-holder to the estate of Rajendra Ganguly.	1199 D, dated 30-1-00	Aug. 11, 1900.
035763 " "	500	G. H. Blaquiere, Exr. of S. Blaquiere.	May 1, 1893	Braja Bala Dabi alias Brojo Kumari Dabi, certificate-holder in the estate of Srinath Mukerjee.	376 D, dated 6-7-03	Feb. 13, 1904.
037855 " "	500	Doyal Chunder Saboojee				
245921 " "	500	Bank of Bombay	Nov. 1, 1893	Ramchandra Balwant Ambedkar, certificate-holder to the estate of Balwant Abaji Ambedkar.	601 D, dated 24-8-3	Ditto.
060874 " "	500	Moltan Chand	Nov. 1, 1876	Ramdullary Bibi	520 D, dated 22-7-04	Feb. 18, 1905.
060875 " "	500					
156422 " "	1,000	The National Bank of India, Ltd.	Nov. 1, 1882	Ghanasham Nilkanth Nadkarni.	703 D, dated 10-10-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
187065 " "	500	Deb Nath Sreemany	May 1, 1884	Russick Lall Mullick	224 D, dated 3-2-07	Aug. 17, 1907.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
	R.					
049951 3½ 1865.	500	Raj Lakshmi Debi, Executrix of Ishan Chandra Chatterjee.	Nov. 1, 1899	Raj Lakshmi Debi, Executrix of Ishan Chunder Chatterjee.	740/D, dated 13-9-04	Feb. 18, 1905.
049931 " "	1,000					
080329 " "	500	Benoy Kristo Hazra	May 1, 1899	Lucky Moni Dassi	833/D, dated 7-10-04	Ditto.
079908 " "	100	Shama Pado Sreemany			1064/D, dated 21-12-04	Ditto.
109232 " "	1,000	Annapoornabai Wakenkar.	Nov. 1, 1899	Annapoornabai Wakenkar.		
109233 " "	1,000					
097090 " "	200	M. Robinson	May 1, 1902	M. Robinson	1149/D, dated 20-1-05	Aug. 26, 1905.
113307 " "	300	Kailaseswari Debi Chowdhurani.	May 1, 1894	Surendra Chandra Roy Chowdhury, Administrator, estate, Kailaseswari Debi Chowdhurani.	1345/D, dated 13-3-05	Ditto.
045608 " "	7,500					
100334 " "	1,000	Shamapada Sreemany	Nov. 1, 1897	Sreemutty Kumud Kamin Kar.	324/D, dated 13-7-05	Feb. 24, 1906.
094839 " "	500		May 1, 1897			
025259 " "	500	Mahendra Nath Sreemany,	May 1, 1896	Kedar Nath Ghose	340/D, dated 15-7-05	Ditto.
068053 " "	1,000	Sashadhar Mukerjee			358/D, dated 22-7-05	Ditto.
073122 " "	500	Comptroller General		The Chief Supply and Transport Officer, Lucknow, on behalf of Sarjoo Pershad and Dhani Ram.		
095240 " "	500	Sarjoo Pershad and Dhani Ram.	Nov. 1, 1900			
080062 " "	500	Hurry Singh			582/D, dated 12-9-05	Ditto.
055321 " "	500	Annapurna Dassee and Gosto Lal Sen.	Nov. 1, 1899	Behari Lal Sain, Administrator, estate, Gosto Lal Sen.		
B001454 " "	100	Deepchund Nalchund	Nov. 1, 1895	Rastomjee Shapurji Bhownagary.	1109/D, dated 22-2-06	Aug. 11, 1906.
146457 " "	500	Bepin Behary Mookerjee	Nov. 1, 1902	Bepin Behary Mookerjee.	87/D, dated 23-4-05	Ditto.
143032 " "	500					
043735 " "	500	Jadu Pati Banerjee	May 1, 1903	Jadu Pati Banerjee	840/D, dated 11-10-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
043430 " "	500					
000797 " "	500					
119107 " "	500	V. Venkatroya	May 1, 1903	Pragji Kapoorchand	841/D, dated 23-10-06	Ditto.
070311 " "	1,000	The Bank of Madras			1029/D, dated 7-12-06	Ditto.
M006344 " "	1,000					
096820 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1901	Rajobala Debi, certificate-holder in the estate of Surendra Nath Ganguli.		
096821 " "	500					
096817 " "	500					
096531 " "	100	Ram Kristo Mookerjee	May 1, 1903	Moty Lal Mitter	93/D, dated 1-5-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
043932 " "	500					
002603 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	May 1, 1894	Nolin Kumari Debi	243/D, dated 15-6-07	Ditto.
002608 " "	500	Sir S. Ramasamy Moodelier, C.I.E.	May 1, 1901	B. Muneswamy Pillay.	279/D, dated 29-6-07	Ditto.
047659 " "	500			Abinash Chandra Roy and Amrita Lal Roy for self and as guardian of Makham Lal Roy and Nanilal Roy, minors.	538/D, dated 26-9-07	Feb. 22, 1908.
077742 " "	500	Troylucko Nath Roy	Nov. 1, 1902			
120584 " "	1,000	Nistarini Debi	May 1, 1903	Nistarini Debi	604/D, dated 29-10-07	Ditto.
B011613 " "	100	Sorabjee Framjee				
B024210 " "	100	Hargovandas Poonumchund.	May 1, 1902	Ranchhoddas Jiwan-das.	747/D, dated 14-12-07	Ditto.
031552 " "	5,000	Tincurry Devi	May 1, 1896	Poonra Chunder Ganguli, Administrator to the estate of Tincurry Devi.	800/D, dated 4-2-08	Aug. 15, 1908.
031059 " "	1,000					
116021 " "	100	Janhoba Monee Dassi	Nov. 1, 1902	Soudamini Dassi, certificate-holder, estate, Janhoba Moni Dassee.	5/D, dated 1-4-08	Ditto.
116022 " "	100					
116023 " "	100					
B025256 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bombay	Nov. 1, 1900	Mancherjee Meherwarji, Mulla Firoze, Executor of Meherwanji Shapoorji Mulla Firoze.	341/D, dated 3-7-08	Feb. 13, 1909.
B025258 " "	1,000					
092132 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Nov. 1, 1903	Akhoy Kumar Das	353/D, dated 4-7-08	Ditto.
092133 " "	1,000					
098695 " "	500	Thomas Richard Lardner.	Nov. 1, 1904	Thomas Richard Lardner.	468/D, dated 5-8-08	Ditto.
167810 " "	500					
167811 " "	500	Chugondas and Co.	May 1, 1905	Currimbhoy Jeevaje	682/D, dated 16-10-08	Ditto.
B041365 " "	1,000					
056600 " "	1,000	The Comptroller General	Nov. 1, 1900	Rabi Sahai	712/D, dated 22-10-08	Ditto.
008776 R4% 1879	500	Bursi Lal Abetchand	July 16, 1874	P. Durgachellum Modeliar.	1, dated 8-2-82	Jan. 28, 1888.

No. of the Note and name of Loan.	Value.	In whose name issued.	From what date bearing interest.	Name of claimant for duplicate.	No. and date of Comptroller General's order.	Date of publication under Act XIII of 1886 of list in which the Security was first mentioned.
	R					
029710 3% 1896-97	500	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1898	Panna Momi Dasi	$\frac{328}{D}$, dated 18-6-02	Aug. 7, 1902.
014173 " "	500	Prasanna Kumar Mitra	Dec. 31, 1898	Prasanna Kumer Mitra.	$\frac{1130}{D}$, dated 4-2-03	Aug. 15, 1903.
028151 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1898	Ramani Mohan Basu	$\frac{744}{D}$, dated 24-9-03	Feb. 13, 1904.
026823 " "	500					
038002 " "	1,000	Govind Narayan Kelkar	Dec. 31, 1900	Govind Narayan Kelkar.	$\frac{321}{D}$, dated 9-6-04	Aug. 20, 1904.
031871 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal } Jewanji Jamasji Mistry & Co.	Dec. 31, 1900	Govind Narayan Kelkar.	Ditto	Ditto.
031873 " "	1,000					
000499 " "	1,000					
031872 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1900	Rukhmabai Kelkar	Ditto	Ditto.
029194 " "	500	Ditto	June 30, 1900	Ganeshi Lall	$\frac{642}{D}$, dated 20-8-04	Feb. 18, 1905.
036005 " "	1,000	Ditto	Dec. 31, 1899	The Chief Supply and Transport Officer, Lucknow, on behalf of Ram Sarup.	$\frac{1270}{D}$, dated 23-2-05	Aug. 26, 1905.
036218 " "	300					
023478 " "	2,000	The Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, Madras.	June 30, 1902	The Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.	$\frac{28}{D}$, dated 7-4-05	Ditto.
032661 " "	500	The Bengal of Bengal	June 30, 1901	Brindaban Chandra Dutta.	$\frac{295}{D}$, dated 30-6-05	Ditto.
031804 " "	100					
034847 " "	500					
035109 " "	100					
035068 " "	100					
035902 " "	500					
030174 " "	100					
036197 " "	200					
037956 " "	500					
038403 " "	100					
037032 " "	200	The Comptroller General				
032724 " "	100					
040958 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	June 30, 1902	Bepin Behary Mukerjee.	$\frac{87}{D}$, dated 23-4-06	Aug. 11, 1906.
020041 " "	1,000	Kekhashroo Temooljee Moody.	Dec. 31, 1899	Kekhashroo Temooljee Moody.	$\frac{728}{D}$, dated 13-9-06	Feb. 16, 1907.
025899 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1901	Sarat Kumar Das	$\frac{875}{D}$, dated 5-11-06	Ditto.
025900 " "	1,000					
025902 " "	1,000					
025903 " "	1,000					
025904 " "	1,000					
030671 " "	500					
030672 " "	500					
030673 " "	500					
030674 " "	500					
022512 " "	500					
022658 " "	500	Maheshari Debi, Administrator of Mati Lal Banerji.	June 30, 1902	Panchanand Banerjee	$\frac{968}{D}$, dated 26-11-06	Ditto.
007251 " "	500	Omesh Chunder Dutt	June 30, 1900	Giridhari Lal Roy	$\frac{1126}{D}$, dated 10-1-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
028824 " "	1,000	Kassy Deen Singh	June 30, 1904	Debee Charan Sing.	$\frac{163}{D}$, dated 22-5-07	Ditto.
008311 " "	500	Koojya Lall Addy	Dec. 31, 1899	Nogendra Bala Debee	$\frac{173}{D}$, dated 23-5-07	Ditto.
008312 " "	500					
008314 " "	500	Ardesir Jehangir Parukh	Dec. 31, 1902	Ardesir Jehangir Pa ukh.	$\frac{447}{D}$, dated 24-8-07	Feb. 22, 1908.
022448 " "	500					
022266 " "	500			Abinash Chandra Roy and Amrita Lal Roy for self and as guardian of Makham Lal Roy and Nani Lal Roy, minors.	$\frac{538}{D}$, dated 26-9-07	Ditto.
008802 " "	500	The Agra Bank, Ltd.	Dec. 31, 1902			
005636 " "	500	The Bank of Bengal	Dec. 31, 1902	Nistarini Debi	$\frac{604}{D}$, dated 24-10-07	Ditto.
026190 " "	500					
042233 " "	500	Hari Dass Sreemany	Dec. 31, 1903	Rakhal Das Mukherjee.	$\frac{142}{D}$, dated 8-5-08	Aug. 15, 1908.
000256 4% Cawnpore-Farruckabad Railway Debenture.	1,000	Choubay Sadhari Lall	June 30, 1896	Collector of Cawnpore.	$\frac{760}{D}$, dated 18-3-94	Feb. 23, 1895.
†106868 4% 1842-43	5,000	The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	Aug. 1, 1892	Bajinath Goenka.	$\frac{1210}{D}$, dated 6-2-05	Aug. 26, 1905.
*166427 " "	500	Bank of Bengal	Aug. 1, 1886	Rai Narasinha Dutt Bahadur.	$\frac{452}{D}$, dated 11-8-05	Feb. 24, 1906.
*168034 " "	1,000	The Bank of Bengal	Feb. 1, 1887	Nara Sinha Dutt	$\frac{74}{D}$, dated 23-4-07	Aug. 17, 1907.
*168035 " "	1,000					
*036512 3½%	1,000	Surja Prasad Misra	Aug. 1, 1900	Surja Prasad Misra	$\frac{616}{D}$, dated 12-8-04	Feb. 18, 1908.
†Bop2904 " "	500	E. W. Proctor Sims	Aug. 1, 1899	E. W. Proctor Sims	$\frac{16}{D}$, dated 11-5-04	Aug. 20, 1904.
†Bop2905 " "	500					

of the several Provinces and the Reserve Treasuries and Presidency Banks. The usual statements, marked A and B, showing the comparison of the estimated minimum balances for 1909-10 with the estimates of previous years, are appended. In the table the total balances at the Presidency towns have been shown as usual in a lump sum in a separate column :—

[In lakhs of Rupees.]

		DISTRICT TREASURIES.										Head Offices of Presidency Banks and Reserve Treasuries	Grand Total.
		India.	Central Pro- vinces and Berar.	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Bengal.	United Provin- ces of Agra and Oudh.	Punjab and N.-W. F. Pro- vince.	Madras.	Bom- bay.	Total.		
1st April	1909	59	60	85	44	87	1,95	1,10	1,35	1,25	9,00	8,00	17,00
"	May	60	60	75	46	67	1,60	1,05	1,25	1,28	8,26	6,99	15,25
"	June	60	58	70	45	65	1,60	1,00	1,20	1,23	8,01	6,49	14,50
"	July	62	59	65	48	69	1,85	1,30	1,05	1,21	8,44	6,81	15,25
"	August	61	56	65	47	76	1,70	1,40	95	1,22	8,32	8,68	17,00
"	September	59	53	60	42	71	1,60	1,10	95	1,20	7,70	8,30	16,00
"	October	59	52	60	43	75	1,55	1,15	95	1,21	7,75	7,00	14,75
"	November	57	48	60	45	62	1,30	1,10	95	1,17	7,24	6,51	13,75
"	December	50	44	50	44	66	1,00	95	95	1,15	6,59	5,41	12,00
"	January 1910	53	46	60	38	68	1,35	1,05	95	1,15	7,15	5,10	12,25
"	February	55	49	70	44	69	1,50	1,20	1,20	1,40	8,17	5,83	14,00
"	March	60	55	75	50	67	1,70	1,15	1,30	1,40	8,62	6,38	15,00

3. The figures shown under District Treasuries represent the minimum balances estimated by the local Account Officers on the usual plan. The minimum for the 1st December 1909 is less by 4 lakhs than what was estimated for 1st December 1908, an increase of 5 lakhs in Bombay due to the guarantee of minimum balances at the branches of the Bank of Bombay opened at Sholapur and Jalgaon being more than covered by a decrease in Bengal due to smaller requirements. The estimated balances of the larger Provinces, *viz.*, the United Provinces, Punjab, Madras and Bombay, have been specially re-examined by the Accountants General at my instance this year. A small reduction in the figures for several months originally proposed has been found possible in Bombay, but the Accountants General, Punjab and Madras report that their Estimates do not admit of reduction and that considerable difficulty is already experienced in working down to these figures. In the United Provinces, the Accountant General has not proposed any reduction in the balances though past experience indicates that it is possible to reduce the actual balances on the 1st of any month much below the estimated minimum. The Accountant General's figures have been retained for the present, but he will be requested to revise the figures carefully when estimating the balances for the next year. The balances for all India have been estimated on the basis of the distributed Budget, the minimum on 1st December being taken at 12,00 lakhs.

4. The following table shows the actual cash balances at the Treasuries on the first day of each month during the past year and their distribution between the Reserve and

District Treasuries and the Presidency Banks, together with the corresponding figures of the preceding year :—

[In thousands of Rupees.]

	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	March closing balances.
1908-09.													
Reserve Treasuries . .	5,96,59	6,99,35	6,86,58	5,79,57	7,41,47	4,68,23	2,31,29	1,64,38	1,23,22	75,92	1,57,57	1,52,61	4,39,83
Presidency Banks (Head Offices). . .	1,93,16	1,85,52	1,50,21	1,47,52	1,83,94	1,78,60	1,74,13	2,16,34	1,59,79	1,66,34	1,54,05	1,47,76	1,62,29
District Treasuries . .	11,38,01	10,97,05	9,97,01	10,17,10	10,28,20	9,03,07	8,06,44	7,28,83	7,05,20	6,90,73	8,15,76	9,74,95	9,33,26
Total . . .	19,27,76	19,81,92	18,33,80	17,44,19	19,53,61	15,49,90	12,11,86	11,09,55	9,88,21	9,32,99	11,27,39	12,74,72	15,35,38
1907-08.													
Reserve Treasuries . .	3,31,10	2,77,94	3,70,95	4,64,64	5,17,82	5,99,08	8,40,37	7,22,63	4,39,00	3,20,44	3,07,67	3,44,22	5,96,59
Presidency Banks (Head Offices). . .	1,70,86	1,58,43	1,64,59	1,67,28	2,28,82	1,76,31	1,81,46	1,97,68	1,52,74	1,84,31	1,54,18	1,61,68	1,93,16
District Treasuries . .	10,47,28	9,83,97	9,41,02	9,41,48	9,67,56	9,10,43	8,89,71	8,62,30	8,57,59	6,79,44	9,02,10	10,72,17	11,38,01
TOTAL . . .	15,49,24	14,20,34	14,76,56	15,73,40	17,14,20	16,85,82	19,11,54	17,82,61	14,49,33	11,84,19	13,63,95	15,78,07	19,27,76
Difference . . .	+ 2,78,52	+ 5,61,58	+ 3,57,24	+ 1,70,79	+ 2,39,41	- 1,35,92	- 6,99,68	- 6,73,06	- 4,61,12	- 2,51,20	- 2,36,56	- 3,03,35	- 3,92,38

5. The year opened with a balance more than that of the previous year by 3,79 lakhs, but closed with 3,92 lakhs less. This worseness of 7,71 lakhs may generally be attributed to agricultural and trade depressions in the year 1908-09. As a result mainly of these depressions the net Treasury receipts from Railways showed a heavy decline of 3,14 lakhs. High prices of food stuffs involving the grant of compensation to low paid Government servants, the progress of police reorganisation, heavy grants-in-aid to educational institutions in some Provinces, larger expenditure under Courts of Law and on agricultural development, the grant of a bonus of one week's pay to all permanent employees on Rs. 50 a month or under in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the assumption of the Government of India by the Crown and larger drawings of his subsidy by His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan—all these increased the cost of Civil Administration by the large amount of about 3,04 lakhs. The transactions of District Funds further resulted in a smaller net receipts into treasuries of 1,44 lakhs, the net receipts from Post Office and Telegraph Departments were less by 99 lakhs in consequence mainly of heavier net withdrawals of Savings Bank deposits, the issues to the Military Department were higher by 70 lakhs and the receipts from the rupee loan of the year were less by 50 lakhs. In addition to these causes which adversely affected the Government balances, the discontinuance of the purchase and coinage of silver in 1908-09 resulted in a net reduction of 8,15 lakhs in the treasury receipts of new coin, as compared with the year 1907-08. But there were gains to counterbalance these losses. In the first place, Council Bill payments were smaller by 4,96 lakhs. Secondly, Civil Revenue was better by 2,88 lakhs, chiefly in consequence of larger land revenue collections in the United Provinces and larger net opium revenue. Thirdly, Loans and Advances showed a net smaller charge of 95 lakhs under takavi loans issued in the United Provinces and recoveries of loans granted in the previous year. And lastly, the net Public Works issues under Ordinary were less by 1,15 lakhs, chiefly owing to the absence of the issues in the previous year for outlay on Famine relief in the United Provinces.

6. The demand for Council Bills during the first five months of the year was very weak and the Home Treasury was replenished by transfers of £2 million or 3 crores from the Currency chest in London against equivalent payments to the Reserve in India. The proceeds of Bills during the next three months September to November were also insufficient for the requirements of the Home Treasury, and the Secretary of State withdrew a further sum of 31 lakhs (£205,000) from the Currency Reserve and 1.40 lakhs (£933,749) from the Gold Standard Reserve against corresponding credits to these Reserves in India, besides utilising the proceeds of a consignment of £240,240 worth of light weight gold coin and bullion remitted from India. The allotments of Council Bills in the closing months of the year were, however, heavy and admitted of the re-transfer to England of the amount thus utilised from the Gold Standard Reserve in aid of the Secretary of State's balances.

7. The chief feature of the year was the heavy worseness in the treasury transactions with Railways which involved a considerable strain on the treasury balances. The large cash balance with which the year opened, smaller payments of Council Bills and the retention in the treasury balances of the proceeds of sterling bills on London between their realisation and their payment to the Gold Standard Reserve on receipt of advice of payment of the bills from London resulted in the maintenance of easy balances during the months April to August. By the time the demand for Council Bills revived, the effect of the worseness in net Railway receipts had begun to be felt on the Treasury balances and October closed with a balance 1 crore less than the amount (*viz.*, 12 crores) considered as a safe minimum to be held on the 1st December, the period of our lowest balances. It was necessary to obtain a temporary advance of 4½ crores of rupees from the Gold Standard Reserve in aid of the balances during the months of November to February, which was repaid before the close of the year. Even after the advances thus taken, the months of November and December closed with balances which have not been reached in any year since 1900. The pressure on the balances was not allowed to appreciably affect those kept with Presidency Banks.

Absorption of Coin—Silver.

8. The following table compares the monthly consumption and the stock of silver coin (rupees and half rupees) during the year under report with those of the two preceding years:—

[In lakhs of Rupees.]

	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	Whole year.
Opening Balance—													
Treasury	6.01	6.06	5.60	5.71	5.61	5.67	4.43	3.81	3.56	3.44	4.43	5.24	6.01
Currency	25.18	25.29	26.28	27.09	30.05	28.54	28.56	29.37	29.05	27.56	27.82	29.48	25.18
Gold Standard Reserve .	6.00	7.29	8.87	11.79	13.50	17.25	18.08	18.08	18.65	17.98	15.73	14.98	6.00
	37.19	38.64	40.75	44.59	49.16	51.46	51.07	51.26	51.26	48.98	47.98	49.70	37.19
Closing Balance—													
Treasury	6.06	5.60	5.71	5.61	5.67	4.43	3.81	3.56	3.44	4.43	5.24	5.09	5.09
Currency	25.29	26.28	27.09	30.05	28.54	28.56	29.37	29.05	27.56	27.82	29.48	31.12	31.12
Gold Standard Reserve .	7.29	8.87	11.79	13.50	17.25	18.08	18.08	18.65	17.98	15.73	14.98	15.88	15.88
	38.64	40.75	44.59	49.16	51.46	51.07	51.26	51.26	48.98	47.98	49.70	52.09	52.09
Difference	-1.45	-2.11	-3.82	-4.57	-2.30	+3.0	-1.9	...	+2.38	+1.00	-1.72	-2.39	-14.90
Add—New Coins issued .	6	...	...	...	...	...	67	95	16	20	23	25	2,52
Deduct—Remittances to Mints for recoinage .	-14	-28	-22	-25	-16	-29	-14	-24	-10	-28	-15	-25	-2,50
Net absorption, 1908-1909 .	-1.53	-2.39	-4.06	-4.82	-2.46	10	34	71	2,34	92	-1.64	-2.39	-14.88
" 1907-1908 .	2.21	1.07	-1.46	-1.51	98	1,98	3.13	1.57	2.65	-64	-1.77	-4.29	+3.92
" 1906-1907 .	1.97	-3	-2.18	-1.41	2.96	4.44	2.06	4.25	4.37	1.17	45	-5	+18.00
Total stock (Treasury and Currency) at the end of each month—													Average.
1908-1909	31.35	31.88	32.80	35.66	34.21	32.99	33.18	32.61	31.00	32.25	34.72	36.21	33.24
1907-1908	20.03	20.83	24.07	26.83	27.76	27.57	26.27	26.25	23.86	24.62	26.74	31.19	25.50
1906-1907	20.14	21.61	25.34	28.27	27.05	24.35	23.58	20.90	17.16	16.67	17.27	19.63	21.83
Stock in Treasuries only—													
1908-1909	6.06	5.60	5.71	5.61	5.67	4.43	3.81	3.56	3.44	4.43	5.24	5.09	4.89
1907-1908	5.76	5.53	5.22	5.42	5.13	4.78	4.72	4.48	3.19	4.73	5.86	6.01	5.06
1906-1907	6.35	5.96	6.26	6.30	5.73	5.07	4.39	4.03	3.68	5.16	5.38	5.93	5.35

9. Owing to abnormal trade conditions, rupees and half rupees were returned from circulation during the year to the extent of 14,88 lakhs against 18,00 and 3,92 lakhs issued respectively during the years 1906-07 and 1907-08. There was no coinage from purchased silver during the year and the coinage of these denominations shown in the above table represented entirely the re-coinage of withdrawn coin. The stock of rupees in the Treasuries on the 31st March 1909 was one crore less than on 31st March 1908 and the stock in the Currency Reserve was six crores more. The balance of ten crores that returned from circulation passed to the credit of the Gold Standard Reserve in India against the value of demand drafts on London paid by the Secretary of State out of investments on account of the Reserve.

Absorption of Coin—Gold.

10. The following table gives the usual monthly detail of the gold transactions at the treasuries during the year:—

[In hundreds of Sterling.]

	Issues to Public.	Receipts from Public.	Net Issues.	Closing balance of gold in Dis- trict Treasuries.	Total closing balance of gold (coin and bullion) in Currency and Treasuries.
	£	£	£	£	£
April 1908	539,700	268,700	271,000	211,300	2,434,500
May "	539,000	255,500	283,500	205,400	1,802,600
June "	443,300	272,100	171,200	195,800	1,475,000
July "	391,400	292,200	99,200	200,500	1,478,700
August "	313,500	166,100	147,400	168,400	1,121,700
September "	272,800	129,700	143,100	122,400	556,500
October "	249,200	141,700	107,500	107,300	273,500
November "	176,800	137,000	39,800	93,900	208,100
December "	111,200	93,500	17,700	72,900	197,100
January 1909	173,000	115,600	57,400	86,900	125,800
February "	97,500	99,000	—1,500	83,400	118,600
March "	95,800	72,200	23,600	60,800	86,000
TOTAL	3,403,200	2,043,300	1,359,900	...	...

11. The stock of gold at the beginning of the year in Treasuries and Currency offices amounted to about £2,922,300 inclusive of £25,200 worth of bullion, while that at its end stood at £86,000 consisting entirely of sovereigns and half sovereigns. The amount of imported sovereigns received at the Currency offices during the period was only about £75,000 against over 5 millions received last year, while a sum of £240,240 in light weight gold coins and bullion was remitted to the Home Treasury. The net issues of gold to the public from Currency offices and Treasuries in the twelve months, therefore, amounted to about £2,671,100 of which about one half was issued from Treasuries and the other from Currency. Owing to the absence of imports of gold for trade purposes, the stock of gold held in Currency and Treasuries fell to less than £1 million in September and the issue of gold to the public practically ceased during the latter half of the year.

12. The total net treasury issue of £ 1,359,900 was less than that of the previous year by about £ 1,445,000 and was distributed among the Provinces as shown below:—

Province.	Net receipt.	Net issue.
India	43,400
Central Provinces and Berar	36,300
Burma	203,100
Eastern Bengal and Assam	21,300
Bengal	31,500
United Provinces	451,100
Punjab and N.-W. F. P.	415,800
Madras	76,300
Bombay	81,100
TOTAL	1,359,900

The demand for gold continued to be high during the year especially in the United Provinces, Punjab, Burma and Madras, and the low issue was due to the insufficiency of the stock in the Currency Reserve.

Movement of Funds.

13. The following table gives the usual details of remittances between the different Provinces and compares the net supplies to and requirements of each Province with those of the previous year:—

[In thousands of Rupees.]

	FOREIGN REMITTANCES.				FOREIGN SUPPLY BILLS.		Comparison with previous year. Net received more or net sent less+. Net received less or net sent more—.	VARIATION IN BALANCES.		Comparison with previous year, excluding variation in balances. Net received more or net sent less+. Net received less or net sent more—.
	Funds supplied to other Provinces.	Funds received from other Provinces.	Net received + Net supplied— 1908-09.	Net received + Net supplied— 1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-08.		1907-08.	1908-09.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
India General	23,08,06	32,40,66	+9,32,60	+17,67,32	-1,20,09	-1,14,85	-8,39,96	+2,13,36	-77,17	-5,49,43
Central Provinces and Berar	1,42,00	70,80	-71,20	-1,16,30	+32,30	+1,58	+75,82	-34,52	-7,27	+48,57
Burma	5,35,74	10,80	-5,24,94	-5,31,35	-44	-36	+6,33	-20,39	+6,72	-20,78
Eastern Bengal and Assam	4,91,94	1,52,90	-3,39,04	-3,26,07	-11,18	+7,58	-31,73	+20,33	-29,79	+18,39
Bengal	12,52,51	2,75,73	-9,76,88	-11,04,89	+74,42	+68,54	+1,33,89	+14,94	-46,70	+1,95,53
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	2,39,49	4,75,30	+2,35,81	+5,30,75	+23,51	+17,14	-2,88,57	+30,39	-23,96	-2,34,22
Punjab & N.-W. F. Province	87,18	4,46,72	+3,59,54	+2,84,24	+1,60,40	+2,53,87	-18,17	+78,40	-61,21	+1,21,44
Madras	5,93,94	2,19,95	-3,73,99	-1,06,32	+9,14	+9,28	-2,67,81	+1,14,00	-1,30,41	-23,40
Bombay	3,87,02	11,45,12	+7,58,10	-3,97,38	-1,86,28	-2,33,55	+12,02,75	-37,61	-22,59	+11,87,73
TOTAL	60,37,98	60,37,98	...	...	-18,22	+9,23	-27,45	+3,78,90	-3,92,38	+7,45,83

14. The figures in the last column of the above table give the variations in the local receipts or disbursements as compared with the preceding year. Column 8 gives the differences in the actual receipts from, or supplies to, other Provinces and the differences between the figures in columns 8 and 11 for each Province are accounted for by the variations in balances entered in columns 9 and 10.

15. As regards the local receipts or disbursements, the net excess receipts (+) or disbursements (—) in each Province as compared with the previous year and the heads under which they occur are exhibited in detail in the table below :—

[In lakhs of Rupees.

Receipts more or Disbursements less + Receipts less or Disburse- ments more —	India.	Central Provinces.	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Bengal.	United Provinces.	Punjab and N.W. Frontier.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
Civil Revenue—										
Land Revenue	+4	+6	+23	—4	+1	+1,27	—3	+6	—3	+1,57
Opium (net) . . . . .	...	—1	...	...	—16	+57	+1	+4	+1,18	+1,63
Salt	—9	...	...	+1	+4	+7	+2	—16	...	—11
Stamps . . . . .	...	+2	...	+1	...	+2	+4	+4	...	+13
Excise	+3	—7	—2	+2	—1	—4	+6	+25	+3	+26
Customs . . . . .	...	...	—12	...	—24	...	...	+5	+4	—27
Forest (net)	—3	—4	—2	—1	—1	—3	+1	...	—2	—15
Other Civil Revenue	—29	...	+1	+2	+3	+9	+8	+5	—16	—17
Civil Expenditure	—40	—25	—26	—21	—41	—76	—21	—21	—33	—3,04
New Rupee Loan	+66	+11	...	...	...	—3	+5	+10	—1,39	—50
Deposits of District Funds . . . . .	...	—10	—13	—11	—17	—21	—8	—49	—15	—1,44
Difference between value of Demand Bills on London received and payments to the Gold Standard Reserve	+1,65	...	...	...	...	...	...	+23	—1,88	...
Profits of Rupee Coinage	—1,18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—2,19	—2,37
Payments to the Gold Standard Reserve of Coinage profits	+2,14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+2,14
Loans and Advances	+36	—5	+3	+11	—96	+1,72	—4	—6	—16	+95
Post Office Receipts (net)	+19	—10	+17	+9	—6	—13	+16	+2	—89	—55
Telegraph Issues (net)	—1	—1	—7	—2	—8	—2	—4	—6	—13	—44
Military Issues (net)	—8	—3	—3	—1	+1	—15	—57	+8	+8	—70
Public Works, Ordinary (net)	+3	—6	+34	—4	+19	+46	—5	+4	+24	+1,15
„ Railways (net)	—39	+1	+8	—4	—4	—71	—22	+57	—2,40	—3,14
Council Bills	+4,71	...	...	...	...	...	...	—35	+60	+4,96
Transfer through Currency between England and India	+29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	+29
Gold Remittance to London . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—36	—36
Purchase of Silver	—2,68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—4,24	—6,92
Other items	+54	+4	...	+4	—10	+22	—40	+3	+28	+65
TOTAL	+5,49	—48	+21	—18	—1,06	+2,34	—1,21	+23	—11,88	—7,44

16. It will be seen from the above table that, in the net result of treasury transactions, the most important variations occurred in India and Bombay. Neglecting the transactions on account of purchase of silver and rupee coinage, India showed an increase of 7,21 lakhs in the net treasury receipts, due chiefly to smaller payments of Council bills (4,71 lakhs), receipts from the sale of sterling bills on London in excess of payments to the Gold Standard Reserve (1,65 lakhs) and larger receipts from the rupee loan of the year (66 lakhs). In Bombay, on the other hand, the local transactions resulted in a deficit of 5,45 lakhs; the issues to Railways were larger by 2,40 lakhs, the receipts from the rupee loan were less by 1,39 lakhs, the Post Office and Telegraph Departments brought in a smaller net receipt of 1,02 lakhs, and there were payments to the Gold Standard Reserve to the extent of

1,88 lakhs on account of sterling bills on London issued at Calcutta and Madras. Against these worsenesses, there was an improvement of 1,18 lakhs in opium revenue owing to the advance payment of duty on Malwa opium intended for export in the years 1909 and 1910. There was a deterioration of 1,96 in Bengal the bulk of which occurred in loan transactions and was due to the grant of larger takavi advances owing to unfavourable agricultural conditions, to a special loan of 50 lakhs granted in Bengal and to the absence of a credit included in 1907-08 on account of repayment of a loan by the Calcutta Port Trust. Larger issues to the Military Department and to Railways, and an increase in Civil expenditure made the treasury transactions in the Punjab worse by over a crore; while, in the United Provinces, better land revenue collections and smaller net issues of takavi loans, due to the recovery of the Province from the famine of the previous year, mainly contributed to the improvement of 2½ crores. The variations in the other provinces were not important.

17. Details of the Interprovincial Remittances shewn in the Table under paragraph 13 are given in Statement C annexed to this report. As compared with the previous year, there was a decrease in the total amount of each kind of remittance except transfers through the Currency Department. The decrease in the movement of specie is attributable partly to the cessation of the demand in connection with famine in the United Provinces in the previous year and partly to the general falling off in the demand for coin owing to adverse trade conditions, the greater part of the remittance of coin that returned from circulation having been dealt with as on behalf of the Currency Department. The bulk of the decrease in the remittance of notes occurred in Eastern Bengal and Assam and Madras and was due in the former province to the transfer of home circle notes to local currency chests on account of the pressure for funds at head-quarters during the latter part of the year instead of their being remitted to the Reserve Treasury, and in the latter to the discontinuance of the practice of remitting Foreign Circle Notes as treasury remittances to the circles concerned. The fall under bills was the result of smaller demands at Calcutta for telegraphic transfers on treasuries in Eastern Bengal and Assam owing to the dullness in trade. The same cause accounts for the smaller transfers through Banks, while the increase under transfers through Currency was due to the pressure for funds during the latter part of the year to meet the drawings of the Secretary of State and local disbursements which necessitated the speedy concentration of district surpluses through the Currency Department. The amounts transferred from Bengal to India through the Bank of Bengal were less than in the previous year in consequence partly of the decrease in Opium revenue, partly of heavy payments of supply bills drawn by mofussil treasuries on the Bank and partly of short receipts on account of telegraphic transfers. The transfers from India to Bengal through the Bank of Bengal amounted to 65 lakhs and related mainly to a special loan transaction in the Bengal Accounts for meeting which aid was given from the India portion of the Government account at the Bank.

18. The following are the principal variations in the remittances by means of supply bills in the two years :—

- (1) The Central Provinces issued bills for 5 lakhs on Calcutta and 27 lakhs on Bombay against a total of 5 lakhs in the previous year, chiefly to replenish the balances of treasuries in want of funds on account of scarcity. No bills were issued at Calcutta during the year on treasuries in the Central Provinces.
- (2) The Foreign bill receipts in Eastern Bengal and Assam were nearly the same as in the previous year, but the payments were higher owing to larger drawings by the Accountant General, Bengal.
- (3) The large falling-off in the receipts in the Punjab is due to smaller issues of bills on Bombay, and Karachi. The receipts of last year were abnormally high owing to heavy demands for bills for remitting funds for which there was no local demand owing to the dullness in trade.
- (4) The smaller payments in Bombay are explained by the falling off in the drawings by the Punjab.

19. The following statement gives in lakhs of rupees the particulars of the more important Local and Foreign Remittances including Supply Bills:—

[In lakhs.]

[In lakhs.]

NATURE OF OPERATIONS.

DETAILS OF KIND.

Currency notes.	Specie.	With-drawn coin.	Supply Bills.	Bank Trans-fers.	Currency Trans-fers.	TOTAL.
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I.—Supplies drawn to Presidency Towns—

(1) To Calcutta {		From Ajmer and Sam-bhar
		" C. P. and Berar	...	...	1	...	15	1.55
		" Burma	...	...	1	...	...	39
		" Eastern Bengal and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	55
		" Bengal	49	...	7	1.18	...	5.34
		" the United Pro-vinces	69	2.15	21	26	...	3.90
		" Punjab	...	...	78	...	...	2.92
		" Madras Treasuries	...	...	...	...	...	1.37
(2) To Madras from District Treasuries including Coorg			...	4	...	...	...	37
(3) To Bombay {		From District Treasuries	48	70	...	1.54	3.62	6.80
		" Madras	68	14	18	72	46	13.14
		" C. P. and Berar	...	22	17	...	...	1.87
		" Other Provinces	5	...	5	...	91	4.05
			...	18	57	8	...	39
								1.01
								83

II.—Transfers between Presidency Towns—

(1) Calcutta to Madras	...	...	...	...	45	1.20	1.65
(2) Calcutta to Bombay	...	...	...	...	66	7.15	7.81
(3) Madras to Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	3.00	3.00
(4) Madras to Bombay	...	...	...	...	9	1.55	1.64
(5) Bombay to Calcutta	...	...	...	...	29	1.75	2.04
(6) Bombay to Madras	...	...	...	...	28	15	43

III.—Supplies sent from Presidency Towns to provinces and District Treasuries—

(1) To outlying Military and Political stations (Hyderabad, Indore, Nowgong, Quetta, etc.)	93	54	...	...	13	64	2.24
(2) To Central Provinces and Berar	20	20	...	...	20	25	85
(3) To Eastern Bengal and Assam	26	5	...	73	...	1.00	2.10
(4) To Bengal {	50	8	...	Opium Treasuries	50	58	1.08
				Other	1.01	99	2.58
(5) To the United Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	4.70	4.70
(6) To Punjab	...	3	...	92	...	4.40	5.35
(7) To District Treasuries in the Madras Presidency.	63	23	...	34	11	4.72	6.03
(8) To District Treasuries in the Bombay Presidency—							
Sind Treasuries	19	10	...	...	12	1.51	1.92
Poona and Aden	48	23	...	19	41	...	1.31
Other Treasuries	48	24	...	26	42	99	2.39

IV.—Local operations to supply deficit treasuries and trade centres and to collect surpluses at central stations—

(1) Central Provinces and Berar	11	1.04	...	34	...	3	1.52
(2) Burma	19	1.77	...	2.11	21	63	4.91
(3) Eastern Bengal and Assam	3	12	5	7	...	69	96
(4) Bengal {	...	Opium Treasuries	...	...	...	...	8
		Other	...	...	...	...	49
(5) United Provinces	3.44	1.15	42	27	...	12.91	18.19
(6) Punjab and N.-W. F. P.	2.19	67	...	67	...	10.14	13.67
(7) Bombay	20	38	...	...	...	24	82

20. The general result of the principal operations connected with the three Presidency towns is summarised below :—

		[In lakhs.]	
		Supplies drawn to Calcutta.	
From Bengal Presidency (net)	.	.	6,11
„ Burma	.	.	5,35
„ Madras (net)	.	.	1,35
			<hr/> 12,81
Less—Transfers to Bombay	.	5,77	
„ to other Provinces including India Treasuries (net)	.	7,23	13,00
			<hr/> —19
		Supplies drawn to Bombay	
From Berar	.	.	91
„ Madras Districts (net)	.	.	30
„ Calcutta (net)	.	.	5,77
„ Madras (net)	.	.	1,21
			<hr/> 8,28
Less—Transfers to other Provinces (net)	.	35	
„ Bombay Districts (net)	.	1,57	
			<hr/> 1,92
			<hr/> 6,36
		Supplies drawn to Madras.	
From Madras Districts and Coorg (net)	.	.	7,11
Less—Transferred to Calcutta (net)	.	1,35	
„ Bombay (net)	.	1,21	2,56
			<hr/> 4,55

21. The following points in the Resource operations of each province may be specially noticed :—

22. In India, there was a net transfer of 2,88 lakhs from the Bank of Bengal to the Reserve Treasury during the year against one of 6,60 lakhs from the Reserve Treasury to the Bank during the previous year. This variation is due partly to the sale of demand drafts on London, the proceeds of which were paid into the Bank of Bengal and subsequently transferred to the Reserve Treasuries pending eventual payment to the Gold Standard Reserve, and partly to smaller payments of Council Bills. The surplus accumulations at Ajmer and Sambhar amounted to 1,60 lakhs, of which 1,55 lakhs were withdrawn to Calcutta through the Currency Department and 5 lakhs in coin, chiefly whole rupees, were supplied to Indore. No specie remittances were required to be sent to Sambhar during the year, but, on account of a fall in the receipt of Currency Notes in Railway collections, notes had to be supplied to Ajmer, 4 lakhs worth from Calcutta and a smaller quantity from Bombay. The Indore Treasury which is in charge of the Bank of Bombay was supplied with Currency Notes to the value of 36 lakhs from Bombay, 1 lakh from the Punjab and 3 lakhs from the United Provinces in addition to 7 lakhs of coin from Bombay. 64 lakhs were transferred in aid of the Treasury balances from the Currency chests at Quetta and its sub-treasuries against opposite payments at Calcutta, the remittances to the chests amounting to 17 lakhs worth of notes and 23 lakhs in coin from Karachi. The Political treasury at Hyderabad was supplied with help to the extent of 21 lakhs in coin and notes from Bombay, and 13 lakhs were transferred from Calcutta by Bank transfers. Coorg was supplied with 14 lakhs and Nowgong with 6 lakhs from Madras and the United Provinces respectively.

The Resident in Nepal now keeps himself in funds, by advances obtained from the Nepal Durbar, against equivalent payments at par to the Nepal Representative in Calcutta; he obtained about half a lakh during the year under this arrangement.

23. In the *Central Provinces and Berar*, the amount transferred from Akola and Amraoti to Bombay was 91 lakhs against 140 lakhs in the previous year. Of the former, 25 lakhs represented the surplus of Buldana and Yeotmal treasuries drawn off to Akola and Amraoti by actual remittance amounting to 19 lakhs and by supply bills amounting to 6 lakhs. In addition to these remittances to Akola and Amraoti, 22 lakhs were remitted from these two treasuries to Nagpur and 4 lakhs were transferred to local Currency chests. The local remittances to Jubbulpore to meet treasury requirements amounted to 10 lakhs, and 14 lakhs were in addition drawn by bills on Bombay and Calcutta. Nagpur received remittances of 34 lakhs in specie from non-central treasuries in the Central Provinces.
24. In *Burma*, the amount of treasury surplus withdrawn to Rangoon showed a net increase of 21 lakhs. There was an increase of 7 lakhs in the remittances from District Treasuries through the Bank of Bengal, Rangoon, the Bank having taken up larger amounts at its branches at Akyab and Moulmein, and the remittances to District Treasuries were less by 14 lakhs owing to the discontinuance of the supply of sovereigns. The aggregate amount of supply bills and telegraphic transfers sold on Bassein at a premium of 2 as per cent was 1,29 lakhs, which was more than that sold in 1907-08 by 5 lakhs. It is stated that, although the increase is small, it represents a large increase of business, as prices ruled over 25 per cent lower than last year. Telegraphic transfers and bills for 9 lakhs only were sold on Henzada at a premium of 1½ as. per cent. against 21 lakhs in the previous year. The decrease is attributed to the general drop in prices and to the rice season having started late during the year under report. On the other hand, transfers on Myingyan showed an increase from 15 to 24 lakhs owing to good rains and a bumper cotton crop. The sale of supply bills and transfers on Rangoon at Mandalay and other treasuries was larger than that of 1907-08 by 52 lakhs.
25. In *Eastern Bengal and Assam*, there was a decrease in the amount of local specie remittances through treasury owing to larger transfers of surpluses to deficit treasuries through the medium of Currency chests. During the latter part of the year, it was found necessary on account of the pressure for funds at head quarters to transfer surplus Currency Notes to Currency chests, and local demand for notes is now met from the accumulations in the chests instead of by indents on Calcutta as formerly. 85 lakhs in coin were sent from several Currency chests to Dacca to meet the demands of the Bank of Bengal and for other requirements. The Bank took 58 lakhs only against 73 in the preceding year.
26. In *Bengal*, the specie remittances to the opium paying treasuries of the Behar Agency amounted to 66 lakhs against 52 in the previous year, of which 58 lakhs was given through Currency and the balance of 8 lakhs by an actual remittance. The increase in the supply to the opium treasuries was not however due to larger demands, but to the fact that, owing to heavy pressure for funds at head quarters, all available surpluses were transferred to the Currency chests, thus necessitating re-transfers when funds were required for expenditure. Local remittances to deficit treasuries showed an increase of 14 lakhs on account of larger demand for funds at Cuttack and Nadia owing to the prevalent scarcity. Remittances from Calcutta to District Treasuries also showed a net increase of 42 lakhs; there was an increase in the payments of supply bills at Calcutta and notes were sent to Treasuries in larger quantities to make up for decreased receipts in payment of Government dues.
27. In the *United Provinces*, the treasury remittances of rupees were specially low in 1907-08 on account of smaller revenue collections, while larger movements of coin in connection with the grant of takavi advances on a large scale caused an increase in the total amount of local currency remittances. These causes having ceased to operate in the year under report, treasury remittances exceeded those of the preceding year by 10 lakhs, while Currency remittances fell from 6.98 to 5.64 lakhs. There was an increase of 55 lakhs in the treasury remittances of Foreign Circle notes owing to a change of practice in dealing with these notes by which they were sent to the Remittance Treasury, Cawnpore without being transferred to Currency chests, as formerly. A practice was recently started in this Province to supply notes to bankers and firms through the medium of temporary Currency chests on a certificate that they were required for local circulation. It was, however, objectionable as these chests are opened only for resource purposes and are not intended to be used as the medium for such transactions, and has now been discontinued.
28. In the *Punjab*, the net amount of aid granted from Calcutta and Bombay amounted to 4.03 lakhs against 2.95 in the previous year. This increase was due to short collections of revenue and larger net departmental issues: the aid required from Calcutta and Bombay would have been greater but for large sales of supply bills on these places as well as on Karachi. There was a decrease of 37 lakhs in the local remittances of Currency Notes owing to smaller transfers between the Bank of Bengal, Lahore and the local Remittance Treasury.
29. In *Madras*, the net outgoings from the head office of the Bank of Madras rose by 19 lakhs, chiefly in consequence of larger issues to the Postal Department and to Railways. There was a net transfer of 3.20 lakhs during the year to Calcutta and Bombay through

Currency against one of 55 lakhs in the opposite direction in the preceding year. The withdrawals of District surpluses to Madras by Bank and Currency transfers rose by 73 and 58 lakhs respectively, while those by means of supply bills decreased by 29. The increase in Bank transfers and the decrease in supply bills were chiefly due to the transfer of the Government Treasury business at Guntur, Masulipatam and Coimbatore to the newly opened branches of the Bank of Madras; the surpluses are now taken by the Bank locally instead of their being withdrawn by bills. The increase in Currency transfers was the result of the pressure for funds at head-quarters during the latter part of the year.

30. In *Bombay*, the transfers between the Reserve Treasury and the Presidency Bank resulted in a net receipt of 4,00 lakhs by the Reserve Treasury against 1,41 lakhs in 1907-08; the increase was due to receipts on account of demand drafts on London and smaller payments of Council bills, partly counter-balanced by smaller receipts from the rupee loan of the year and a decrease in the net Railway receipts. The supplies from Bombay to District Treasuries were more by 1,02 lakhs, owing partly to a falling off in the net earnings of the North-Western Railway which necessitated larger remittances to Sind Treasuries and partly to larger issues to the Postal Department in treasuries in Bombay proper. The district surpluses withdrawn to head-quarters were likewise less than in the preceding year by 1,60 lakhs on account of the fall in the receipts of the North-Western Railway and the transfer of the Southern Mahratta Railway head-quarters from Dharwar to Madras.

31. The table below gives the details of the more important movements of specie in the Currency Department during the year:

[In lakhs of Rupees.]		
	Gold.	Silver.
1	2	3
From Calcutta and Agencies to Cawnpore and Agencies	15	37
From Calcutta to Madras and Agencies	7	60
From Calcutta to Rangoon	28	...
From Cawnpore to Calcutta . . . . .	...	12
From Bombay to Calcutta	30	...
From Bombay to Lahore and Agencies	58	...
From Bombay to Rangoon . . . . .	...	1,00
From Bombay to Madras and Agencies	72	...
From Bombay to Cawnpore	21	...
From Bombay to Karachi	3	15
From Karachi to Quetta	10	22
From Karachi to Peshawar and Lahore	14	...
From Ajmer to Delhi . . . . .	...	24
From Ajmer to Bombay . . . . .	...	55
From Lahore to Calcutta	4	60
From Lahore to Bombay . . . . .	...	40
From Lahore to Cawnpore . . . . .	...	20
From Lahore Agencies to Calcutta . . . . .	...	50
From Lahore Agencies to Bombay . . . . .	...	22
From Calicut to Madras . . . . .	...	7
From Madras Agencies to Calicut . . . . .	...	15

32. The gold remittances were sent to supply local demands, and, as observed in paragraph 11 above, they ceased by the middle of the year owing to the almost complete exhaustion of the stock of gold in the Currency Reserve. No large remittances of silver coin were necessary during the year to meet any trade demand and the remittances shown in the above table, with the exception of 24 lakhs sent from Ajmer to Delhi during the latter part of the year to meet the demands of the Bank of Bengal, and 1 crore from Bombay to Rangoon in view of the demands in the rice season, were undertaken solely on account of difficulties experienced in accommodating locally the surplus accumulations due to the large return of coin from circulation.

Small silver, nickel, copper and bronze.

33. Statement D, annexed to this report shows the absorption of these coins in the different provinces during the twelve months under review and in the two preceding years. Leaving out of consideration the smaller denominations of bronze coins, *vis.*, half pice and pie pieces, the demand for which is fairly constant from year to year, it will be seen that every denomination of small coin with the exception of the anna nickel piece has shown a return from circulation during the year 1908-09. This is due partly to the abnormal depression of trade that prevailed throughout the country and partly to the return by the public of part of the heavy issues of small coin in the United Provinces during the year 1907-08 and the earlier months of 1908-09 in connection with outlay on Famine Relief. Quarter and eighth rupees, anna pieces and single pice taken together show a net receipt of 8½ lakhs worth into Government Treasuries in India as a whole; Calcutta and the India treasuries show the largest net receipt, *vis.*, 19½ lakhs, while the treasuries in the United Provinces received no less than 14 lakhs more than they issued to the public. Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Bengal are the only Provinces in which any appreciable issue of small coin occurred, chiefly in connection with the rice, tea and jute industries and famine expenditure in Bengal.

34. Nickel coins to the value of 11 lakhs were issued during the year against 15 lakhs worth issued during the eight months August 1907 to March 1908. The coin continues to be popular, specially in Bombay and Bengal. The United Provinces and Burma are the only two Provinces in which there were net receipts into the treasuries; in the former, they were due to the return of famine issues while, in the latter, the coin is reported not to be favourably looked upon by the Burmese. In the earlier part of the year, the circulation of nickels in Burma appears to have suffered in consequence of a false rumour that they would be withdrawn from circulation and of the appearance of counterfeits. The rumour was immediately contradicted by Government, but with no appreciable effect on the circulation. The desirability of taking special measures in connection with the appearance of counterfeits is under consideration.

35. If the year under report had been normal, it would have been possible to estimate roughly the effect of the introduction of nickel coins on the demand for eighth rupees and single pice. No such estimate can be made at present owing to the impossibility of determining the precise causes of the net receipt of the latter denominations from the public. In view, however, of the general demand that existed for the nickel coin when there was none for every other denomination and of the fact that the total return of one-eighth rupees and single pice in the United Provinces is in excess of the issues for famine disbursements, it seems very likely that the nickel is gradually displacing single pice and probably also two anna pieces.

36. The copper double pice has never been popular owing partly to its inconvenient size, and there were indications that even the small demand that existed for it in Western and Southern India was falling off after the introduction of the anna-piece. It was accordingly decided, during the year under report, to gradually withdraw from circulation accumulations in Treasuries for which no demand was anticipated. Coin to the value of 2½ lakhs were thus remitted to the Mints during the year. The transactions with the public resulted in a net receipt of 1 lakh worth as in the previous year.

Shroff-marked and Other Coins.

37. The following statement shows the withdrawal of these coins and their remittance to the Mints for recoinage during the period under review, as compared with the previous four years :

[In thousands of Rupees.]

	India.	Central Provinces and Berar.	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Bengal.	United Provinces.	Punjab and N.-W.F. Province.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
1908-1909.										
Opening Balance—										
Shroff marked . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Light-weight, defective, etc.	24	3	28	5	8	55	71	39	16	249
1835 coin	12	2	12	7	24	18	57	10	5	147
1840 coin	1,61	72	1,67	75	1,83	2,56	6,97	2,31	1,40	19,82
TOTAL	1,97	77	2,07	87	2,15	3,29	8,26	2,80	1,61	23,79
Sent to Mints and Provinces—										
Shroff-marked . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	30	3	...	...	33
Light-weight, defective, etc.	13,22	24	2,54	57	1,93	20,37	9,99	6,79	2,26	57,91
1835 coin	1,51	16	23	55	1,77	4,31	3,06	72	61	13,22
1840 coin	19,62	4,93	3,01	5,70	17,70	57,46	41,03	13,98	15,11	1,78,54
TOTAL	34,35	5,33	5,78	6,82	21,40	82,44	54,41	21,49	17,98	2,50,00
Closing Balance—										
Shroff-marked . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Light-weight, defective, etc.	39	2	48	8	10	58	39	39	13	2,76
1835 coin	13	2	12	7	14	13	30	12	6	1,09
1840 coin	2,03	67	1,61	75	1,46	1,84	3,95	2,35	1,76	16,42
TOTAL	2,55	71	2,21	90	1,70	2,55	4,84	2,86	1,95	20,27
Net Receipts—										
Shroff-marked . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	30	2	...	...	32
Light-weight, defective, etc.	13,37	23	2,74	60	1,93	20,40	9,87	6,79	2,23	58,18
1835 coin	1,52	16	23	55	1,67	4,26	3,09	74	62	12,84
1840 coin	20,04	4,88	2,95	5,70	17,33	56,74	38,01	14,02	15,47	1,75,14
TOTAL NET RECEIPTS, 1908-09	34,93	5,27	5,92	6,85	20,95	81,70	50,99	21,55	18,32	2,46,48
" " " 1907-08	25,45	5,60	7,99	7,34	21,13	80,96	38,59	20,49	19,30	2,27,25
" " " 1906-07	29,79	5,31	7,07	8,58	21,89	83,75	56,19	23,58	24,33	2,60,49
" " " 1905-06	39,57	5,88	7,88	7,62	32,78	92,76	52,72	31,51	34,82	3,06,54
" " " 1904-05	43,10	7,44	11,78	6,33	45,44	58,19	57,99	38,69	35,35	3,44,31

38. The withdrawal of 1840 rupees was practically the same as in the previous year. The total withdrawal of these coins to end of March 1909 amounted to about 25,73 lakhs and that of 1835 coins to about 3,22 lakhs. The receipts of shroff-marked coins continue to be insignificant ; but there was an increase of 19 lakhs in the amount of defective and light-weight coins withdrawn from circulation. This increase and the absence of a reduction in the amount of 1840 coins withdrawn are mainly attributable to the greater quantity of rupees that were handled by our Treasuries and Currency Offices during the year.

Statement showing the Minimum Cash Balances in the Head Office of the Presidency Banks and the Reserve Treasuries at the beginning of each month of the years 1901-02 to 1909-10.

Year.	[In thousands of Rupees]											
	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.
India	1901-1902	R 238.00	R 317.00	R 536.00	R 544.00	R 208.00	R 322.00	R 215.00	R 154.00	R 141.00	R 344.00	R 337.00
	1902-03	485.00	318.00	363.00	271.00	245.00	286.00	202.00	132.00	126.00	188.00	182.00
	1903-04	282.00	180.00	147.00	229.00	275.00	323.00	339.00	179.00	165.00	217.00	215.00
	1904-05	316.00	228.00	187.00	257.00	364.00	394.00	301.00	264.00	229.00	287.00	276.00
	1905-06	425.00	315.00	283.00	338.00	366.00	381.00	360.00	253.00	270.00	378.00	367.00
	1906-07	467.00	429.00	483.00	438.00	598.00	531.00	374.00	291.00	270.00	378.00	376.00
	1907-08	466.00	442.00	489.00	593.00	474.00	310.00	299.00	329.00	307.00	330.00	331.00
	1908-09	520.00	358.00	362.00	565.00	542.00	474.00	460.00	342.00	305.00	362.00	345.00
	1909-1910	555.00	402.00	402.00	585.00	545.00	456.00	448.00	351.00	305.00	343.00	398.00
	1901-1902	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Bengal	1902-03	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1903-04	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1904-05	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1905-06	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1906-07	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1907-08	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1908-09	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1909-1910	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
	1901-1902	50.00	65.00	60.00	60.00	40.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1902-03	35.00	60.00	67.00	60.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
Madras	1903-04	55.00	70.00	60.00	50.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1904-05	55.00	60.00	60.00	50.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1905-06	55.00	65.00	55.00	50.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1906-07	55.00	65.00	55.00	50.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1907-08	55.00	65.00	55.00	50.00	35.00	30.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1908-09	75.00	65.00	60.00	65.00	40.00	35.00	30.00	40.00	45.00	45.00	60.00
	1909-1910	75.00	75.00	65.00	65.00	55.00	45.00	35.00	45.00	60.00	70.00	70.00
	1901-1902	210.00	240.00	200.00	200.00	140.00	145.00	147.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	150.00
	1902-03	145.00	140.00	145.00	140.00	140.00	145.00	145.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1903-04	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	145.00	145.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
Bombay	1904-05	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	140.00	145.00	145.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1905-06	140.00	140.00	140.00	145.00	140.00	145.00	145.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1906-07	178.00	177.00	221.00	233.00	240.00	202.00	169.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1907-08	175.00	177.00	221.00	233.00	240.00	202.00	169.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1908-09	175.00	175.00	215.00	230.00	235.00	195.00	165.00	140.00	140.00	170.00	170.00
	1909-1910	160.00	167.00	204.00	208.00	220.00	189.00	158.00	135.00	135.00	160.00	160.00
	1901-1902	556.00	632.00	805.00	814.00	398.00	507.00	402.00	344.00	335.00	539.00	557.00
	1902-03	576.00	528.00	578.00	481.00	430.00	471.00	387.00	322.00	321.00	413.00	422.00
	1903-04	391.00	400.00	397.00	417.00	429.00	508.00	524.00	369.00	360.00	470.00	455.00
	1904-05	431.00	448.00	488.00	417.00	549.00	579.00	486.00	454.00	424.00	512.00	510.00
TOTAL												
	1905-06	525.00	543.00	488.00	543.00	554.00	566.00	484.00	454.00	424.00	512.00	510.00
	1906-07	677.00	680.00	766.00	731.00	883.00	773.00	583.00	481.00	465.00	603.00	607.00
	1907-08	716.00	694.00	780.00	801.00	863.00	773.00	583.00	481.00	465.00	603.00	607.00
	1908-09	770.00	608.00	652.00	860.00	832.00	557.00	508.00	519.00	502.00	555.00	571.00
	1909-1910	800.00	649.00	681.00	868.00	830.00	724.00	670.00	537.00	505.00	547.00	595.00

C

Statement of Inter-Provincial Remittances from April 1908 to March 1909.

[In thousands of Rupees.]

PROVINCE.	Specie.	Currency Notes.	Bills.	Transfers through Banks.	Transfers through Currency Department.	Transfers, Bengal to India, through Bank of Bengal.	TOTAL.
Remittances issued.							
India	83,91	33,55	—50	1,11,90	20,14,20	65,00	23,08,06
Central Provinces and Berar	7,43	4,72	...	91,00	38,85	...	1,42,00
Burma	1,74	...	...	...	5,34,00	...	5,35,74
Eastern Bengal and Assam	6,90	49,64	42,89	...	3,92,51	...	4,91,94
Bengal	40,60	73,05	...	...	2,87,96	8,51,00	12,52,61
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	86,30	7,69	...	8,50	1,37,00	...	2,39,49
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	49,28	90	...	...	37,00	...	87,18
Madras	40,58	41	...	97,95	4,55,00	...	5,93,94
Bombay	35,69	68,92	4	57,37	2,25,00	...	3,87,02
TOTAL DEBIT	3,52,43	2,38,88	42,43	3,66,72	41,21,52	9,16,00	60,37,98
Remittances received.							
India	1,72,98	1,80,12	4	1,17,77	19,18,75	8,51,00	32,40,66
Central Provinces and Berar	21,50	20,50	...	50	28,50	...	70,80
Burma	10,80	...	...	...	...	...	10,80
Eastern Bengal and Assam	20,82	27,48	...	...	1,04,60	...	1,52,90
Bengal	10,12	3,55	42,39	...	1,54,67	65,00	2,75,73
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	5,30	...	...	...	4,70,00	...	4,75,30
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	6,72	...	...	...	4,40,00	...	4,46,72
Madras	9,60	2,30	...	73,05	1,35,00	...	2,19,05
Bombay	94,79	4,93	...	1,75,40	8,70,00	...	11,45,12
TOTAL CREDIT	3,52,43	2,38,88	42,43	3,66,72	41,21,52	9,16,00	60,37,98

D

Absorption of Small Coins.

[In thousands of Rupees.]

	India.	Central Prov- inces and Berar.	Burma.	Eastern Bengal and Assam.	Bengal.	U. P. of Agra and Oudh.	Punjab and N.W. Frontier.	Madras.	Bombay.	TOTAL.
2 RUPEES—										
Opening Balance	10.04	82	1.67	1.13	2.20	5.52	3.69	5.43	4.27	34.77
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	6.14	65	3.50	5.33	12	...	1.00	1.25	—12	17.37
Closing Balance	24.59	1.03	2.88	1.98	2.65	8.42	6.16	8.52	5.91	62.14
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	—8.41	44	2.29	4.48	—33	—2.90	—1.47	—1.84	—1.76	—9.50
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	1.79	89	3.35	7.69	—71	—1.13	—1.03	1.54	95	15.40
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	8.43	91	2.81	5.53	91	2.00	2.75	1.71	4.77	29.82
1 RUPEES—										
Opening Balance	6.04	97	1.70	72	1.81	2.97	2.38	4.78	3.57	25.54
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	—4.03	35	4.00	2.39	14	...	2.80	3.10	—12	8.63
Closing Balance	7.56	1.26	2.19	1.22	2.41	5.95	4.80	7.68	3.89	36.96
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	—4.95	6	3.51	1.89	—46	—2.98	38	20	—44	—2.79
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	1.75	48	4.76	3.15	—68	71	3.53	3.47	3.12	20.29
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	5.90	49	3.49	2.68	31	1.43	4.19	4.06	5.65	28.20
NICKEL ANNA PIECES—										
Opening Balance	29	22	35	22	23	2.50	53	1.99	1.20	7.53
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	1.19	1.65	50	1.16	2.46	—95	1.81	70	3.83	12.35
Closing Balance	16	92	1.22	49	69	1.85	1.14	1.29	83	8.59
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	1.33	95	—37	89	2.00	—30	1.20	1.40	4.20	11.29
Ditto ditto in 1907-08 (August to March)	2.17	58	44	50	33	4.32	1.20	1.10	4.65	15.29
DOUBLE PICE—										
Opening Balance	34	1.44	2	3	10	7	10	66	91	3.67
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	—54	—63	...	—3	...	—26	—8	—2	—93	—2.49
Closing Balance	10	73	2	1	5	5	3	59	66	2.24
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	—30	8	...	—1	5	—24	—1	5	—68	—1.06
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	—10	—22	...	1	—7	—2	—2	—10	—42	—94
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	—25	—4	...	3	—1	—16	—1	17	70	53
SINGLE PICE—										
Opening Balance	82	6.79	1.18	1.68	1.82	6.62	1.38	2.31	1.82	24.42
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	—5.20	1.42	1.70	4.70	3.11	—1.97	1.00	2.34	4	7.14
Closing Balance	3.17	8.31	1.67	1.46	2.27	12.62	2.53	3.47	3.31	38.81
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	—7.55	—10	1.21	4.92	2.66	—7.97	—15	1.18	—1.45	—7.25
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	2.54	80	1.83	6.76	4.79	5.61	1.75	2.31	14	26.73
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	—73	3.94	2.10	5.77	6.24	2.92	2.24	2.15	1.32	25.95
HALF PICE—										
Opening Balance	4	11	...	4	6	9	12	...	3	49
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	33	...	...	10	2	...	8	...	3	56
Closing Balance	4	8	1	5	7	12	13	...	5	55
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	33	3	—1	9	1	—3	7	...	1	50
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	27	2	1	12	4	2	8	...	1	57
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	34	—1	...	13	25	5	14	—1	9	98
PIE PIECES—										
Opening Balance	2	4	1	...	3	10	2	32	8	62
Receipts from + or Issues to—Mint or other Provinces . .	29	...	1	...	1	1	3	25	35	95
Closing Balance	5	4	1	1	2	8	3	23	13	60
Net Local Absorption in 1908-09	26	...	1	—1	2	3	2	34	30	97
Ditto ditto in 1907-08	31	...	1	1	2	3	3	21	20	82
Ditto ditto in 1906-07	7	1	1	...	2	4	1	41	14	71

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 11th August, 1909.

No. 4083-F. O. & A.—Mr. K. C. Biswas, Probationer in the Enrolled List of the Finance Department, attached to the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, is transferred to the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 26th of July 1909.

The 13th August, 1909.

No. 4117-F. O. & A.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department are notified :

With effect from the 1st of July 1909,

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in Class II (Old Scale) instead of in Class I of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 12th of July 1909,

Mr. H. J. Brereton to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. K. B. Wagle to officiate in Class III of Accountants General

and

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in Class I of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 20th of July 1909,

Mr. J. F. Graham to revert to Class II of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 24th of July 1909,

Mr. L. B. Ward to officiate in Class V instead of in Class IV of the Enrolled List (Old Scale).

W. S. MEYER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 11th August, 1909.

No. 1415-Accts.—The privilege leave granted to Brevet-Colonel G. A. Williams, I A., Controller of Military Accounts, in Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 763-Accts., dated the 5th May 1909, is converted into combined leave in and out of India on p. a. for one hundred and forty-two days from the 31st May 1909, the first sixty days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army—Pension service 34th year, commenced 10th September 1908.

R. A. MANT,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

Simla, the 9th August, 1909.

No. 5840—63.—Sir T. H. Holland, K.C.I.E., D.Sc., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year, with effect from the 20th August 1909, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. T. H. D. La Touche, a Superintendent in the Geological Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as Director, Geological Survey of India, during the absence of Sir T. H. Holland or until further orders.

B. ROBERTSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13th August 1909.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 757.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff :—

To be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Captain H. E. E. Procter, Commandant, Bombay Light Horse, *vice* Honorary Major T. W. Cuffe, retired. Dated 1st August 1909.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 758.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Army in the rank of Second-Lieutenant, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant Harold Selwyn Eliot, Royal Garrison Artillery, Supply and Transport Officer, 5th class,—1st July 1909.

No. 759.—The undermentioned officer of the Unattached List is admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the date specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India :—

Second-Lieutenant Eric Alister Hay Mackenzie,—22nd July 1909.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 750.—Captain L. Reynolds, I.M.S., to be Medical Officer, Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar, *vice* Captain E. A. Roberts, I.M.S., resigned. Dated 30th July 1909.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 761.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated 20th July 1909, pages 5540 to 5541.

WAR OFFICE,

Whitehall, 20th July 1909.

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MEMORANDA.

Major-General John E. Nixon, C.B., Indian Army, a Divisional Commander, to be Lieutenant-General, *vice* A. G. F. Browne, C.B., D.S.O. Dated 15th February 1909.

The promotion of Major-General Charles G. M. Fasken, C.B., Indian Army, which was notified in the Gazette of 7th January 1908, is post-dated to 11th December 1907.

The undermentioned Colonels (temporary Brigadier-Generals) Indian Army, Brigade Commanders in India, to be Major-Generals :—

Charles H. Powell, C.B. Dated 15th November 1907.

Edward S. Hastings, C.B., D.S.O. Dated 15th November 1907.

John C. Swann, C.B. Dated 21st March 1908.

Arthur Phayre, C.B. Dated 7th April 1908.

John W. G. Tulloch, C.B. Dated 1st May 1908.

Edward C. W. Mackenzie-Kennedy. Dated 9th June 1908.

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ORGANISATION.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 762.—James Campbell Mitchell to be Second-Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 763.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :

To be Brevet-Colonels.

11th August 1909.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Grey, Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Lowry Barnwell Acton, Judge Advocate General's Department.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

25th January 1908.

Thomas Leeson Ball, Supply and Transport Corps.

(*Army Department Notification No. 547 of 1909, in so far as it concerns Captain T. L. Ball, Supply and Transport Corps, is cancelled.*)

11th August 1909.

Charles Palgrave Woodward, 41st Dogras.

Edward Gavin Johnstone Byrne, 104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Kenneth Edward Anderson, 128th Pioneers.

Thomas Trevenen Oakes, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Francis Daniel Ross Seaton, 112th Infantry.

Ronald Jasper Cargill, 26th Punjabis.

Percy Douglas Campbell Johnston, 8th Rajputs.

John Cecil Macrae, 19th Punjabis.

Charles Lionel David Herbert Whitaker, 18th Infantry.

Ronald Campbell Ross, 6th Jat Light Infantry.

Christopher Horace Howell, 18th Prince of Wales's Own Tiwana Lancers.

George Frederick Underwood, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis).

John William Jerome Alves, 93rd Burma Infantry.

William Johnston, 2nd Battalion, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Harry Cuthbert Pulley, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzai Regiment).

Sidney Bernard Orton, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Douglas Vere Willoughby, 1st Brahmans.

Alan Faulkner Redfern, 2nd Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

William Neville Ryves, 16th Cavalry.

Maurice James Duke Young, Supply and Transport Corps.

Frederick George Greenstreet, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Ralph Curteis Jackson, 1st Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

6th April 1902.

Harold Seiwyn Eliot, Supply and Transport Corps.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Madras List.

No. 764.—Sub-Conductor Arthur Robertson to be Conductor ;

Sergeant David Turner to be Sub-Conductor ;

vice Conductor Richard Arnold Gregory, deceased ; with effect from the 19th May 1909.

No. 765.—In Army Department Notification No. 610 of 1909, for "Patrick David Fitzgerald" read "Patrick Fitzgerald."

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 766.—The undermentioned 3rd class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the dates noted against their names :—

Francis Xavier Mendis	}	—19th April 1909.
Frederick Russell Smith		
Arthur Robbins Duckworth		
Henry Duckworth		
Frederick Frank Rath Carreck	}	—30th June 1909.
Albert Wilhelm Truter		
Alfred Edward Hamlin		
Norbert Henry Carlos		
Arthur George Brown		

HOSPITAL ASSISTANT BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 767.—Second class Senior Hospital Assistant, ranking as Jemadar, J. Williamson, to be Senior Hospital Assistant, 1st class, ranking as Subadar ;

No. 1187, 1st class Hospital Assistant T. Govindasami Mudaliar to be Senior Hospital Assistant, 2nd class, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Hospital Assistant, ranking as Subadar, M. Venkatachalam Nayudu, superannuated ; with effect from the 25th July 1909.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 768 —With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer Good Service Pensions on the undermentioned officers, with effect from the dates specified :—

FROM THE 19TH JUNE 1908 IN THE ROOM OF MAJOR-GENERAL G. SIMPSON, INDIAN ARMY, DECEASED.

Major-General A. A. Pearson, C.B., Indian Army.

Commissions.

2nd-Lieutenant, 8th February 1870.

Lieutenant, 28th October 1871.

Captain, 8th February 1882.

Brevet-Major, 1st July 1887.

Substantive Major, 8th February 1890.

Lieutenant-Colonel, 8th February 1896.

Brevet-Colonel, 8th February 1900.

Colonel, 16th April 1903.

Major-General, 27th June 1904.

Appointments.

Regimental duty, 107th Foot, 8th February 1870 to 9th November 1875.

2nd Wing Subaltern on probation, Officiating Quarter Master, 24th Bombay Infantry, 10th November 1875 to 22nd April 1876.

Wing Subaltern and Officiating Adjutant, 24th Bombay Infantry, 23rd April 1876 to 15th October 1878.

Adjutant, 24th Bombay Infantry, 16th October 1878 to 10th March 1881.

(Station Staff Officer, Quetta, Kojack, Harnai, 1st August 1880 to 10th March 1881.)

Station Staff Officer, Kuch, and Officiating Adjutant, 24th Bombay Infantry, 18th February 1882 to 18th April 1882.

Wing Officer, 24th Bombay Infantry, 19th April 1882 to 22nd October 1885.

Officiating Wing Commander, Officiating 2nd-in-Command, Wing Officer, 23rd October 1885 to 2nd May 1886.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter Master General, 3rd Brigade, Burma Field Force, 3rd May 1886 to 31st December 1886, and 1st January 1887 to 21st September 1887.

Wing Commander, Officiating 2nd-in-Command, Officiating Commandant, 24th Bombay Infantry, 22nd September 1887 to 31st December 1893.

Commandant, 24th Bombay Infantry, 1st January 1894 to 7th February 1902.

Commanding Mombasa Field Force, 15th March 1896 to 30th June 1896.

(Officiating as Assistant Adjutant General, Sind District, and in Command of District, 7th July 1900 to 25th August 1900.)

(Officiating as Colonel on Staff Nasirabad in Command of Mhow District, Colonel on Staff, Southern Shan States, and Colonel on Staff, Cawnpore, 3rd May 1901 to 15th April 1903.)

Colonel on Staff, Multan, 16th April 1903 to 22nd January 1904.

General Officer Commanding, Derajat Brigade, 23rd January 1904 to 10th April 1906.

Officiating Adjutant General in India, 23rd May 1904 to 27th September 1906.

Officiating in command, Quetta Division, 22nd July 1905 to 18th February 1906.

Inspector-General of Volunteers, 11th April 1906 to 29th October 1908.

Commanding 3rd (Lahore) Division, 30th October 1908 to date.

War Services.

Afghan War, 1880—Medal.

Burma, 1886-87—As Deputy Assistant Adjutant General and Quarter Master General of the 3rd Brigade—Despatches. Medal with clasp. Brevet-Major.

East Africa, 1895-96. Medal.

Received thanks of His Majesty's Government. Brilliant Star of Zanzibar, Companion of the Order of the Bath, 24th June 1904.

FROM THE 7TH JULY 1908 IN THE ROOM OF MAJOR-GENERAL J. H. M. SHAW STEWART,
ROYAL ENGINEERS, DECEASED.

Major-General Sir C. H. Scott, K.C.B., Royal Artillery.

Commissions.

Lieutenant, 8th January 1868.

Captain, 23rd July 1879.

Major, 6th February 1885.

Lieutenant-Colonel, 6th February 1892.

Colonel, 6th February 1896.

Major-General, 1st April 1902.

Appointments.

Ordnance Department, India, 9th November 1878 to 12th November 1892.

Ordnance Consulting Officer for India, 13th November 1892 to 16th April 1895.

Deputy Director General of Ordnance, India, 17th April 1895 to 7th May 1895.

Officiating Inspector General of Ordnance, 8th May 1895 to 9th June 1895.

Inspector General of Ordnance in India, 10th June 1895 to 16th April 1900.

Ordnance Consulting Officer for India, 17th April 1900 to 5th March 1902.

Director General of Ordnance in India, 23rd March 1902 to 17th November 1905.

Member of Council of Governor-General of India, 18th November 1905 to 31st March 1909.

War Services.

North-West Frontier of India, 1897-98. Medal with clasp.

Tirah. Despatches. Clasp. C.B.

FROM THE 8TH SEPTEMBER 1908 IN THE ROOM OF COLONEL SIR A. G. HAMMOND,
V.C., K.C.B., D.S.O.

Lieutenant-General C. H. Des Vœux, C.B., Indian Army.

Commissions.

Lieutenant, 10th January 1872.
 Captain, 10th January 1884.
 Major, 10th January 1892.
 Lieutenant Colonel, 10th January 1898.
 Brevet-Colonel, 20th May 1898.
 Substantive Colonel, 5th June 1902.
 Major-General, 1st January 1904.
 Lieutenant-General, 7th April 1908.

Appointments.

Regimental duty with 37th Foot, 10th January 1874 to 7th October 1874.
 Wing Subaltern and Officiating Quarter Master, 4th Native Infantry, 1874-77.
 Quarter Master, 4th Native Infantry, 1877-78.
 Special Relief Officer, Mysore Famine, 1877-78.
 Received the special thanks of the Government of India and Commander-in-Chief in India.
 Adjutant, 4th Native Infantry, 1878-84.
 (Officiating Wing Commander and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 4th Native Infantry, 1881-84).
 Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Queensland, 1st July 1884 to 31st December 1891.
 Received the thanks of both Houses of the Queensland Parliament for services rendered when called out in aid of the civil power.
 2nd-in-Command, 36th Sikhs, 15th September 1891 to 29th January 1898.
 (Officiating Commandant, 36th Sikhs, 1892-93, and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 29th Punjab Infantry, 1893).
 (Officiating Assistant Adjutant General, Peshawar District, 1895-96, Officiating Assistant Adjutant General, Peshawar District, 1896, Officiating Commandant, 26th Punjab Infantry, 1896.)
 Commandant, 36th Sikhs, 30th January 1898 to 16th January 1902.
 (Colonel on Staff, Rawal Pindi (temporary), 1900 and 1901, Officiating Colonel on Staff, 1902, Kohat Kurram Force, 1902.)
 Colonel on Staff, Kohat Kurram Force, 1902-03.
 Brigadier-General Commanding, Kohat District, 1903.
 Major-General Commanding, Kohat Brigade, 14th February 1903 to 13th November 1907, Commanding 5th (Mhow) Division, 14th November 1907 to date.

War Services.

Dongola Expedition, 1896. Egyptian Medal—Medal.
 North-West Frontier of India, 1897-98—Despatches. Medal with two clasps.
 Tirah, 1897-98—Despatches. Brevet-Colonel—Clasp.
 Companion of the Order of the Bath, 24th June 1904.

FROM THE 4TH NOVEMBER 1908, IN THE ROOM OF LIEUTENANT-GENERAL G. HENRY, C.B., ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Major-General A. R. Martin, C.B., Indian Army;

Commissions.

Lieutenant, 2nd December 1874.
 Captain, 2nd December 1885.
 Brevet-Major, 1st September 1891.
 Major, 2nd December 1894.
 Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 28th August 1895.
 Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd December 1900.
 Substantive Colonel, 6th May 1899.
 Major-General, 22nd January 1904.

Appointments.

Regimental duty with 13th Light Infantry, 2nd December 1874 to 2nd February 1875.
 Regimental duty with 34th Regiment, 3rd February 1875 to 1st April 1877.

Officiating Wing Officer and Officiating Quarter Master, 5th Gurkhas, 2nd April 1877 to 26th September 1878.
 Wing Officer, 5th Gurkhas, and Adjutant, 27th September 1878 to 1st December 1885.
 Wing Officer, 5th Gurkhas, 2nd December 1885 to 16th May 1886.
 (Officiating Wing Commander, 5th Gurkhas, and Officiating 2nd-in-Command, 15th January 1886 to 16th May 1886.)
 Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, Bareilly, 17th May 1886 to 15th January 1887.
 Wing Commander, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 6th January 1887 to 31st March 1891.
 (Officiating 2nd-in-Command, Officiating Commandant, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 1889, 1890, 1891.)
 2nd-in-Command, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 1st April 1891 to 31st January 1892.
 Assistant Adjutant General, Punjab Frontier Force, 1st February 1892 to 24th September 1892.
 Assistant Adjutant General, Isazai Field Force, 25th September 1892 to 13th October 1892.
 Assistant Adjutant General, Punjab Frontier Force, 14th October 1892 to 27th November 1894.
 Assistant Adjutant General, Waziristan Field Force, 28th November 1894 to 3rd June 1895.
 Officiating Commandant, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 4th June 1895 to 2nd June 1896.
 Commandant, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 3rd June 1896 to 14th October 1897.
 Colonel on the Staff and Base Commandant, Tochi Field Force, 15th October 1897 to 14th November 1897.
 Assistant Adjutant General, 2nd Division, Tirah Expeditionary Force, 18th November 1897 to 8th April 1898.
 Commandant, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkhas, 9th April 1898 to 26th July 1898.
 Officiating Deputy Adjutant General in India, 27th July 1898 to 5th May 1899.
 Deputy Adjutant General in India, 6th May 1899 to 31st March 1901.
 Assistant Military Secretary for Indian Affairs, War Office, 1st April 1901 to 16th February 1902.
 Deputy Adjutant General, Bengal Command, 10th March 1902 to 3rd January 1904.
 (Officiating in command, Peshawar District, 23rd July 1903 to 31st December 1903.)
 Commanding Rohilkund District, 4th January 1904 to 4th October 1904.
 Commanding Bareilly Brigade, 5th October 1905 to 3rd April 1906.
 Adjutant General in India, 4th April 1906 to 3rd May 1908.
 Commanding 2nd (Rawal Pindi) Division, 4th May 1908 to date.

War Services.

Jowakai Expedition, 1877-78—Medal and clasp.
 Afghan War, 1878-80—Despatches (thrice). Medal with four clasps ; bronze star.
 Hazara, 1888—Clasp.
 Miranzai, 1891—Despatches—Clasp. Brevet of Major.
 Isazai Expedition, 1892—As Assistant Adjutant General of the Force.
 Waziristan Expedition, 1894-95—As Assistant Adjutant General of the Force. Despatches. Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel. Clasp.
 Tirah, 1897-98.—On Staff. Despatches. Medal with two clasps.
 Companion of the Order of the Bath, 26th June 1902.

FROM THE 12TH NOVEMBER 1908 IN THE ROOM OF LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR R. H. SANKEY, K.C.B.

Major-General E. DeBrath, C.B., C.I.E., Indian Army.

Commissions.

Lieutenant, 11th September 1876.
 Captain, 11th September 1887.
 Major, 11th September 1896.
 Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 18th November 1896.

Lieutenant-Colonel, 11th September 1902.
Substantive Colonel, 18th November 1899.
Major-General, 30th December 1903.

Appointments.

Regimental duty, 3rd Foot (The Buffs), 1876-79.
Regimental duty, 32nd Pioneers, 1879 to 1881.
Regimental duty, 24th Punjab Infantry, 1881 to 1882.
Quarter Master and Adjutant, 32nd Pioneers, 1883 to 1891.
Attaché, Adjutant General's Department, Army Head Quarters, 1891.
Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, 1892 to 1896.
2nd Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, 1896 to 1900.
1st Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, 1900 to 1903.
Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, 1902-03.
Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, 30th December 1903 to 18th March 1906.
Officiating in command, Aden Brigade, 19th April 1906 to 13th November 1906.
Commanding, Aden Brigade, and Political Resident at Aden, 14th November 1906 to date.

Special Services.

- 1892.—Member of Committee on Regimental Accounts of Native Infantry. Received acknowledgments of Government of India (Military Department No. 2915-F., dated 20th October 1902).
1893-94.—Special duty at Simla in connection with the abolition of the Presidential Army system.
1895.—Member of the Committee on Cantonment Fund Accounts.
1897.—Member of the Committee appointed to frame rules under the Cantonment Act.
1898.—Member of the Simla Transport Committee. Received the thanks of the Governor-General in Council (Military Department No. 3601-G.D., dated 24th March 1899).
1900.—Secretary to Committee on decentralisation of business, Army Head Quarters. Received the acknowledgments of the Government of India (Military Department No. 3219-B., dated 7th November 1900).
On special duty, May 1902 to 29th December 1903, revising the Army Regulations, India.

War Services.

Afghan War, 1879-80.—Action of Mazina—Medal.
Mahsud-Waziri Expedition, 1881.—Mentioned in despatches.
Hazara Expedition, 1891.—Medal and clasp.
Expedition to Dongola, 1896.—Brigade-Major, Suakim. Brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel. Medal. Khedive's medal.
Companion of the Indian Empire, 1st January 1903.
Companion of the Order of the Bath, 30th June 1905.

DISMISSALS AND REMOVALS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 769.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon Ernest John Lawrence Slyn, are dispensed with on account of physical disability; with effect from the 15th August 1909.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 770.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified :—

First class Assistant Surgeon George Richard Haines, Indian Subordinate Medical Department; with effect from the 1st July 1909.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 771.—Fourth class Assistant Surgeon Philip Egerton Knyvett-Hoff is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 15th August 1909.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 772.—The undermentioned Indian Officer of the Supply and Transport Corps is permitted to resign his commission :—

Jemadar Dalip Singh of the Lyallpur District.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

Karachi Artillery Volunteers.

No. 773.—Harvy Philip Farrell to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1909.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 774.—Edwin Clinton James Bond to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st June 1909.

Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 775.—Abraham Ralph Gundy Lilley to be Second-Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st July 1909.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 776.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers :—

North Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

Major Francis Villiers Tayler.

Honorary Lieutenant and Quartermaster Edwin Long.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 777.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Cantonments Act, 1889 (XII of 1889), and in modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 664, dated the 16th June 1899, as subsequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made to the Cantonment Code, 1899, namely :—

In section 29, sub-section (1), for clause (b) the following shall be substituted :—

“(b), (i) the payment of a moiety of the salary of the Cantonment Magistrate.

(ii) the payment of such allowances to officers performing the duties of Cantonment Magistrates, as the Commander-in-Chief in India may determine”.

Schedule I, Form 8, (Budget Estimate of Expenditure).—

Under Item 3, General Administration, above “Establishment” the following shall be inserted :—

“Cantonment Magistrate”.

“Assistant Cantonment Magistrate”.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 13th August 1909.

Under clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that the reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned and warrant officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 4th and 10th August 1909 :—

Corps	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
Ordnance Department ...	Sub-Conductor Alfred Thomas Falia.	12th June 1909 ...	England ...	...	...
Royal Engineers ...	Captain Nicholas Bernard Edwin Dawes.	30th July 1909 ...	Accidentally drowned in the Cauvery River about 30 miles from Mysore.	...	...

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 14th July and 10th August 1909.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
*Cecil Dacre More Holbrooke.	Captain ...	Royal Army Medi- cal Corps.	6th May 1909.	Intestate ..	Rs. a. p. 1,402 3 9	

* *Next-of-kin*:—*Father*.—Rev. Frederick George Holbrooke.

Address.—Kimpton Rectory, Andover, Hampshire.

Brother.—Captain Bernard Frederick Roper Holbrooke, I.A., Commandant, Baluch Levy.

Address.—Dera Ghazi Khan, Punjab.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13th August 1909.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 40.—Commander W. G. Beauchamp, Royal Indian Marine, Surveyor-in-Charge, Marine Survey of India, is granted an extension of one year in that appointment, with effect from the 21st August 1909.

No. 41.—The following appointments have been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be a Sub-Lieutenant.

George Johnstone Knowles from the 15th June 1909.

To be Assistant Engineer.

Edward Talbot Palmer from the 30th June 1909.

REMOVALS.

No. 42.—The services of Assistant Engineer F. Hurst, Royal Indian Marine, are dispensed with on account of ill-health, with effect from the 8th August 1909.

R. I. SCALLON, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th August, 1909.

No. 232.—Mr. C. E. Spurgeon, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, officiated as a District Locomotive Superintendent in Class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways from the 4th to the 21st June 1909 inclusive.

No. 233.—Mr. W. A. C. Thorpe, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway, with effect from the 22nd June 1909, *vice* Mr. Pearse granted leave or until further orders.

Mr. Thorpe will hold officiating rank in Class II during the privilege leave portion of Mr. Pearse's leave and thereafter temporary rank in Class II, grade 4.

The 12th August, 1909.

No. 236.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned surveys being made by the agency of the Burma Railways Company for lines of railway on the metre gauge in the Irrawaddy delta as follows:

	Miles.
(1) Henzada to Pantanaw ...	65
(2) Ngathaingyaung to a suitable point on the Myogwin-Kamausku Survey, notified in Notification No. 379, dated 22nd December 1908 ...	27
(3) Kyontani to Ngathaingyaung ...	27
(4) Henzada to Akyaw ...	28
	<hr/> 147

2. These surveys will be known as the Irrawaddy delta surveys.

The 13th August, 1909.

No. 237.—Captain C. F. Birney, R.E., Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, temporary rank, is appointed Assistant Secretary to the Railway Board, with effect from the 6th November 1908.

Railway Board Notification No. 217, dated the 13th July 1909, is hereby cancelled.

No. 238.—The following permanent promotions among Executive and Assistant Engineers are ordered, with effect from the dates specified :

Name.	From	To	Date.
			1909.
Lynch, Lieutenant C. St. J., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade ...	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade ...	July 8th.
Hopkins, Captain L. E., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade ...	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade ...	July 22nd.

No. 239.—Mr. E. N. Jacob, Transportation Inspector, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway, *vice* Mr. R. H. N. Baxter, on language leave.

The 11th August, 1909.

No. 234.—The following is published for general information :

No. 1418 R.T., dated the 4th August 1909.

RESOLUTION—By the Railway Board.

Adoption on such portions of the South Indian Railway system as are situate in British territory, of the amendments in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway.

READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, notification No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905.

Railway Board's notification No. 183, dated the 8th September 1906, and Railway Board's circular No. R. T. ^{89 A.}₆, dated the 8th September 1906.

Railway Board's notification No. 157, dated the 27th May 1908, and Railway Board's resolution No. 903 R. T., dated the 22nd May 1908.

Railway Board's notification No. 221, dated the 16th July 1909, and Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 6th July 1909.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. A. T. 1047—^{63 (b)}₁₂₀, dated the 23rd July 1909, from the Agent of the South Indian Railway Company.

RESOLUTION.—The Agent of the South Indian Railway Company has recommended the adoption on the South Indian Railway system of the amendments, promulgated under Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 6th July 1909, and published under their notification No. 221, dated the 16th July 1909, in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway in British India, which rules and Appendix B thereto were sanctioned for adoption on such portions of the South Indian Railway system as are situate in British territory, in Railway Board's resolution No. 903 R. T., dated the 22nd May 1908, read in the preamble above.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, read in the preamble above, the Railway Board sanction; under section 47, sub-sections (1) and (4), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the adoption of the amendments in Appendix B to the said General Rules, cited in paragraph 1 above, on such portions of the South Indian Railway system as are situate in British territory.

ORDER.—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890); also that the amendments cited in paragraph 1 above, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India* be kept open for inspection at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section, and that this resolution be communicated to the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 7, Madras, and to the Agent of the South Indian Railway Company, for information.

No. 235.—The following is published for general information :

No. 1422 R.T., dated the 5th August 1909.

RESOLUTION—By the Railway Board.

Adoption on the Bengal and North-Western Railway system of the amendments in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway.

READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, notification No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905.

Railway Board's notification No. 183, dated the 8th September 1906, and Railway Board's circular No. R. T. $\frac{89-A}{5}$, dated the 8th September 1906.

Railway Board's notification No. 311, dated the 23rd November 1907, and Railway Board's resolution No. 1379 R. T., dated the 18th November 1907.

Railway Board's notification No. 221, dated the 16th July 1909, and Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 6th July 1909.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. 6923, dated the 20th July 1909, from the Agent of the Bengal and North-Western Railway Company.

RESOLUTION.—The Agent of the Bengal and North-Western Railway Company has recommended the adoption on the Bengal and North-Western Railway system of the amendments promulgated under Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 6th July 1909, and published under their notification No. 221, dated the 16th July 1909, in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway in British India, which rules together with Appendix B were sanctioned for adoption on the Bengal and North-Western railway system in Railway Board's resolution No. 1379 R. T., dated the 18th November 1907, read in the preamble above.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, read in the preamble above, the Railway Board sanction, under section 47, sub-sections (1) and (4), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the adoption of the amendments in Appendix B to the said General Rules, cited in paragraph 1 above, on the Bengal and North-Western railway system.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890); also that the amendments cited in paragraph 1 above, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*, be kept open for inspection at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section; and that this resolution be communicated to the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 3, Lucknow, and to the Agent of the Bengal and North-Western Railway Company, for information.

The 13th August, 1909.

No. 240.—The following is published for general information :

No. 1450 R.T., dated the 9th August 1909.

RESOLUTION—By the Railway Board.

Adoption on the Assam Bengal Railway system of the amendments in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway.

READ—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

• Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, notification No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905.

Railway Board's notification No. 183, dated the 8th September 1906, and Railway Board's circular No. R.T. $\frac{83-A}{5}$, dated the 8th September 1906.

Railway Board's notification No. 102, dated the 1st May 1907, and Railway Board's resolution No. 76 R. T., dated 22nd April 1907.

Railway Board's notification No. 183 R. T., dated the 22nd July 1907, and Railway Board's circular No. 562 R. T., dated the 5th July 1907.

Railway Board's notification No. 206, dated the 27th August 1907, and Railway Board's resolution No. 886 R. T., dated the 22nd August 1907.

Railway Board's notification No. 221, dated the 16th July 1909, and Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 6th July 1909.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. 6817, dated the 22nd July 1909, from the Agent of the Assam Bengal Railway Company.

RESOLUTION.—The Agent of the Assam Bengal Railway Company has recommended the adoption on the Assam Bengal Railway system of the amendments, promulgated under Railway Board's circular No. 1228 R. T., dated the 16th July 1909, and published under their notification No. 221, dated the 6th July 1909, in rule 13 IX and 13 XI of Appendix B to the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway in British India, which rules and Appendix B thereto were sanctioned for adoption on the Assam Bengal Railway system, respectively, in Railway Board's resolutions Nos. 76 R. T., dated the 22nd April 1907, and 886 R. T., dated the 22nd August 1907, read in the preamble above.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, read in the preamble above, the Railway Board sanction, under section 47, sub-sections (1) and (4), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the adoption of the amendments in Appendix B to the said General Rules, cited in paragraph 1 above, on the Assam Bengal railway system.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890); also that the amendments cited in paragraph 1 above, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*, be kept open for inspection at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section, and that this resolution be communicated to the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, Calcutta, and to the Agent of the Assam Bengal Railway Company, for information.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 34.}

SIMLA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1909.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th August, 1909.

No. 11.—Whereas the Calcutta Chamber of Commerce has, in accordance with the Regulations published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 19, dated the 23rd June, 1893, and amended by Notification No. 33, dated the 23rd December, 1902, recommended the Hon'ble Mr. Cecil William Noble Graham, President of the said Chamber, for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations;

In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 & 56 Vict., c. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate the said Hon'ble Mr. Cecil William Noble Graham to be an Additional Member of the said Council of the Governor General.

The 18th August, 1909.

No. 12.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), and section 1 of the Indian Councils Act, 1892 (55 & 56 Vict., c. 14), the Governor General is pleased to nominate Sardar Sundar Singh, Majithia, to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

J. M. MACPHERSON,
Secretary to the Government of India,

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Nos. 3052—3101.

Simla, the 16th August, 1909.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Home Department.

The Rules issued under the Indian Arms Act, 1878, were originally published with the Home Department Notification no. 518, dated the 6th March 1879. As the result of successive amendments and additions during the past thirty years, these rules have become most intricate and confusing, and it is believed that in their present form they cause inconvenience to the officers who have to administer them as well as to the public, especially to those who are connected with the trade in arms and ammunition. The Governor General in Council has therefore caused them to be codified in a clearer form. The revised rules have been circulated to local Governments and Administrations for their opinions; and a large number of minor amendments suggested by them have been adopted. The rules as finally approved by the Governor General in Council are now published for general information, in supersession of those hitherto in force. The changes which have been made in the rules are, for the most part, only such as are necessary in order to make them clear or in consequence of administrative changes, such as the formation of the North-West Frontier Province, the creation of new districts in the Punjab and the formation of the province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

ORDER.—*Ordered* that the above Resolution and the rules be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

The Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad.
 " " " " in Mysore.
 " " " Agent to the Governor General in Central India.
 The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana.
 The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.
 The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.
 The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North-West Frontier Province.
 His Britannic Majesty's Consul General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan.
 His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Seistan and Kain.
 The Resident at Baroda.
 The Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.
 The Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.
 The Resident in Nepal.
 The Resident in Kashmir.
 The Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops.
 The Political Officer with Sardar Ayub Khan, and in charge of the Ex-Amir.
 The Commandant, Imperial Cadet Corps.
 The Political Officer in Sikkim.
 The Foreign Department.
 " Finance Department.
 " Finance (Military Finance) Department.
 " Legislative Department.
 " Public Works Department.
 " Army Department.
 " Department of Revenue and Agriculture.
 " " Commerce and Industry.
 " Railway Department.

Ordered further that copies of the Resolution and the rules be forwarded to all local Governments and Administrations, and to the Political Officers noted on the margin, for information; and also to all Departments of the Government of India, all Heads of Departments subordinate to the Home Department.

No. 3102.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 11, 17 and 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and in supersession of all previous Notifications on the same subject, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the subjoined rules relating to arms, ammunition and military stores:

Provided that all exemptions, exclusions or withdrawals made, all licenses or duplicates granted or renewed, all fees imposed, levied, remitted or reduced and all powers conferred by or under any Notification hereby superseded, and in force at the commencement of this Notification, shall, so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively made, granted, renewed, imposed, levied, remitted, reduced or conferred hereunder.

THE INDIAN ARMS RULES, 1909.

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THE SCHEDULES.**THE RULES.**

Short Title.

1. These rules may be called the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

Interpretation.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

- (a) all words and expressions, which are defined in the General Clauses Act, 1897, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them thereby; and the provisions of sections 9, 10 and 13 to 19 of the said Act shall be deemed to apply as if these rules were an enactment made by the Governor General in Council after the commencement of the said Act.
- (b) all references to the "Magistrate of the District" shall, in the case of Aden, be construed as referring to the Assistant Resident.

Application of the Act.

Exemption, exclusion and withdrawal.

3. Under section 27,—

- (a) the persons and classes of persons,
- (b) the arms and ammunition, and
- (c) the parts of British India,

specified or described in Schedules I to IV are, respectively, exempted, excluded and withdrawn, to the extent there indicated, from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in the Act.

4. For the purposes of the definition of "military stores" contained in section 4, all sections of the Act are extended, throughout British India, to all lead, sulphur and saltpetre.

Extension.

Searching Posts.

5. For the purposes of section 11, searching posts shall be established at the land custom-houses between British India and—

Searching posts.

- (a) the French Settlements on the eastern and western coasts, and
- (b) the Portuguese Settlements on the western coast.

Import.

Restriction upon import of cannon and certain other articles.

6. (1) A license for the import of—

Form I.

- (a) cannon,
- (b) articles designed for torpedo service,
- (c) war-rockets, or
- (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition,

shall not be granted save under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department or, so far as the district of Ajmer-Merwara is concerned, in the Foreign Department.

- (2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent—

- (a) where the articles are consigned to a Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned to any other place, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

Restriction upon import of arms, ammunition and military stores from Portuguese India.

7. A license shall not be granted for the import of any arms, ammunition or military stores from Portuguese India.

Restriction upon import of certain rifles.

8. (1) A license shall not be granted for the import by sea or river or land—

- (a) of rifles of .303 or of .450 bore or parts of or fittings for rifles of such bores or, save as otherwise provided by rule 31, of ammunition which can be fired from such rifles;
- (b) save by special order certified under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department or, so far as the district of Ajmer-Merwara is concerned, in the Foreign Department, of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, of any other bore;
- (c) of any fire-arms or ammunition into Burma through the medium of the Post Office.

- (2) Nothing in sub-rule (1), clause (b), shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power to grant, save as otherwise provided by rule 7, a license for the import of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, which, in the opinion of the authority granting the license, are intended in good faith for sporting purposes.

Import of arms, ammunition or military stores into certain ports.

9. (1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 6 to 8, a license may, subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), be granted for the import by sea—

Form II.

- (a) of arms, ammunition or military stores, at any Presidency-town and at Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police;
- (b) of arms, ammunition or military stores, at the ports of Calicut, Karachi and Aden by the District Magistrate;
- (c) of saltpetre or lead, at the ports of Akyab and Moulmein by the District Magistrate; and

(d) of sulphur in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the Government of Madras to be required in good faith for medicinal, manufacturing or agricultural purposes, in respect of the port of Tuticorin by the said Government.

(2) All arms, ammunition or military stores imported into Aden shall be—

(a) landed at the Abkari Pier at Tawahi only, and

(b) removed thence by the importer to such Government warehouse as the Resident may, from time to time, appoint in this behalf.

Form II.

10. Save as otherwise provided by rules 6 to 8, a license for the import by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores—
Import of arms, ammunition or military stores by sea from Madras, Rangoon or Bombay into certain ports.

(a) from the port of Madras into the port of Tuticorin, Cochin, Bimlipatam, Coconada, Negapatam, Mangalore, Gopalpore, Vizagapatam, Pamban or Masulipatam, or

(b) from the port of Rangoon into the port of Akyab, Moulmein, Sandoway, Kyaukpyu, Tavoy or Mergui,

(c) from the port of Bombay into the port of Cochin or Mangalore,

may be granted by the Magistrate of the district in which the port of import is situated.

Form III.

11. (1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 6 to 8, and subject to the provisions of rule 33, sub-rule (2), a license for the import by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores, otherwise than into Ajmer-Merwara, of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted,

(a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to a Presidency-town or to Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) where they are consigned to any other place, by the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(2) Where arms belonging to any person who—

(a) resides in a Native State in India, and

(b) is exempted under schedule I from the necessity for taking out a license in respect of such arms,

are imported solely for the purpose of repair, the Political Agent for such State may grant a similar license, which shall also cover the re-export to such State of such arms.

(3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported from a Native State, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by road or river and consigned to a district not on the frontier of British India, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district into which they cross such frontier; and such Magistrate may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

(5) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it to the railway authorities at the place to which such arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

Form IV.

12. (1) Save as otherwise provided by rules 6 to 8, a license for the import into the district of Ajmer-Merwara of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted—
Import of arms, ammunition or military stores into Ajmer-Merwara.

(a) under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or

(b) under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of Bombay, provided that the ammunition is *bonâ fide* required for the exclusive use of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway; and that the application for such license is made by a responsible officer of the said Railway, or

(c) by any other officer specially empowered by the Government of India in this behalf.

(2) A copy of every license granted under sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent to the Commissioner of the district of Ajmer-Merwara.

(3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by rail, a copy shall be forthwith sent by the officer granting the license to the railway authorities at the place to which such arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

13. (1) The railway authorities, to whom a copy of a license has been sent under rule 11, sub-rule (5), or rule 12, sub-rule (3), shall require the consignee to produce the original license and shall satisfy themselves—
Scrutiny by railway authorities of consignments.

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him correspond with the description given in such license, and

(b) that such license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.

(2) Where, in any case referred to in sub-rule (1)—

(a) the consignee fails to produce the original license, or

(b) the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him do not correspond with the description given in such license, or

(c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to the railway authorities,

such authorities shall not deliver the consignment and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

14. (1) The consignee of arms, ammunition or military stores imported under a license shall

Production and delivery of import licenses.

(a) where the consignment crosses the frontier by land or river, produce the license, within six days of such crossing, before the Magistrate of the district into which the consignment so crosses, or other officer empowered by him in this behalf; and

(b) in any case in which the consignment is imported by land or river, deliver the license, within six days of the arrival of such consignment at its destination—

(i) in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of the Police, or

(ii) in any other place, to the Magistrate of the district.

(2) Every officer before whom a license is produced or to whom a license is delivered under sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license; and

(b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Export.

15. (1) A license shall not be granted, save by special order certified under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department or, so far as the District of Ajmer-Merwara is concerned, in the Foreign Department, for the export by sea of—

(a) cannon, or

(b) save as otherwise provided in sub-rule (2) rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles.

(2) Nothing in sub-rule (1), clause (b), shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power to grant a license for the export by sea of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles which, in the opinion of the authority granting the license, are intended in good faith for sporting purposes.

16. (1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 15, a license for the export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores may, subject to the provisions of sub-rules (2) and (3), be granted—

(a) at the port of any Presidency-town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) at the port of Calicut, Karachi or Aden, by the Magistrate of the district.

(2) Save as otherwise provided in sub-rule (3), every license granted under sub-rule (1) shall be for export either—

(a) subject to the provisions of rule 33, sub-rule (2), to such of the ports mentioned in clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-rule (1), or

(b) from the port of Madras to such of the ports mentioned in rule 10 (a), or

(c) from the port of Rangoon to such of the ports mentioned in rule 10 (b), or

(d) from the port of Bombay to such of the ports mentioned in rule 10 (c), or

(e) to such other place in His Majesty's dominions outside India,

as may be specified or described therein.

(3) A license may be granted at any of the ports mentioned in clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-rule (1) for the export by sea of saltpetre or lead to the ports of Akyab or Moulmein.

(4) A copy of every license of the nature referred to in clauses (a) (b) (c) and (d) of sub-rule (2) and in sub-rule (3) shall be forthwith sent—

(a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to any Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) where they are consigned to any other place, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

Form VI.

17. (1) A license may be granted under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or by the officers enumerated in column 1 of Schedule V from the ports mentioned in column 2 to the ports mentioned in column 3, and subject to the conditions mentioned in column 4 in each case, for the export by sea of arms other than—

(a) cannon, or

(b) such rifles or parts of or fittings for rifles as fall within the restriction imposed by rule 15,

or for the export by sea of ammunition or military stores from any of the ports of Madras, Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon, Calicut, Karachi, or Aden—

(i) to any port in any Native State in India, or

(ii) subject to the provisions of sub-rule (3), to any port, other than a British port, in any other foreign territory.

(2) A license shall not be granted under sub-rule (1) for export to any such port on the sea-board of Arabia as is referred to in clause (ii) of that sub-rule, other than a port in the political charge of the Resident—

(a) at Aden,

(b) in the Persian Gulf, or

(c) in Turkish Arabia.

(3) A copy of every license issued under this rule for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any port in a Native State in India or to any port in the political charge of the Resident at Aden or of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, or of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia shall be sent forthwith by the authority granting it to the Political Agent, Resident (unless the Resident at Aden be the authority granting the license), or the Political Resident concerned, and such Political Agent, Resident or Political Resident may, in his discretion, require the licensee or his agent to produce the arms, ammunition or military stores covered by such license for his inspection before permitting them or it to be delivered to the consignee.

(4) The authority granting a license under this rule shall also send a copy of such license to the agents or master of the vessel by which it is intended that the arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license shall be shipped to the port of destination, and such agents or master shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless such case or package is accompanied by the original license, and shall satisfy themselves or himself—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such license, and

(b) that such license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them or him.

(5) Where in any case referred to in sub-rule (5)—

(a) the case or package is not accompanied by the original license, or

(b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such license, or

(c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to them or him, such agents or master shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Form VII.

Export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores, to Native States or out of Ajmer-Merwara.

18. (1) A license for the export by land or river—

(a) of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place beyond the frontier of British India, or

(b) of arms, ammunition or military stores out of the district of Ajmer-Merwara, may be granted—

(i) under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or

(ii) by the officers enumerated in column 1 of Schedule VI for the places mentioned in column 2 and subject to the conditions mentioned in column 3 in each case.

(2) A license for the export by land or river of arms, ammunition or military stores to any Native State in the political charge of the Government of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab or Eastern Bengal and Assam, or of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces may be granted under the signature of a Secretary to such Government or such Chief Commissioner, respectively, or by such other officer as may be empowered by the Government of India in this behalf.

(3) Where any arms, ammunition or stores exported under a license granted under this rule are exported to a Native State, a copy of such license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by road or river, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district out of which they cross the frontier of British India; and such Magistrate may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

(5) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it,—

(a) in the case of a consignment despatched from a Presidency-town or from Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, and,

(b) in all other cases, to the Magistrate of the district from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(6) The Commissioner of Police or Magistrate of the district shall forthwith send a copy to the railway authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched; and the railway authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or military stores unless accompanied by the original license and shall satisfy themselves—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such license, and

(b) that such license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.

(7) Where in any case referred to in sub-rule (6)—

(a) the case or package is not accompanied by the original license, or

(b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such license, or

(c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to them,

such authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Delivery of export licenses.

19. (1) Where any arms, ammunition or military stores are exported by road or river,—

(a) the consignee, or

(b) if the arms, ammunition or stores are in charge of any person travelling with them, such person

shall, within six days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier and before it so crosses, deliver the license to the Magistrate of such district or other officer empowered by him in this behalf.

(2) Every officer to whom a license is delivered under sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license, and

(b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Transport.

20. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or military stores is prohibited over the whole of British India, except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license.

(2) Subject to the provisions of rule 33, nothing in sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to apply to—

- (a) arms, ammunition or military stores which are covered by a license for their import or export and are being transported in accordance with such license—
 - (i) from the port or other place of import to the place of destination in British India;
 - (ii) from the place of despatch in British India to the port or other place of export;
 - (iii) in the port of import and re-export during transshipment.
- (b) arms, ammunition or military stores transported—
 - (i) by any person, licensed to possess such articles or exempted from the liability to obtain such a license, in reasonable quantities for his own use from the premises of a licensed dealer, or
 - (ii) by a licensed dealer, in a case or package legibly addressed to such a person as is referred to in clause (i), in compliance with an order given by such person for the supply of such articles in reasonable quantities for his own use; or
- (c) arms and ammunition transported, in reasonable quantities for his own use, by any person lawfully entitled to possess arms or to go armed.

Form I. Restriction upon transport of cannon and certain other articles. **21.** (1) A license for the transport of—

- (a) cannon,
- (b) articles designed for torpedo service,
- (c) war-rockets, or
- (d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition,

shall not be granted save under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department or, so far as the district of Ajmer-Merwara is concerned, in the Foreign Department.

(2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent—

- (a) where the articles are consigned to a Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned to any other place, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

Form VIII. **22.** (1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 21, and subject to the provisions of rule 33, Transport of arms, ammunition or military stores. sub-rules (2) and (3) and rule 36, sub-rule (4), a license for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned from a Presidency-town or from Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned from any other place, by the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated,
- (c) where they are consigned from any place in Baroda to any other place in Baroda separated therefrom by British Indian territory, by the Resident or Assistant Resident in Baroda.

(2) A copy of every license granted under sub-rule (1) for transport beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it shall be forthwith sent—

- (a) where the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned to any Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) where they are consigned to any other place, to the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

(3) A copy of every license granted under sub-rule (1) by the Magistrate of a district for transport within the limits of such district shall be forthwith sent to the subordinate Magistrate (if any) having authority at the place to which the arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

(4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are transported by rail, a copy of the license shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be, and telegraphic

advice of every such consignment shall be sent by the railway authorities from the forwarding to the receiving station; and the consignment shall not leave the railway premises unless the railway police or, if there are no railway police, the railway authorities have satisfied themselves that the arms, ammunition or military stores correspond with the description given in the license.

23. (1) The consignee of any arms, ammunition or military stores transported by land or river under a license, other than a general license granted under rule 32, sub-rule (2), shall deliver the license, within six days of the arrival of the consignment at its destination,—

- (a) in any Presidency town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police, or
- (b) in any other place, to the District Magistrate having jurisdiction over the place of destination or such other Magistrate as he may appoint for this purpose.

(2) Any officer to whom a license is delivered under sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or military stores correspond with the description given in the license, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for,

and any subordinate Magistrate, to whom a license is delivered under clause (b) of that sub-rule, shall return it to the Magistrate of the district.

Manufacture and sale.

24. (1) A license—

Manufacture, conversion, sale and keeping for sale of arms, ammunition or military stores.

- (a) to manufacture, convert, sell or keep Form XI. and sell, or

- (b) to keep and sell

Form XII.

any arms, ammunition or military stores may, save as otherwise provided by sub-rule (2) be granted—

- (i) in any Presidency town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or
- (ii) in any other place, by the Magistrate of the district.

(2) A license—

- (a) to manufacture, convert, sell or keep and sell, or

Form XIII.

- (b) to keep and sell

Form XIV.

breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles shall not be granted save—

- (i) by the local Government, or
- (ii) in Sind, by the Commissioner in Sind.

(3) The local Government or the Commissioner in Sind may, by licenses granted by it or him under this rule, authorize selected dealers to keep and sell a specified amount of ammunition for rifles of .303 or of .450 bore :

Provided that the licensee shall not sell from his stock to any person who does not hold—

- (a) a license to possess such ammunition, or
- (b) a license for the export of ball ammunition from a Native State granted by a Political Officer under the third proviso to the second paragraph of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, no. 3001 I.-A., dated the 27th June, 1903.

(4) Every Magistrate and every Police officer not below the rank of Inspector, or, if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector may, within the local limits of his authority,—

- (a) enter and inspect any premises in which arms or ammunition or military stores, including sulphur, are manufactured, converted, sold, or kept and sold, and
- (b) examine the stock and accounts of receipts and sales of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Possession.

25. (1) A license for the possession of—

Restriction upon possession of cannon and certain other articles.

- (a) cannon,
- (b) articles designed for torpedo service,

Form I.

(c) war-rockets, or

(d) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition, shall not be granted save under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department or, so far as the district of Ajmer-Merwara is concerned, in the Foreign Department.

(2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with sub-rule (1), shall be forthwith sent—

(a) where the articles are to be kept in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, to the Commissioner of Police; or

(b) where they are to be kept in any other place, to the Magistrate of the district.

Form XV. 26. Save as otherwise provided by rule 25 and rule 33, sub-rules (2) and (4), a license for the possession only of fire-arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of any district, or in the Presidency-towns or Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police.

Possession and Going Armed.

Form XVI. 27. (1) Save as otherwise provided in rule 25 and rule 33, sub-rules (2) and (4), a license for the possession of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for going armed for the purposes of sport, protection or display may, subject to the provisions of sub-rules (4) and (5) of this rule, be granted—

(a) in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) in any other place, by the Magistrate of the district,

provided that no license shall be granted for the possession of rifles of the '303 or '450 bore or ammunition for the same, or for going armed with such rifles, unless such rifles and ammunition have been lawfully imported into British India.

(2) A license granted under sub-rule (1) shall on countersignature—

(a) by the Commissioner, or

(b) where there are no Commissioners, by such other officer as the local Government may empower in this behalf,

be valid for such divisions or districts within the Province as he may specify.

(3) In places to which section 15 applies, a license may be granted under sub-rule (1) to the heir or successor of any person to whom arms have been presented by or under the orders of the Government, in respect of such arms.

(4) A license may be granted under sub-rule (1) for the possession of reasonable quantities of ball ammunition which can be fired from rifles of '303 or '450 bores to any person lawfully in possession for sporting purposes of a rifle of such bore.

(5) On every license of the nature referred to in sub-rule (4), there shall be entered the amount of ball ammunition which the licensee may possess during the period of twelve months next ensuing.

Form XVII. 28. Save as otherwise provided by rule 33, sub-rules (2) and (4), a license for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to human beings or cattle may be granted by the Magistrate of any district.

Form XVIII. 29. Save as otherwise provided by rule 33, sub-rules (2) and (4), a license for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the protection of crops. going armed for the destruction of wild animals which do injury to crops or cattle may be granted by the Magistrate of any district:

Provided that such license—

(a) shall only be granted to *bonâ fide* cultivators;

(b) shall be valid only for the place or tract specified in the license by the licensing officer.

Form XIX. 30. (1) Save as otherwise provided by rule 33, sub-rules (2) and (4), a license for going armed on a journey in or through any Province may be granted—

(a) in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police;

(b) in any other place, by the Magistrate of the district; or

(c) in the case of a person residing in any Native State in India, by the Political Agent for such State.

(2) Where a Commissioner of Police or Magistrate of a district receives an application for a license of the nature referred to in sub-rule (1) from any person who—

(a) is not resident within the local limits of his authority; or

(b) is not personally known to him, he shall, before granting the license, ascertain—

(i) when the applicant resides in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, from the Commissioner of Police,

(ii) when the applicant resides in any other place in British India, from the Magistrate of the district, or

(iii) when the applicant resides in any Native State in India, from the Political Agent for such State,

whether there is any objection to the grant of the license, unless, for reasons to be recorded, he considers this precaution to be clearly unnecessary.

Possession and Import or Transport.

31. (1) A licensed dealer authorized by the local Government under rule 24, sub-rule (3), to keep and sell a specified amount of balled ammunition for rifles of '303 or of '45b bore may be permitted—

(a) in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) in any other place, by the Magistrate of the district,

to import such ammunition up to such amount.

(2) Where application is made under sub-rule (1) for permission to import balled ammunition, the dealer shall produce his license and, if permission is granted, the authority granting it shall endorse on the license the quantity of balled ammunition for which, and the date on which, such permission was granted.

32. (1) A license may be granted—

Possession and transport by cultivators and contractors of certain blasting material.

(a) in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, by the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) in any other place, by the Magistrate of the district,

to any cultivator, contractor or other like person for the possession and transport of gunpowder, fuses, dynamite, blasting gelatine and detonating caps in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the authority granting the license to be required in good faith for blasting purposes.

(2) A general license may be granted by similar authority to dealers in explosives, contractors and mining agents for the transport of dynamite, blasting gelatine, detonating caps and other explosive material ordered or required by the consignee in good faith for blasting purposes.

(3) The provisions of rule 23, relating to the delivery of transport licenses and the scrutiny of articles transported, shall, so far as they can be made applicable, be deemed to apply in the case of gunpowder, fuses, dynamite, blasting gelatine and detonating caps transported under a license granted under sub-rule (1).

Applications for and grant of licenses.

33. (1) A license, having effect beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it, shall not be granted for the export, import or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores—

(a) to any Native State in India, without the consent of the Political Agent for such State;

provided that the consent of such Political Agent shall not be necessary in cases where the consignee is a European subject of His Majesty and a gazetted civil or commissioned military officer, and the consignment is intended for the personal use only of the consignee;

(b) to any Presidency-town or Rangoon, without the consent of the Commissioner of Police; or

(c) to any other place in British India, without the consent of the Magistrate of the district.

(2) Save by the Commissioner of Police in any Presidency-town or Rangoon, a license shall not be granted under rule 11, rule 16, sub-rule (2), clause (a), rule 22, rule 26, rule 27,

Form IX.

Form X.

rule 28, rule 29, or rule 30 in respect of any breech-loading rifle or ball ammunition without the previous sanction—

- (a) in the Madras Presidency, of the Board of Revenue ;
- (b) in the province of Coorg, of the Chief Commissioner ; or
- (c) in any other place, of the Commissioner.

(3) Save as aforesaid, a license shall not be granted under rule 22 for the transport of any breech-loading rifle or ball ammunition to any place in—

- (a) the North-West Frontier Province, or
- (b) the Rawalpindi or the Dera Ghazi Khan or the Mianwali or the Attock District of the Punjab,

without the previous sanction—

- (i) of the local Government, or
- (ii) where the rifle or ammunition is transported from Sind, of the Commissioner in Sind.

(4) A license shall not be granted under rule 26, rule 27, sub-rule (1), clause (b), rule 28, rule 29 or rule 30, sub-rule (1) by any Magistrate of a district in Burma without the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

(5) The consent or previous sanction referred to in this rule may be obtained either

- (a) by the applicant for the license, or
- (b) by the officer to whom application for the grant of such license is made.

(6) Where the consent or previous sanction is sought by the officer to whom application for the grant of the license is made, he shall send a copy of the proposed license to the authority whose consent or previous sanction is required; and, on receipt of the reply of such authority, he shall either grant the license or inform the applicant that his application is refused.

34. (1) Every person who wishes to obtain a license under these rules shall apply in writing to the nearest authority empowered to grant such license and shall in such application furnish all such particulars as may be necessary to enable such license to be granted.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of sub-rule (1) every application for a license—

- (a) for the import by land or river,
- (b) for the export, or
- (c) for the transport

of any arms, ammunition or military stores shall specify—

- (i) the place of destination,
- (ii) the route,
- (iii) the time likely to be occupied in the journey, and
- (iv) the quantity, description, average price and purpose of each kind of arms, ammunition or stores.

(3) Where the grant of the license requires the consent or previous sanction of some other authority specified in rule 33, the application shall state whether such consent or previous sanction has been obtained and, if so, shall be supported by evidence thereof.

35. (1) Every license shall be granted or renewed and every pass shall be granted, in the appropriate form set forth in Schedule VII and, save as therein otherwise expressly provided, the arms, ammunition or military stores specified and the persons named, in the license shall alone be covered thereby.

(2) Every such license shall be written or printed—

- (a) where it is granted in a Presidency-town or in Rangoon or where it is granted in a district and is intended for use beyond the limits of such district, in English and, if the licensing officer so directs, in the vernacular, or
- (b) where it is granted in a district and is intended for use within the limits of such district, in English or in the vernacular as the licensing officer may direct.

36. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, every license under these rules shall, unless previously forfeited, be in force for such period and expire on such day as, subject to any restrictions or limitations imposed by the appropriate form set out in Schedule VII, the authority granting it may enter thereon.

(2) A license for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores shall not, save for special reasons to be recorded by the authority granting it, be granted for a period longer than twice the time likely to be occupied in the journey to the place of destination by the route indicated on the license.

(3) Every license may, at its expiration and subject to the same conditions (if any) as to consent or previous sanction, be renewed by the authority who granted it.

37. (1) Every authority empowered to grant or renew a license or to give his consent or previous sanction to such grant or renewal may, in his discretion,—

(a) refuse to grant or renew such license or to give such consent or sanction, or

(b) refer the application for orders to the Government (if any) to which he is subordinate.

(2) Every such authority shall exercise all powers and perform all duties, conferred or imposed by these rules, subject to the control of the executive authorities to whom he is subordinate.

Obligation to produce licenses.

38. (1) Any person who—

(a) holds a license granted or renewed or a pass granted under these rules, or

(b) is acting under colour of such a license or pass,

shall forthwith produce such license or pass upon the demand of any Magistrate or of any Police officer of a rank not below that of officer in charge of a police-station.

(2) Nothing in sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power of any authority empowered to grant or renew a license to grant or renew it upon any condition, not inconsistent with the said sub-rule, with respect to the production of such license.

Fees.

39. (1) Every license granted or renewed under these rules shall, save as herein otherwise expressly provided, be chargeable with the fee (if any) indicated on the appropriate form set forth in Schedule VII.

(2) where any arms, other than—

(a) cannon, or

(b) rifles falling within the prohibition contained in rule 8,

or any ammunition or military stores are imported under a license into any British port and re-exported thence and re-imported into any of the ports specified in rule 9 or in rule 10, the necessary licenses for such re-export under rule 16 and for such re-import under rule 9 or rule 10 shall be respectively chargeable with a fee of one rupee only.

(3) The Government of India may, by general or special order, grant exemption from, or reduction of, the fee payable in respect of any license.

(4) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any license of the nature hereinafter referred to may, by general or special order of the local Government, be remitted or reduced:—

(a) for the import, transport or possession of sulphur in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the Local Government to be required in good faith for medicinal, agricultural, manufacturing or industrial purposes other than the manufacture of ammunition;

(b) for the export to a Native State of ammunition required for the use of a public railway or other public work.

(c) under rule 11, to any person for the import of any arms, ammunition or military stores in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the authority granting the license to be required in good faith for the protection of person or property.

(5) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any license in form VII may be remitted, subject to the conditions stated in each case, as follows namely:—

(a) Under the signature of a Secretary to the Government of Madras, Bombay or Bengal in respect of ammunition exported to a Native State for the use of a public railway or other public work.

(b) by all Political Officers authorised to grant licenses in form VII, in the case of arms and ammunition exported for the personal use of persons of the classes mentioned in Schedule I.

(6) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any license in form VII shall be remitted in the case of all licenses in that form issued by the Commissioner of Police in Madras or Bombay, the Deputy Commissioner of Police in Calcutta or by the District Magistrates of Meerut and Rawalpindi.

(7) The fee payable in respect of a license in form VII granted by the District Magistrate of Malabar for export to Mahé shall be reduced to one rupee in every case in which the value of the consignment does not exceed twenty rupees.

40. Where a license granted or renewed under these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, the authority empowered to grant such license may grant a duplicate—
Fees payable for duplicates.

(a) where the original license was granted without the payment of any fee to a cultivator or other like person, free of all fee ;

(b) where such original license was granted on the payment of a fee not exceeding one rupee, on payment of a fee of the same amount ; or

(c) in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

41. (1) All fees payable under rule 39 or rule 40 shall be collected by impressed stamps.
Collection and refund of fees.

(2) The Government may, by general or special order, direct in regard to any application for a license or duplicate in respect of which a fee is payable—

(a) that the application shall be written upon an impressed stamp of a value equal to such fee and that in such case the license or duplicate shall be granted or renewed on plain paper or,

(b) that the license shall be written upon an impressed stamp, to be supplied by the applicant, of a value equal to such fee, and that in such case, the application may be written on plain paper.

(3) Where a fee of not less than one rupee payable under these rules has been collected and the application for the grant or renewal of a license or duplicate is refused, the value of the fee shall be refunded, upon application for the same being made within two months from the date of such refusal.

SCHEDULE I.
PERSONS EXEMPTED.

(Rule 3.)

1. The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the first column of the subjoined table are exempted, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, when carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use, from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the fourth column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the third column.

The Table.

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(1) Every Maharaja, Raja, Nawab or Member of any Order of Knighthood and every person who—</p> <p>(a) holds the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal, or</p> <p>(b) bears a title conferred or recognised by the Government of India, or</p> <p>(c) holds a sword granted to him in public Darbar under the orders of the local Government or the Commissioner in Sind, or</p> <p>(d) holds a certificate received on the occasion of the assumption of the title of Empress of India, by Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, or</p> <p>(e) is exempted from personal appearance in a Civil Court.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon,</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets,</p> <p>(d) rifles of '303 or '450 bore other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India, and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p>	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) a local Government in respect of the territories administered by it or subject to its control may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>
<p>(2) Every Member or ex-Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General, the Governor of Madras or Bombay, or the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, Burma or Eastern Bengal and Assam.</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
<p>(3) Every Commissioned or Gazetted Officer of His Majesty's Military or Naval forces or of His Majesty's Indian Marine Service, every commissioned native officer of the Imperial Service Troops in active service, every warrant officer, non-commissioned officer, soldier or sailor in the service of His Majesty, every enrolled volunteer and such officers of the Police (including officers subordinate to the Criminal Intelligence Department), Forest, Postal, Telegraph, Jail, Medical, Salt, Opium and Excise Departments, as the local Government may, by general or special order, direct.</p> <p>Provided that a native soldier while absent from his regiment on leave, shall be exempt only in respect of such arms and ammunition as may be covered by a pass granted to him by his commanding officer.</p> <p><i>Explanation.</i>—The term "soldier" as used in this clause does not include a "reservist."</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
<p>(4) Every Justice of the Peace, every Deputy Collector, every officer salaried or honorary of the judicial service of a rank not below that of a Magistrate of the third class, Munsif, or Judicial Myook, and every officer of the Public Works Department of a rank not below that of Assistant Engineer.</p> <p><i>Explanation.</i>—In the Madras Presidency the word "Munsif" applies to "District Munsifs" appointed under the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873.</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**The Table—contd.*

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(5) Every retired commissioned or gazetted native officer or non-commissioned officer of His Majesty's Indian Forces and every retired commissioned or gazetted officer of Imperial Service Troops who—</p> <p>(a) is in receipt of a pension as such, or</p> <p>(b) not being in receipt of such a pension, has been recommended for exemption by his Commanding Officer by entry recorded on his discharge certificate,</p> <p>and such pensioned officers of the Civil Departments as the local Government may, by general or special order, direct.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon.</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets.</p> <p>(d) rifle of '303 or '450 bore other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India,</p> <p>and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p> <p>Kukris</p>	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) a local Government in respect of the territories administered by it or subject to its control</p> <p>may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p> <p>...</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>
<p>(6) Every pensioned Gurkha officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of His Majesty's Indian Forces, residing in British India.</p>	<p>Such arms as his superior departmental officer may direct him to carry.</p>	...	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>
<p>(7) Every revenue official and postal runner in any frontier or wild district where his superior departmental officer directs him to carry arms on duty.</p>	<p>Such arms as the Superintendent of Geological Survey may direct him to possess or carry.</p>	...	Ditto.
<p>(8) Such subordinate officials of the Geological Survey of India as may from time to time be authorized by the Superintendent of the Geological Survey to possess or carry arms.</p>		...	Ditto.
<p>(9) Every Consul, Consular Agent, duly accredited Vakil or Agent of any Native State in India.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon,</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets,</p> <p>(d) rifles of '303 or '450 bore, other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India,</p> <p>and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p>	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) a local Government in respect of the territories administered by it or subject to its control,</p> <p>may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p>	Ditto.
<p>(10) The holder for the time being of the office of Diwan of Idar in the Mahi Kanta Agency, or of Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Idar.</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
<p>(11) Maharaja Deb Shamsher Jang, Rana Bahadur, ex-Prime Minister of Nepal, residing at Mussoorie.</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
<p>(12) General Khadga Shamsher Jang, Rana Bahadur residing at Saugor.</p>	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
<p>(13) Every European or East Indian subject of His Majesty, every Armenian and every European or American who is not a natural born or naturalized subject of His Majesty, only so long as he is temporarily residing or travelling in India.</p>	Ditto	<p>In addition and without prejudice to the foregoing proviso and restriction, any person possessing fire-arms in Burma without license in virtue of this exemption shall annually register them—</p> <p>(a) where they are possessed in Rangoon, in the office of the Commissioner of Police, and</p> <p>(b) in any other case in the office of the District Magistrate, on or before such date as the local Government may, by general or special order, direct.</p>	Ditto.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**The Table—contd.*

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(14) Every ruling Prince or Chief, and such members of the families or high officials of a ruling Prince or Chief as the local Government or Political Agents may designate, on the occasions of his or their entering or residing in British India, with his or their retinues, to such numbers as may in each case be settled by the Political Agent under the special or general orders of—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) the local Governments in respect of Princes or Chiefs whose political relations are with those Governments, respectively,</p> <p>and all officials of such Princes or Chiefs passing through British India on duty.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon,</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets,</p> <p>(d) rifles of '303 or '450 bore, other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India, and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p>	<p>This exemption shall be subject to such conditions (if any) as may be prescribed by the local Government or the Political Agent, as the case may be.</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>
<p>(15) (a) Every land-holder or member of a Municipal Board or Committee, being of approved loyalty and good position and designated in any list issued in this behalf by the local Government.</p> <p>(b) Every Malikana-holder in the Malabar district of the Madras Presidency.</p> <p>(c) Every person of Coorg race and every jumma tenure-holder in Coorg who, by his tenure, is liable to perform military or police duties.</p> <p>(d) Every person who holds fire-arms presented to him by the Government of Burma.</p>	<p>Ditto</p>	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) a local Government in respect of the territories administered by it or subject to its control, may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p>	<p>Ditto.</p>
<p>(16) Save in the Punjab, every head of a village, ghatwal, dighwar or other rural police officer.</p>	<p>Such arms as the local Government may notify to be necessary for the discharge of his police duties.</p>	<p>...</p>	<p>Ditto.</p>
<p>(17) Every subject of the Baroda or Indore State, or of any State or jagir in the Bundelkhand Agency who may transport arms or ammunition across any part of British India from one part of the territory of such State to another part of the territory of the same State under a license granted by the Resident or Assistant Resident of Baroda, or Resident at Indore or the Political Agent or his Assistant respectively.</p>	<p>Such arms or ammunition as may be covered by his license.</p>	<p>...</p>	<p>Ditto.</p>

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**The Table—contd.*

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(18) The following persons and their retainers, namely—</p> <p>(a) the ancient Zamindars and poligars of the Madras Presidency; and the Mahant of Tiupati, in the North Arcot district of the Madras Presidency;</p> <p>(b) the Dekkhan and Southern Mahrata Country Sardars; such of the Mehwasi Chiefs of the Khandesh District; and such members of the Talpur family of Sind as the Government of Bombay may designate;</p> <p>(c) the great Zamindars of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam;</p> <p>(d) the great Sardars and Jagirdars of the Punjab;</p> <p>(e) Shan Sawbwas and other Native Chiefs in Burma;</p> <p>(f) the Zamindars of the Scheduled Districts of the Central Provinces;</p> <p>(g) such nobles and high officials of the Baroda State as the Government of India may designate;</p> <p>(h) such nobles and high officials of the Hyderabad State as the Government of India may designate;</p> <p>(i) such officials of the Paigah Nobles and the larger jagirdars of the Hyderabad State, as may be authorized by the Resident to carry arms when travelling on duty from one part of the territory to another part of the same territory.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon,</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets,</p> <p>(d) rifles of '303 or '450 bore, other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India,</p> <p>and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p>	<p>This exemption shall be subject to such orders as the local Government may make, regarding—</p> <p>(a) the persons to be included in this category, and</p> <p>(b) the number of retainers and arms and the quantity of ammunition to be permitted in each case.</p> <p>(c) the purposes for which such arms may be carried.</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>
<p>(19) (a) The Oudh retainers of His Highness Raja Sir Jagatjit Singh, K.C.S.I., Bahadur, of Kapurthala, Raja-i-Rajagan.</p> <p>(b) The retainers of the following nobles in the United Provinces— Raja Mahendra Man Singh of Bhadawar. Raja Rup Sah of Jagamanpur. Raja Ram Singh, C.I.E., of Rampura. Raja Sardar Singh, Bahadur, of Katehra. His Highness Maharaja Sir Prabhu Narayan Singh, Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Benares. Raja Udai Partab Singh, C.S.I., of Bhinga. Raja Balwant Singh, C.I.E., of Awa. Maharaja Sir Bhagwati Parshad Singh, K.C.I.E., of Balrampur. Raja Kishen Kumar of Sahaspur Bilari. Kunwar Rukmangad Singh of Katiari. Raja Ram Partab Singh of Manda. Maharani Jagdumba Debi of Ajudhiya. Shahzada Basdeo Singh, residing in the Rae Bareilly District.</p> <p>(c) The retainers of— Raja Raghoji Rao of Deor in the Central Provinces.</p> <p>(d) The Prince of Arcot.</p>	<p>All, except—</p> <p>(a) cannon,</p> <p>(b) articles designed for torpedo service,</p> <p>(c) war-rockets,</p> <p>(d) rifles of '303 or '450 bore, other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India,</p> <p>and ammunition which can be fired from the same;</p> <p>(e) machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p>	<p>This exemption shall be subject to such orders as the local Government may make, regarding—</p> <p>(a) the number of retainers and arms and the quantity of ammunition to be permitted in each case,</p> <p>(b) the purposes for which such arms may be carried.</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16.</p>

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**The Table—contd.*

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
(20) (a) Rajbansi and Bindraban, sons of the late Ram Bakhsh Subadar Bahadur, of the Nepal Escort, residing at Cawnpore in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.	The sword and dagger granted to their father for good services to the Government.	...	Those contained in section 15.
(b) The undermentioned persons belonging to the Bhavnagar State Imperial Service Lancers while temporarily residing or travelling in British India— 1. Kot Daffedar Hanubhai Ranchodji. 2. Duffedar Mangalsinh Sheoprasad. 3. Daffedar Kasalsinh Mulubha. 4. Farrier Jehangirkhan Chhotukhan. 5. Farrier Ismail Govind. 6. Farrier Shekh Abdulkhan Shekh Husen. 7. Sowar Ramprasad Matadin. 8. Sowar Kirpalsinh Badluesinh. 9. Sowar Jetubhai Kala. 10. Sowar Nathubhai Madarsinh.	The swords of honour presented to them by His Highness the Thakorsahib of Bhavnagar in recognition of their services in South Africa during the late War.	...	Ditto.
(21) Every British officer in Staff, departmental and regimental employ, every member of a Volunteer Corps and every Warrant Officer or Staff Sergeant of a British Unit of the Army (including a Staff Sergeant or Warrant Officer who is an instructor of a Volunteer Corps).	Single barrel rifles of '303 bore required for match-shooting purposes.	1. Only one such rifle at a time shall be imported or used by any person hereby exempted. 2. The rifle shall be sighted to a range of over 1,000 yards. 3. The rifle shall in the case of regimental officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and Volunteers become part of the equipment of the Corps to which the owner for the time being belongs. 4. The owner shall, at the time of importation, produce a certificate from the Commanding Officer of the Corps, senior officer or Head of Department to which he belongs, to the effect that, in the case of regimental officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and volunteers, the weapon will be brought on to the equipment ledger of the Corps, and in the case of Staff and departmental officers will be brought on to the equipment ledger of a Corps in the officer's command or office inventory of stores, and will be accounted for in the same manner as other equipment. 5. This exemption shall in the case of volunteers cease to have effect on the owner leaving the Volunteer force. Provided that, if he departs from India immediately after so leaving, he may take the weapon with him. 6. Any person hereby exempted may dispose of his rifle to another person so exempted, provided that the rifle becomes part of the equipment of the corps to which the latter belongs and is accounted for as such.	All.

SCHEDULE I—concluded.

The Table—concluded.

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(22) Any of the under-mentioned persons, not being members of trans-border tribes:—</p> <p>(a) any Baloch belonging to any organised tuman while within the limits of such tuman or any other tuman in the Dehra Ghazi Khan district of the Punjab.</p> <p>(b) armed guards accompanying sheep, goats, asses and cattle under the provisions of the Frontier Grazing Regulation, 1874 (1 of 1874); or</p> <p>(c) villagers residing in—</p> <p>(i) the North-West Frontier Province, or</p> <p>(ii) the Isakhel Tahsil of the Mianwali district, or the Attock Tahsil of the Attock district of the Punjab, pursuing raiders or members of trans-border tribes or Baloches who have committed, or attempt to commit any offence in British India.</p>	<p>All arms, except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers.</p>	<p>...</p>	<p>Those contained in section 13.</p>
<p>(23) Any of the persons described in sub-heads (b) and (c) of entry (19).</p>	<p>All arms and ammunition except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers, and rifle, pistol and revolver ammunition.</p>	<p>...</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 14 and 15.</p>

SCHEDULE II.

Rule 3.

ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES EXCLUDED.

2. Within the areas specified in the first column of the subjoined table, the arms, ammunition and military stores described in the second column are exempted from the operation of such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

The Table.

Area.	Arms or ammunition,	Prohibitions and directions.
British India	Bows and arrows ;	All.
	Uniform swords and dirks manufactured in Europe of recognized military or official patterns, when possessed by, or intended to be supplied to, persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms ;	Do.
	Swords imported for presentation as Army or Volunteer prizes ; and	Do.
	Ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value, masonic swords and theatrical and fancy dress swords, provided that they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes ;	Do.
	Toy cannon weighing less than 56 lbs. and having—	Do.
	(a) a calibre of less than one inch,	
	(b) a length of bore of less than 24 inches, and	
	(c) the interior of the bore unrifled .	
	Gunwads and wire-cartridges	Those contained in section 6.
	All arms, ammunition and military stores covered by any license or exemption granted in Berar under the law for the time being in force relating to arms, ammunition and military stores ; provided that the conditions of such license or exemption are observed.	All.
British India, excepting Burma, Aden, and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India.	(1) Lead required <i>bond fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) up to any quantity.	Do.
	(2) Lead bullets and bird shot in quantity not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	Do.
	(3) Saltpetre	Do.
	(4) Sulphur in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	Do.
Burma, Aden and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India.	Lead required <i>bond fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) in quantities not exceeding such limits as the local Government may fix.	Do.
Burma	Sulphur, not exceeding one seer . . .	Do.
Aden and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India.	Sulphur, not exceeding ten seers . . .	Do.
Burma and all districts on the external land-frontier of British India.	Saltpetre required for medicinal or goldsmith's purposes in quantities not exceeding 10 lbs.	Do.

SCHEDULE II—concluded.

The Table—concluded.

Area.	Arms or ammunition.	Prohibitions and directions.
The Madras Presidency.	Spears.	All.
The Bombay Presidency—		
(a) generally,	Spears and hunting knives.	Do.
(b) in any district, or part of a district, which the Government may declare to come within this exemption.	Katyars used in Mahratta marriage processions.	Do.
The province of Bengal—		
(a) generally,	Kukris and daos.	Do.
(b) in the district of Angul,	Swords.	Do.
(c) in the districts of Shahabad, Patna and Gaya,	Swords carried by tahsildars or peons when employed in the collection, custody or remittance to Treasuries of water-rates.	Do.
(d) in any district, or part of a district, which the local Government may declare to come within this exemption.	Spears.	Do.
The United Provinces of Agra and Oudh—		
(a) in the Kumaon division and the Dehra Dun district,	Kukris.	Do.
(b) in any district, or part of a district, which the local Government may declare to come within this exemption.	Spears.	Do.
Burma—		
(a) generally,	Daos intended exclusively for domestic, agricultural or industrial purposes.	Do.
(b) in the Arakan Hill Tracts.	Spears.	Do.
The province of Eastern Bengal and Assam—		
(a) generally,	Kukris.	Do.
(b) in any district or part of a district, which the local Government may declare to come within this exemption,	Spears.	Do.
(c) in the Garo Hills and the Cachar, Lushai Hills, Naga Hills and Khasi and Jaintia Hills districts.	Swords and daggers.	Do.
The Central Provinces.	Spears and hunting knives.	Do.
Coorg.	Ditto	Do.

SCHEDULE III.

ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES EXEMPTED.

(RULE 3.)

3. The arms, ammunition and military stores described in the subjoined table are exempted from the operation of the prohibitions and directions contained in section 6.

The Table.

I. Any arms, ammunition or military stores brought into and landed in bond at or brought into any port in British India and declared under manifest to be consignments for any port to which export from the port of shipment is permitted under the rules for the time being in force.

II. Any arms, ammunition or military stores brought into the port of Aden and consigned, whether with or without transshipment, from any other British port to any other port, other than a port on the eastern sea-board of Africa, to which the shipment of arms is for the time being forbidden by an order signed by the Resident at Aden.

SCHEDULE IV.

(RULE 3.)

PARTS OF BRITISH INDIA WITHDRAWN.

4. The areas specified in the first column of the subjoined table are withdrawn, in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the second column, from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

The Table.

Areas.	Arms and ammunition.	Prohibitions and directions.
(1) All Scheduled Districts in the Madras Presidency.	All, except rifled arms and cannon.	All, except those contained in sections 12 and 25.
(2) The Chittagong Hill Tracts of Eastern Bengal and Assam.	All	Those contained in sections 13 and 14.
(3) Ajmer-Merwara and those parts of the Mirzapur district in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh which are situated on the right bank of the river Sone.	All, except cannon	Ditto.
(4) The lands ceded to the British Government by His Highness the Nawab of Bahawalpur, which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by the North-Western Railway (including the lands occupied by stations, by out-buildings and for other railway purposes) and lie between the stations of Bahawalpur and Walhar.	All	Those contained in sections 14 to 16: Provided that a person who refuses or omits to comply with any regulation or rule of the Railway for the time being in force relating to the custody of arms while in passenger trains shall not be entitled to the benefit of this exemption.
(5) The lands lying within the State of His Highness the Nawab of Bahawalpur which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by the Southern Punjab Railway (including the lands occupied by stations, by out-buildings and for other railway purposes) and so much of the said lands as lie between the stations of Samasata and Shujawalpur.	All	Ditto ditto.
(6) The lands which are, or may hereafter be, occupied by the Rajputana Malwa Railway in the Nimar district of the Central Provinces, (including the lands occupied as stations, out-buildings and for other railway purposes) between the stations of Mortakka and Nimar Kheri.	All	Ditto ditto.
(7) The following parts of the Punjab, namely :— (a) the parganas of Lahaul and Spiti; (b) all parts, other than any area included in a Municipality of the Dera Ghazi Khan district.	All (not being carried by members of trans-border tribes) except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers.	Those contained in section 13.
(8) The following parts of the Punjab, namely :— (a) The parganas of Lahaul and Spiti. (b) The Dehra Ghazi Khan district.	All (not being possessed by members of trans-border tribes) except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers, and rifle, pistol and revolver ammunition.	Those contained in sections 14 and 15.

SCHEDULE IV—concluded.

The Table—concluded.

Areas.	Arms and ammunition.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(9) The following parts of the North-West Frontier Province, namely :—</p> <p>(a) All parts other than any area included in a Cantonment or Municipality of the Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu and Dehra Ismail Khan districts.</p> <p>(b) The jagir of the Nawab of Amb, known as the feudal Tanawal (including the Phulera Jagir).</p> <p>(c) The villages, other than the Municipality of Baffa, enumerated in the schedule to the Notification of the Government of the Punjab in the Home Department, no. 2460, dated the 3rd July 1879.</p>	<p>All (not being carried by members of trans-border tribes) except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers.</p>	<p>Those contained in section 13.</p>
<p>(10) The following parts of the North-West Frontier Province, namely :—</p> <p>The whole of the North-West Frontier Province with the exception of those villages of the Hazara District which are not enumerated in the schedule to the notification of the Government of the Punjab in the Home Department, no. 2460, dated the 3rd July 1879.</p>	<p>All (not being possessed by members of trans-border tribes) except rifles, pistols, revolvers and daggers, and rifle, pistol and revolver ammunition.</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 14 and 15.</p>

SCHEDULE V.

OFFICERS EMPOWERED TO GRANT LICENSES FOR EXPORT BY SEA TO PORTS IN NATIVE STATES, OR TO FOREIGN TERRITORY.

(RULE 17).

1 Officers.	2 Ports from which they may grant licenses to export.	3 Ports to which they may grant licenses to export.	4 Conditions.
(1) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.	Any port in British India.	Ports in Native States or foreign settlements within the political jurisdiction of the Government of Madras.	.....
(2) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.	Ditto ...	<p>Ports in Native States or foreign settlements within the political jurisdiction of the Government of Bombay, or to ports within the territories of His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda.</p> <p>Ports within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.</p> <p>Any ports on the coast of Africa.</p> <p>Ports within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.</p>	<p>.....</p> <p>For sporting shot guns, and sporting ammunition only, not intended for sale or for military purposes, but for the private use of the consignee.</p>
(3) The Commissioner in Sind.	Karachi ...	<p>Ports within the territory of His Highness the Rao of Kutch.</p> <p>Ports within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.</p> <p>Ports within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.</p>	<p>.....</p> <p>For sporting shot guns, and sporting ammunition only, not intended for sale or for military purposes, but for the private use of the consignee.</p>
(4) The Political Resident at Aden.	Aden ...	<p>Any port on the coast of Africa or Arabia (other than a port on the latter coast which is within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia).</p> <p>Any port on the coast of Arabia which is within the political jurisdiction of the Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.</p>	<p>.....</p> <p>For sporting shot guns, and sporting ammunition only, not intended for sale or for military purposes, but for the private use of the consignee.</p>
(5) The Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar, and the Political Agent, Kutch.	Bombay and Karachi.	Any port in the Native States under their political charge.	

SCHEDULE VI.

OFFICERS EMPOWERED TO GRANT LICENSES FOR EXPORT BY LAND OR RIVER TO ANY PLACE BEYOND THE FRONTIER OF BRITISH INDIA.

(RULE 18).

1 Officers.	2 Place.	3 Conditions.
(1) A Secretary to the Government of :— (a) Madras. (b) Bombay. (c) Bengal.	Any Native State ...	For the export of ammunition intended solely for the use of a public railway or other public work.
(2) The Commissioner of Police in Madras.	Any of the French Settlements in the Madras Presidency.	To persons who would be exempted in British India from the ordinary prohibition of the Arms Act and subject to the following conditions, so far as those conditions apply to the circumstances of the case :— (a) The consignment for export must consist only of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for personal use. (b) The consignee must belong to one of the classes of persons mentioned in schedule I of these rules. (c) The Commissioner will keep a list of such licenses.
(3) The Commissioner of Police in :— (a) Madras. (b) Bombay.	Any Native State ...	Subject to the conditions specified below, namely, — (a) The consignment for export must consist only of arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities and for personal use. (b) The consignee must belong to one of the classes of persons mentioned in schedule I of these rules. (c) The Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner will keep a list of such licenses. (d) No such officer may grant a license for the export to a Native State of any arms of the kind specified in Rule 8, sub-rule (1) (a) and (b) as modified by clause (2), unless such arms have been lawfully imported into British India, and are required for the personal use of persons of the classes mentioned in Schedule I of these Rules.
(5) The District Magistrate of Malabar.	Mahé ...	.....
(6) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.	Portuguese India ...	.....
(7) (a) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George.	Pondicherry and the other French Settlements in the Madras Presidency.	.....
(b) The Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal.	Chandernagore ...	.....

SCHEDULE VI—contd.

1 Officers.	2 Place.	3 Conditions.
(8) The District Magistrate of Meerut.	Any Native State ...	For the export of ammunition only to Native States ; and for the export of arms and ammunition to Kurram, Chitral and Waziristan, subject to the following conditions :—
(9) The District Magistrate of Meerut.	Kurram, Chitral and Waziristan.	<p>(a) The consignment for export must consist only of sporting ammunition only of sporting arms and ammunition in reasonable quantities for the personal use of the consignee.</p> <p>(b) The consignee must belong to one of the classes of persons mentioned in schedule I of these rules.</p> <p>(c) The Magistrate should keep a list of all licenses issued by him.</p> <p>(d) Copies of licenses covering consignments to States in Central India or Rajputana should be sent to the Agents to the Governor General in Central India and Rajputana, respectively. In the case of Chitral, when the ammunition is to be exported <i>via</i> Peshawar, the Magistrate should send a copy of the license to the Political Agent for Dir, Swat and Chitral for communication, when necessary, to the Assistant Political Agent in Chitral. If the consignment is forwarded <i>via</i> Kashmir, a copy of the license should be sent to the Resident. In the case of Waziristan, the Magistrate should refer to the Political Agent, Tochi, or the Political Agent, Wana, according as the consignment is for Tochi or for elsewhere in Waziristan.</p>
(10) The District Magistrate of Rawalpindi.	Kashmir ...	<p>Subject to the following conditions :—</p> <p>(a) The consignment for export must consist only of sporting ammunition in reasonable quantities for the personal use of the consignee.</p> <p>(b) The consignee must belong to one of the classes of persons mentioned in Schedule I of these rules.</p> <p>(c) The Magistrate should keep a list of all licenses issued by him.</p>
(11) (a) The Residents in :— (1) Hyderabad, (2) Mysore, (3) Baroda, (4) Nepal and (5) Kashmir.	Native States or territory under their political charge.	<p>(a) no license shall be granted for the export of—</p> <p>(i) cannon ; or</p> <p>(ii) military stores of any kind other than sulphur ; or</p> <p>(iii) save as hereinafter provided, rifles of the '303 or of '450 bore ; or</p> <p>(iv) save as hereinafter provided, ball ammunition which can be fired from rifles of the bores specified in sub-head (iii)</p>
(b) The Agents to the Governor General in :— (1) Baluchistan, (2) North-West Frontier Province.		(b) licenses for the export of rifles of the bores there specified may be granted to persons of the classes mentioned in Schedule I, subject to the condition that the rifles have been lawfully imported into British India ;
(c) All Political Officers in :— (1) Rajputana and (2) Central India.		(c) licenses for the export of cartridges of the nature there specified may be granted to persons of the classes mentioned in schedule I subject to the conditions that the number of such cartridges does not exceed two hundred in any one year and that they are for the personal use of the licensees.

SCHEDULE VI—concluded.

1 Officers.	2 Place.	3 Conditions.
(d) The Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.	Native States or territory under their political charge.	
(e) The Commissioner in Sind.		
(f) The Political Agents in :—		
(1) Kathiawar, (2) Kolhapur, (3) the Southern Maratha Country, (4) Kutch, (5) Rewa Kantha, (6) Mahi Kantha and (7) Savantvadi.		
(g) The Political Superintendent, Palanpur.		
(h) All Political Officers in the Punjab.		
(i) The Political Agent in Hill Tippera.		
(j) The Political Agent, Orissa Feudatory States.		
(k) The Commissioner of Chota Nagpur.		
(l) The Resident in Travancore and Cochin.		
(m) The Political Agents for :—		
(1) Pudukota, (2) Banganapalle and (3) Sandur.		
(n) The Political Agents in :—		
(1) Quetta-Pishin, (2) Sibi and (3) Kalat.		
(o) The Collectors and Political Agents :—		
(1) Surat, (2) Satara, (3) Thana, (4) Kolaba, (5) Dharwar, (6) Kaira, (7) Sholapur, (8) Poona, (9) Nasik, (10) Bijapur and (11) Sukkur.		
(p) The Political Agent in Manipur.		
(q) The Deputy Commissioner in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills.		
(r) The Political Officer in Sikkim, Gangtok.		
(s) All Political Agents and Deputy Commissioners in the North-West Frontier Province.		
(12) The Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.	Any place within the political Jurisdiction of His Britannic Majesty's Consul General and Agent of the Government of India in Khorasan or of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Seistan and Kain, or of His Britannic Majesty's Consul at Turbat-i-Haidari.	

SCHEDULE VII.

[RULES 35 AND 39.]

FORM No. I.

[RULES 6, 21 AND 25.]

License for the ^{import}~~transport~~ of cannon, articles designed for torpedo service, war-rockets or ^{possession}~~possession~~ machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.

Name, description, and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	Description, with specification of calibre of cannon or other articles.	Number of articles.	COLUMNS TO BE FILLED UP IN CASES OF IMPORT OR TRANSPORT			Period for which the license is valid.	Use to which the articles are to be put.
				Place of despatch and route.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.		
							From the _____ to the _____ _____ 19 .	

The _____ of _____ { Date on which, in cases of import or transport a copy is sent to the _____
19 . { Commissioner of Police _____
Magistrate of the _____ district.

Seal.

(Signature.)

Secy. to the Govt. of India,

Home
Foreign Department.

The _____ of _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.
2. In cases of import or transport—
 - (a) bulk shall not be broken before the articles reach the place of destination; and
 - (b) the articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.
3. In cases of import by land or river or of transport, an account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.
4. In cases of transport by rail, each package shall be marked with the word "Cannon", or as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

FORM No. II.

[RULES 9 AND 10.]

(a) where granted under rule 9 (1) (d), FREE OF ALL FEE.
(b) where granted under rule 10, ONE RUPEE IN STAMPS; or
(c) in any other case, TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Purpose for which required.	Value of the firearms per piece.	Place where articles are to be deposited or to which they are to be despatched.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.				
									From the _____ to the _____ _____ 19__

The _____ of _____ } Seal.

_____ 19 .

Commissioner of Police,
Magistrate of the _____ district
Secy. to the Govt. of Madras.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.
2. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.
3. The articles shall be either—
 - (a) deposited, at Aden in such Government ware-house as the Resident may from time to time appoint in this behalf, and elsewhere in a ware-house—
 - (i) appointed under section 15 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), or
 - (ii) licensed under section 16 of the said Act and sanctioned under section 7 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, or
 - (b) forthwith despatched to their place of destination under a separate license, where such place is situated outside the port of import, for transport or export by land.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM NO. III.

[RULE 11.]

FEE—

- (a) where granted under rule 11 (1) FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS;
 (b) where granted under rule 11 (2) FREE OF ALL FEE.

License for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores by land or river, otherwise than into Ajmer-Merwara.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____ _____
										to the _____ _____ 19 .

(Signature.)



Commissioner of Police, _____
 Magistrate of the _____ district,
 Political Agent for the _____ State.

The _____ of _____ 19 .
 { Date on which a copy is sent to the
 Political Agent for the _____ State [rule 11 (3)].
 Magistrate of the _____ district [rule 11 (4)].
 Station Master at the _____ Station [rule 11 (5)].

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.
2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.
3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM No. IV.

[RULE 12.]

FEE—

FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores into Ajmer-Merwara.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____
										to the _____
										_____ 19 .

(Signature.)

*Secy. to the Govt. of India, Foreign Dept.**Officer specially empowered under rule 12 (1)(c).*

The _____ of _____ 19 .

{ Date on which a copy is sent to the
Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara [r. 12 (2)].
Station Master at the _____ Railway Station [r. 12 (3)].

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions, of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

[RULE 16.]

License for the export by sea of arms, ammunition or military stores from the port
of _____ to the port of _____.

Conditions.

2. Where the consignment is to be despatched to an Indian port the license shall not be valid for export to any port other than that entered in column 7.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM No. VI.

[RULE 17.]

FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License for the export by sea of arms (other than cannon or rifles falling within the restriction imposed by rule 15), ammunition or military stores from the port of _____ to the port of _____.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____
										to the _____
										_____ 19

(Signature.)

The _____ 19 .

*Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Dept.
Officer specially empowered under rule 17.*

Conditions.

This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken, or the consignment stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM No. VII.

[RULE 18.]

FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS unless remitted or reduced under rule 39 (5).

License for the export by land or river of—

{	arms, ammunition or military stores to	in the
	State.	
	arms (other than cannon), ammunition or military stores	
	out of the district of Ajmer-Merwara.	
	arms (other than cannon), ammunition or military	
	stores to the	State in the political charge
	of the Government of	

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Num-ber of pack-ages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		De-scrip-tion.	Num-ber.	De-scrip-tion.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____
										to the _____
										_____ 19 .

The _____ of _____
 _____ 19 . { Date on which the consent of the
 Political Agent for the _____ State
 Commissioner of Police. _____
 Magistrate of the _____ District
 is obtained [r. 33 (r)].

(Signature.)

The _____ of _____
 _____ 19 . { Date on which a copy is sent to the
 Political Agent for the _____ State [r. 18 (3)]
 Magistrate of the _____ District [r. 18 (4)]
 Commissioner of Police. _____ [r. 18 (5) (a)]
 Magistrate of the _____ District [r. 18 (5) (b)]
 Station master at the _____ Ry. Station [r. 18 (6).]

Secy. to the Govt. of India, Foreign Dept.
 Officer specially empowered under rule 18.
 Secy. to the Govt. of _____
 Chief Commissioner.

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.
2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped before the articles reach the place of destination.
3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM No. VIII.

[RULE 22.]

FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS.

License for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any) authorized for the purpose of this consignment.	Licensee's place of business, if any.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
			Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.				
										From the _____ to the _____ _____ 19 .

The _____ of _____ 19 . { Date on which the consent of the
Commissioner of Police, _____
Magistrate of the _____ District
is obtained [r. 33 (1)].

(Signature.)

The _____ of _____ 19 . { Date on which a copy is sent to
Comr. of Police, _____ [r. 22 (2)(a)]
Magte. of the _____ Dist. [r. 22 (2)(b)],
Magistrate at _____ [r. 22 (3)].

Seal.

Commissioner of Police,
Magistrate of the _____ district.

Resident
Assistant Resident in Baroda.

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7; and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon; and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the railway authorities.

4. The articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*

FORM No. X.

[RULE 32 (2).]

FREE OF ALL FEE.

General license to transport blasting material, applicable only to dealers in explosives, contractors, and mining-agents.

A general license is hereby granted to _____ to transport from _____ to _____ *

_____ ordered by the consignee in good faith for blasting purposes.

This license shall continue in force till the _____ 19 .

(Signature.)

The _____ of _____ 19 . { Date on which the consent of the
Commissioner of Police _____
Magistrate of the _____ district
is obtained [r. 33 (1)].



Commissioner of Police, _____
Magistrate of the _____ district.

The _____ 19 .

* Here enter nature and quantity of explosive material to be transported.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. The license shall cover only the nature and quantity of explosive material entered therein.

3. Bulk shall not be broken before the material reaches the place of destination; nor shall the material be taken from or to any place other than the places specified in the license.

4. The licensee and the consignee shall take out licenses for the possession of explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884).

5. The rules to regulate the manner of transport of explosives published with the Notification of Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, no. 4555-4, dated the 31st May 1907, shall be duly observed.

6. Within twenty-four hours of the despatch of each consignment full information regarding the nature, quantity and place of destination thereof shall be furnished by the licensee to the authority granting the license and also—

(a) where the material is consigned to a Presidency-town, to the Commissioner of Police, or

(b) where it is consigned to any other place, the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated.

7. The licensee shall, with each consignment of material conveyed by cart under cover of his license, issue a pass in the form appended hereto, specifying the places from and to which the material is to be conveyed and the quantity of the material covered by it.

Pass.

[Condition 7.]

Pass to be granted by the holder of general license no. _____ for the transport by cart of blasting material.

No.

This pass covers _____ packages containing _____ * of _____ †, being the property of _____, while in transport from _____ to _____.

Signature of holder of general license no. _____

[Endorsement on Form of Pass.]

(8). The person in charge of any cart containing explosive material transported under a license shall not smoke or permit smoking on or dangerously near such cart.

* Here enter quantity of material.

† Here enter nature of material.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*FORM No. XI—*contd.**Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. He shall maintain registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the local Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or "Licensed to deal in) arms, ammunition and military stores," as the case may be.

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form nos. XVI, XVII, XVIII or XIX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the local Government for such person and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a native officer, non-commissioned officer and soldier of the Indian Army unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores or, unless he is specially authorized in this behalf by the local Government, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition,—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores," mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

10. Where the license is granted in and for any local area in Eastern Bengal and Assam the licensee shall not sell arms or ammunition, without a special permit from a Magistrate, to any member of a hill-tribe to which the local Government may from time to time by notification apply this condition.

11. (1) Where the license is granted in and for any local area in Burma, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or to the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) Any Government official exempted under section 27 from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any person whose name is included in a list compiled by the Magistrate of the district for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

12. (1) Where the license is granted in and for any local area in the North-West Frontier Province, or the Dera Ghazi Khan district or the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district of the Punjab, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or for the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) any person who is exempted under any of the articles (1) to (5), (9), (13), (14) or article (18) sub-head (d), of the table appended to schedule I, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any villagers residing in the North-West Frontier Province and exempted under articles (22) and (23) of the table appended to schedule I from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections, 13, 14, and 15 of the Act,

FORM No. XI—concluded.

13. Save where the local Government directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

License to keep and sell arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles.)

Serial number of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which the license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition or military stores.	
					<i>In Burma —</i> The 31st March, 19
					<i>Elsewhere —</i> The 31st December, 19

The _____ 19 . (Seal.) Commissioner of Police,
Magistrate of the _____ district.

[illegible]

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*FORM No. XII—*concluded.**Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. He shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock and of all sales, in such form as the local Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his register on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector or, if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English or in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form no. XVI, XVII, XVIII or XIX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the local Government for such person and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a native officer, non-commissioned officer and soldier of the Indian army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores or, unless he is specially authorized in this behalf by the local Government, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

10. Where the license is granted in and for any local area in Eastern Bengal and Assam, the licensee shall not sell arms or ammunition, without a special permit from a Magistrate, to any member of a hill-tribe to which the Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time by notification, apply this condition.

11. (1) Where the license is granted in and for any local area in Burma, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell any arms, ammunition or military stores to or to the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) any Government official exempted under section 27 from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the district for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

12. (1) Where the license is granted in and for any local area in the North-West Frontier Province, or the Dera Ghazi Khan district or the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district of the Punjab, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or to the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) any person who is exempted under any of the articles (1) to (5), (9), (13), (14), or article (18) sub-head (d), of the table appended to schedule I from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any villagers residing in the North-West Frontier Province and exempted under articles (22) and (23) of the table attached to schedule I from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13, 14 and 15 of the Act,

(c) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the district for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

13. Save where the local Government directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*FORM No. XIII—*concluded.**Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. He shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the local Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters in English or in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "Licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form XVI, XVII, XVIII or XIX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the article sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles, elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition,—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a native officer, non-commissioned officer and soldier of the Indian army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. (1) Where the license is granted in and for any local area in Burma or in the North-West Frontier Province, or the Dera Ghazi Khan district or the Isa Khel Tahsil of the Mianwali district of the Punjab, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) any person who is exempted under section 27 of the Act from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the district for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

10. Save where the local Government directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

SCHEDULE—VII—*contd.*FORM No. XIV—*concluded.**Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. He shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock and of all sales, in such form as the local Government may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his register on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector or, if the local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "Licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the district.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in any of the Form nos. XVI, XVII, XVIII or XIX—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and amount of the article sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition,—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a native officer, non-commissioned officer and soldier of the Indian army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. (1) When the license is granted in and for any local area in Burma or in the North-West Frontier Province, or the Dera Ghazi Khan district or the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district of the Punjab, the licensee shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the district in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or to the use of—

(a) any person who is exempted under section 27 of the Act, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16, or

(b) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the district for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

10. Save where the local Government directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition, or military stores covered by the license.

- (a) "Government arm" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and
- (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*FORM No. XVI—*concluded.**Conditions.*

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), and the Indian Arms Rules, 1909.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition described, therein and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. Save where it is countersigned in the manner provided by rule 27, sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3), it extends only to the district or place specified therein.

4. The licensee or any retainer acting under this license shall not go armed with any arms covered thereby otherwise than in good faith for the purpose of ^{sport} protection; and, save display where he is specially authorized in this behalf—

(in any Presidency Town or Rangoon) by the Commissioner of Police,

(in any other place) by the Magistrate of the District,

he shall not take any such arms into a railway carriage or to a fair, religious procession or other public assemblage.

5. The licensee, at the time of purchasing any new arms or ammunition, shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature, namely :—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased; and

(c) the date of purchase.

6. He shall not purchase ammunition in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the local Government.

7. Save where the local Government directs the omission of this condition, he shall forthwith give information at the nearest police station of the loss or theft of any arms covered by the license.

8. He shall not possess Government arms and ammunition.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition,—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

NOTE.—In Burma, condition 8 may be cancelled by the authority granting the license if empowered to do so by the local Government, and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is authorised to possess.

9. Where the license is granted for the purpose of sport, the licensee or any retainer acting under the license shall observe such close season as may be prescribed by the local Government in respect of the game-birds and animals hereinafter set forth below.

SCHEDULE VII—*contd.*FORM No. XVII—*concluded.*

Explanation.—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arm" means a firearm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to Government.

NOTE.—In Burma, condition 5 may be cancelled by the authority granting the license, if empowered to do so by the local Government and an endorsement added showing the Government arms and ammunition which the licensee is entitled to possess.

6. He shall not purchase ammunition in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the local Government.

7. Without prejudice to the voidance of this license for breach of any of the foregoing conditions, it shall be void if—

(a) the licensee dies, or

(b) any weapon covered thereby—

(i) is sold, or

(ii) is attached in execution of a decree.

FORM No. XVIII.

[RULE 29.]

FREE OF ALL FEE.

License for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed, for the destruction of wild animals doing injury to crops or cattle.

Name, description and residence of licensee.	Name and description of any member of the licensee's family, or servant employed to watch crops or cattle, residing with him, by whom the arms covered by this license may be also used.	ARMS AND AMMUNITION.		Place or tract within which the license is valid.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Quantity.		
					From _____ To _____

The

Magistrate of the _____